

JONQUIL PREPARATORY ACADEMY

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Parent and Student Handbook 2026-2027

A public school academy managed by
National Heritage Academies, Inc.



Parent and Student Handbook

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Board of Directors

Logan Leslie, President
Marie Davis, Vice President
TBD, Secretary
Shaney Lokken, Treasurer
Isis Anderson, Director
Nana Boone, Director

Board meetings are open to the public and meeting dates and times are posted at the school.

Administrative Staff

Dr. Landon Brown, Principal

School Poem: A Return to Love

Our deepest fear is not that we are inadequate. Our deepest fear is that we are powerful beyond measure. It is our light, not our darkness, that most frightens us.

We ask ourselves, “Who am I to be brilliant, gorgeous, talented, fabulous?” Actually, who are you not to be? Your playing small does not serve the world.

There is nothing enlightening about shrinking so that other people won’t feel insecure around you. We are all meant to shine the glory that is within us. It is not just in some of us; it is in everyone.

As we let our own light shine, we consciously give other people permission to do the same.

As we are liberated from our own fears, our presence automatically liberates others.

Student Creed

TBD

School Mission

Jonquil Preparatory Academy is a community partnership which provides an engaging, Scholar-centered environment and rigorous, relevant curriculum that promotes the development of critical thinking skills. Our graduates will be well-rounded world citizens who are academically prepared to meet the challenges and opportunities of the future.

National Heritage Academies

National Heritage Academies is a network of public charter schools serving families and students in multiple states. Our early childhood, elementary, middle school, and high school programs are designed to put children on a solid path to success in high school, college, and beyond. As a network, all National Heritage Academies schools share a common vision, while each individual school enjoys the flexibility of tailoring their program to meet the needs of their specific community.

NHA’s Parent Relations Department provides guidance to parents and the school in resolving concerns. Once the classroom teacher, dean, and/or principal have been contacted regarding your concern, you may also reach out to the Parent Relations team to discuss any additional needs.

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Parent Relations Contact Information:

Phone: (877) 642-7471 (Monday–Friday; 8:00 a.m.–4:30 p.m.)

Email: ParentRelations@nhaschools.com

National Heritage Academies
3850 Broadmoor Avenue
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49512
www.nhaschools.com

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, all policies and procedures will comply with Federal and State applicable laws.

Our Purpose, Vision, and Philosophy

Purpose and Vision

Working in partnership with parents and the community, the school's purpose is to challenge each child to achieve. We offer a challenging, character-based education through a rigorous curriculum with high academic and social expectations with the vision to better educate more children.

Educational Philosophy

The educational philosophy is based on the principles set forth in *Effective Schools Research* developed by Professor Ronald R. Edmonds. *Effective Schools Research* recommends research-based school attributes that are associated with quantifiably improved student learning.

In his book *What Works in Schools*, Robert J. Marzano translates these principles into the following factors:

School-Level Factors:

- A guaranteed and viable curriculum
- Challenging goals and effective feedback
- Parent and community involvement
- A safe and orderly environment
- Collegiality and professionalism

Teacher-Level Factors:

- Instructional strategies
- Classroom management
- Classroom curriculum design

Student-Level Factors:

- Home environment
- Learned intelligence and background knowledge
- Student motivation

The school employs a continuous improvement model that focuses on principles and practices that are simple and supported by research.

The school supports its researched based approach to education by including the following practices in its daily operation of the school:

College Readiness: The school's focus on a liberal arts education provides the academic foundation necessary to succeed in an increasingly global and competitive society. In grade school, the vast majority of time is spent on mastering the core subjects of English, history, mathematics, reading, and science. Furthermore, the school's first priority is to bring students up to grade level in reading and math, so they will be able to master other subjects as well. In all grades, at least twice as much time is spent on language arts and mathematics than on other academic subjects.

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Longer School Day: School days are approximately seven hours long, which is longer than most traditional public schools. This includes at least six hours of instructional time.

Structured Discipline: Students are expected to follow a clearly defined and structured discipline program. This program encourages personal responsibility and respect for others. As a result, students who have had behavior problems at other schools are often drawn back into a positive learning environment.

Moral Focus™ Program: Part of the school's purpose is to instill a strong moral identity in each of our students. The Moral Focus™ curriculum comprehensively identifies the skills, behaviors, and virtues students will need for character growth and development to prepare them for success, both academically and throughout their lives. The curriculum includes explicit and integrated instruction around three key components of character to provide students with a strong foundation for leading an ethical life. The Moral Focus™ program is an essential part of every student's education.

Parental Involvement: Research indicates that a leading predictor of student success is parental involvement; therefore, parents are included in many aspects of the education program. The school governance structure relies on significant parental input and cultivates a close working partnership between staff members and parents. In addition, parents are asked to volunteer by participating in playground activities, becoming a member of school committees, or helping in the classroom, library, or office. To encourage involvement, parents sign a "School-Parent Compact" upon their child's enrollment, committing to active involvement in the school.

American Heritage: It is appropriate to demonstrate a great deal of both pride in the history of the United States and gratitude for our unique roots and founding by gifted men and women.

The Four Pillars of NHA

Academic Excellence

National Heritage Academies has invested significant financial resources in the development of a strong academic program that provides students with an excellent academic foundation. In partnership with NHA, we have carefully selected the finest curriculum to be used by our teaching staff in order to accomplish our purpose. All of our curriculum meets or exceeds the state educational standards.

Moral Focus™

We believe that a strong moral identity is foundational to student success. It is our goal to not only support the virtues parents try to instill at home, but to explicitly teach students the skills, behaviors, and virtues necessary for leading an ethical life. NHA's nine monthly virtues are Wisdom, Respect, Gratitude, Self-control, Perseverance, Courage, Encouragement, Compassion, and Integrity. Students will learn to internalize these virtues through the intentional and consistent focus on the application of Moral Focus™ concepts throughout all aspects of school life. This integration is essential for students to learn the importance of developing and maintaining strong personal character and to create a learning environment built on a foundation of respect and care where everyone works hard to achieve academic goals and improve school culture. The Moral Focus™ program is an essential part of every student's education.

Student Responsibility

In addition to preparing our students for academic success, we seek to develop a strong sense of responsibility in each child. We want students to take personal ownership of their success or failure, regardless of their background or previous experiences. This includes sound decision-making, an ability that is becoming critical in our ever-changing, complex world. Students must meet high expectations both academically and behaviorally. Our teachers work with students and parents to promote the responsibility necessary for success both in and out of school.

Parental Partnership

A successful learning experience would not be possible without the partnership and dedication of our students' parents. Parental participation in each school's program is solicited and highly encouraged. Our parents are involved on leadership committees, in the classroom, and in the details that make a school function effectively. NHA parents know they are always welcome and that they are a key to the success of every NHA student.

NHA believes that open communication between school and home improves the quality of the educational experience. Every marking period, parents receive detailed written reports of student performance and accomplishments. These reports are coupled with fall and spring parent-teacher conferences. The reports and conferences include interpretation of internal and external measures of assessment. Teachers and parents may also schedule additional meetings.

At all other times throughout the year, parents can use NHA's Secure School Website via the Internet to view their child's grades and progress. This web-based information center provides parents with both classroom information and student academic data. The Secure School Website promotes the increased accountability of all participants in the educational process—teachers, students, and parents.

Academic Excellence: Curriculum

The school uses the National Heritage Academies (NHA) curriculum, a rigorous and challenging curriculum uniquely designed to prepare them for high academic achievement in successive schooling environments. Our goal is to graduate students who have not only had the opportunity to experience academic excellence but have also acquired the knowledge and skills necessary to thrive in high school and beyond.

English Language Arts

The NHA English Language Arts curriculum, aligned with the English Language Arts Georgia Standards of Excellence, provides students with the knowledge, skills, and strategies necessary for success in listening, reading, speaking, viewing, and writing. Early reading instruction focuses on the building blocks of reading—phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary, comprehension, and fluency. These building blocks lay the foundation for the intellectual processes necessary for students to remember, understand, analyze, evaluate, and apply the ideas they encounter while reading.

Mathematics

To provide students with the mathematical skills they will need in everyday life as well as in the rigors of high school and post-high school mathematics, NHA has developed a strong mathematics curriculum, aligned with the Common Core State Standards, that emphasizes communicating, computational and procedural skills, making connections, reasoning and proofing, problem solving, and using representations. Students learn to represent and communicate ideas through graphs, mathematical terms, models, signs, symbols, and writing.

Science

NHA has developed an engaging science curriculum that encourages students to participate actively in scientific inquiry while developing scientific literacy. When participating in inquiry, students describe objects and events, ask questions, construct explanations, test those explanations against current scientific knowledge, and communicate their ideas to others. Students' scientific knowledge is developed in the areas of The Nature of Science, The Living Environment, Physical Science, and Earth and Space Science.

Social Studies

NHA's Social Studies curriculum includes the examination of historical documents, so students can demonstrate their understanding of the major themes, developments, and turning points in our nation. The curriculum is strong in the study of National and World Geography. We build a strong knowledge of economic principles, so students understand the impact of economic forces both internationally and personally in their daily lives. Additionally, the curriculum is comparative in examination of world cultures. This creates a point of reference by which students compare the freedoms of American life with non-democratic societies both historically and currently. Our students are reminded of the rights and liberties they enjoy and the due reason to participate in and protect those liberties.

Art

Art classes allow students to explore the many different aspects of art while acquiring an understanding of the significant role art has played in the expression of ideas throughout history. Hands-on art projects help develop student creativity and self-expression and are frequently related to current classroom topics.

Music

Students are exposed to a wide variety of music education and many periods of music during their classes. Basic music concepts such as beat, rhythm, fast/slow, high/low, and music notation are taught from kindergarten through 8th grade. Students also spend time developing an appreciation for different genres of music and their great composers. All concepts are introduced in kindergarten and further developed in each subsequent grade level.

Foreign Language

Foreign Language is taught with an emphasis on the basics. Classes serve both to introduce and to teach the new target language and to reinforce and clarify English. Both grammar and culture are seen as essential to providing a complete foreign language experience.

Physical Education

Physical Education is a sequence of developmental experiences in which students learn through movement. Students work on individual skill development and learn about teamwork and the importance of sportsmanship. In addition, they are given the opportunity to develop a positive attitude toward life-long physical activity.

Library and Educational Technology

The technology education program at our school equips students with digital literacy skills needed to be productive, safe, and life-long digital learners. The K-12 technology curriculum scaffolds student learning of technology from foundational computer skills to computational thinking and design theory. Our NHA Technology Standards (2023) are derived from the national technology standards for students published by the International Society for Technology in Education (ISTE) and the state technology standards. Online safety, digital citizenship and cyberbullying awareness and prevention is taught annually in compliance with the Children's Internet Protection Act (CIPA).

The library program at our school is designed to expose students to a wide variety of classic and contemporary literature, instill a life-long love of reading, and develop information literacy skills. The library collections contain specific titles that support the curriculum and provide students with a variety of high-quality literature. Our library program uses the NHA Library Standards (2018) based on the expectation for students in the Information Literacy Standards developed by the American Association of School Librarians (AASL).

Moral Focus™

We believe it is imperative to equip students with both the moral and academic foundations necessary to interact successfully in today's society. Our Moral Focus™ Program is centered on the study of 9 Virtues: Wisdom, Respect, Gratitude, Self-control, Perseverance, Courage, Encouragement, Compassion, & Integrity. Virtues are fundamental to a great education, and great schools place equal importance on developing the heart and mind of students.

Monthly Virtues		
September – WISDOM	October – RESPECT	November - GRATITUDE
December – SELF-CONTROL	January – PERSEVERANCE	February - COURAGE
March – ENCOURAGEMENT	April – COMPASSION	May - INTEGRITY

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Character is defined by which virtues our students determine are important to their lives and there are certain necessary steps to acquire or strengthen those virtues. Our Moral Focus™ Program is structured around a clearly defined process for teaching and learning virtues. That process outlines those steps, allowing teachers to intentionally guide students through the process of teaching virtues. They provide them with the opportunity to learn virtues in a way that will not only affect their mind but change their heart.

- **Step 1:** Introduction - Define the virtue
 - Students learn to name the virtue and simply define it in terms they understand as a foundation for their journey. (focus for the 1st week of each month)
- **Step 2:** Connection - Understand the importance of the virtue to create personal meaning and value
 - Students learn to describe the value & meaning of a virtue. A necessary step that motivates them to put forth the effort to put virtue into action. (focus for the 2nd week of each month)
- **Step 3:** Reflection - Recognize the positive impact the virtue has and know exactly how to display it
 - Students learn what it looks like and sounds like through intentional modeling and careful study, allowing them to recognize it in others. (focus for the 3rd week of each month)
- **Step 4:** Application - Find ways to display the virtue and be intentional about practicing it
 - Students are given regular opportunities to practice virtues. Practice is the key to virtues becoming a learned behavior or habit. (focus for the 4th week of each month)

To support the Moral Focus™ program, time is dedicated each day to the teaching of Moral Focus™ virtues. The 4 steps of the process described above form the core of Moral Focus™ instruction. Each month is broken down into 4 weeks of instruction that correspond to the 4 steps for teaching virtues. Each grade bases instruction on a definition of each virtue designed for their grade level. The definitions scaffold in complexity from grade to grade, allowing students to deepen their understanding and extend their ability to display each virtue.

This comprehensive approach provides students with a strong foundation for leading a moral life. Students will learn to internalize these virtues through the intentional and consistent focus on the application of Moral Focus™ concepts throughout all aspects of school life. This integration is essential for students to learn the importance of developing and maintaining a strong personal character and the qualities necessary for success as both a student and a citizen. Additionally, all students are given the opportunity to participate in service-learning projects.

Academic Excellence: Achievement

Supporting our vision *to better educate more children*, the school has implemented grading practices that best match the needs of our students, parents, and teachers, with the ultimate goal of supporting high-quality learning for all students.

Teachers utilize the myNHA gradebook application to track students' academic performance on identified learning goals, with the ultimate goal of ensuring high levels of learning and proficiency on state accountability tests.

We encourage you to speak with your child's teacher or talk with a member of the school's leadership team if you have questions or would like more detailed information related to the school's grading practices.

Academic Recognition

At the end of each term, special recognition is given to those students in grades K-8 who have achieved excellence in their academic progress as well as in the Moral Focus™. Students are given awards based on their individual accomplishments during the previous quarter.

Summa Cum Laude (with highest honor): 4.00 average

Magna Cum Laude (with high honor): 3.50 – 3.99 average

Cum Laude (with honor): 3.00 – 3.49 average

Student Grade Placement, Acceleration, Promotion, or Retention

The principal is authorized to make initial grade placement of a student and to promote, accelerate or retain students after initial grade placement. After initial grade placement, a student is expected to progress through the grades one year in each grade receiving the benefits of academic, social and physical growth usually accompanied with a full year of development. On occasion, it may be in the best interest of the student to have a new grade placement, be accelerated more than one grade, or be retained in the current grade. In this event, supporting documentation with interventions already offered to the student will be provided by the school. If a student's parent or teacher believes one of these grade changes should be considered, a written request for consideration should be provided to the principal, including the reasons for such consideration. The final decision regarding placement, acceleration, promotion, or retention of a student rests solely with the principal.

The principal shall consider the following non-exhaustive list of factors when making such decisions:

1. The education record of the student, including but not limited to a student's grades, standardized test scores, reading, speaking and math skills, the curriculum of each grade, the available teacher(s) skill(s) delivering the instruction, and available programs.
2. Attendance
3. Discipline
4. The physical, social and emotional readiness of the student for the curriculum of each grade.
5. The recommendation of the student's parents and teachers.
6. The Promotion Requirements described below.
7. The applicable laws governing these decisions.

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Promotion Requirements for Grades 3, 5, and 8

In addition to the standards and criteria described above, promotion of a student shall be determined as follows:

1. No third-grade student shall be promoted to the fourth grade if the student does not receive a grade level reading determination of "On/Above Grade Level" on the state adopted assessment.
2. No fifth-grade student shall be promoted to the sixth grade if the student does not receive a grade level reading determination of "On/Above Grade Level" on the state adopted assessment and attain an achievement level of "Developing Learner," "Proficient Learner," or "Distinguished Learner" on the math section of the state adopted assessment.
3. No eighth-grade student shall be promoted to the ninth grade if the student does not receive a grade level reading determination of "On/Above Grade Level" on the state adopted assessment and attain an achievement level of "Developing Learner," "Proficient Learner," or "Distinguished Learner" on the math section of the state adopted assessment.

Any student who does not perform at grade level on the state adopted assessment as described above the first time the student takes the state adopted assessment will be retested a second time. The student shall be given an opportunity for accelerated, differentiated, or additional instruction in the applicable subject(s) prior to the retesting.

The principal may still, in his sole discretion, decide to retain a student who meets the Promotion Requirements but for whom an analysis of the factors listed above indicates that retention is in the student's best interests.

If a parent appeals the decision to retain the student, the school shall establish a placement committee to consider the appeal. For students receiving special education or related services, the Individualized Education Program Committee shall serve as the placement committee. The placement committee's decision to promote the student to the next grade level must be unanimous and must be based on a determination that if promoted and given accelerated, differentiated, or additional instruction during the next year, the student is likely to perform at grade level by the conclusion of the school year.

A plan for accelerated, differentiated, or additional instruction must be developed for each student who does not achieve grade level performance in grades 3, 5, or 8 on the state adopted assessment as described above whether the student is retained, placed, or promoted for the subsequent year.

The goal of placing, accelerating, promoting or retaining a student is to enhance the opportunity for the student to achieve learning goals, meet state and school performance expectations, and to be prepared for high school, college, and career plans.

English Learner Students

The retention of an English Learner (EL) student is a decision that is carefully considered by the building principal. The principal, in collaboration with the EL Coordinator, EL teacher, and Special Populations Team, should consider evidence related to the student's performance in each subject area when making this determination. An English Learner student may not be retained solely based on a lack of language skills, but may be retained for other factors.

Gifted Program

Jonquil Preparatory Academy's gifted program serves scholars who have been identified as gifted under the requirements outlined by the Georgia State Department of Education Rule 160-4-2-.38.

All gifted assessments at JPA adhere to the rules and regulations established by the Georgia Department of Education. Scholars are evaluated in four areas: mental abilities, achievement, creativity, and motivation. JPA may use any of the following nationally normed assessments: Iowa 7, Naglieri Nonverbal Ability Test, Torrance Tests of Creative Thinking, Gifted Evaluation Scale, The Cognitive Abilities Test and/or rating scales to determine eligibility. In the event that a scholar qualifies for evaluation, a letter seeking parental consent to test will be sent home.

Scholars who have been identified as gifted in other counties in the state of Georgia will be eligible to receive gifted services at Jonquil Preparatory Academy upon verification of gifted eligibility. However, there is currently no mandatory reciprocity with states and scholars who have been identified as gifted out of state are not automatically eligible to receive gifted services at Jonquil Preparatory Academy. Scores received from assessments administered out of state can be considered for identification if they are less than two years old.

Academic Excellence: Student Support Services and Special Education

It is the goal of the school to provide appropriate educational opportunities for all students.

It is the school's obligation to provide a free and appropriate public education (FAPE) to all students with suspected disabilities or disabilities, as defined under the Individual with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA") and state special education rules and regulations. For additional specifics regarding a student's special education rights, parents are encouraged to review the *Procedural Safeguards* that are available from a school administrator or special education provider.

Child Find

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act includes a Child Find Mandate. Child Find requires all school districts to locate, identify and evaluate all children with disabilities regardless of the severity of their disability. This obligation encompasses all children who are suspected of having a disability, including children receiving passing grades and "advancing from grade to grade..." A parent who suspects that their child may have a disability and is in need of special education and related services may initiate a free evaluation of their child by contacting the school principal and providing a written request for an evaluation under IDEA and/or Section 504. The school must take the parents request into consideration and provide a response consistent with State and Federal special education requirements. If the school does not suspect a disability, it may refuse to conduct an evaluation. If the school refuses, it must give the parent written notice explaining the reason(s) why it is declining to initiate an evaluation, what data the decision was based upon, and other factors considered. The parents then have the right, if they choose, to request a due process hearing to seek a ruling to conduct an evaluation.

Rehabilitation Act of 1973 - Section 504 (General Education)

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794, (sometimes referred to as "Section 504") prohibits discrimination against individuals with disabilities solely on the basis of their disability. If you have Section 504 questions, please contact the school's principal who has been designated as the Section 504 Coordinator. The Section 504 Coordinator is responsible for investigating and resolving complaints. In addition, any individual who desires information related to the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or the Americans with Disabilities Act, may contact the school's principal or the NHA Special Education Department at (616) 222-1700. The school does not discriminate against individuals seeking to access a program or service of the school based on disability. Where an individual desires to participate in a program or service and requires an accommodation(s) in order to do so, they should contact the school's principal to request an accommodation. In addition, if you suspect that your child has a disability which may qualify him/her for support under Section 504, you should contact the school's principal to begin the referral process. Upon initiation of the Section 504 referral process, parents will be provided with a copy of the Section 504 Procedural Safeguards and Parent/Student Rights which contains complaint and due process procedures.

Any student or parent ("grievant") may request an impartial hearing due to the school system's actions or inactions regarding your child's identification, evaluation, or educational placement under Section 504. Requests for an impartial hearing must be in writing to the school system's Section 504 Coordinator; however, a failure to request a

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hearing in writing does not alleviate the school system's obligation to provide an impartial hearing if the grievant orally requests an impartial hearing through the school system's Section 504 Coordinator. The school system's Section 504 Coordinator will assist the grievant in completing the written Request for Hearing. The Section 504 Coordinator may be contacted through the school system's central office. The Section 504 Coordinator will obtain an impartial review official. This official will not be an employee of the District or a school board member and will have knowledge of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

The Intervention Assistance Team

The Intervention Assistance Team (IAT) is a committee of school personnel set up by the principal to ensure ongoing and effective support for students and classroom teachers. Parents are informed if their child is being considered for referral to the IAT for behavioral and/or academic support. The IAT is a general education intervention process and team membership will generally include: a building administrator, the student's general education teacher, and a staff member knowledgeable in accommodations and interventions. Parents may also be invited to participate in this meeting. The team provides a forum to discuss student's academic and behavioral data and needs. In addition, the team generates, initiates, and monitors implementation of interventions designed to address the individual needs of the student. This includes use of the resources of the school, family, and the community. This process creates awareness and understanding of the issues affecting the student and their academic, behavioral, and functional performance. The IAT may serve as the pre-referral intervention-planning team for those "unidentified" students whose difficulties may suggest the presence of a disability. As appropriate, the IAT may refer a student to the Special Education team for formal assessment. Parents should be informed if the IAT is considering a referral of their student to the Special Education team. Prior to initiating a special education evaluation, written parental consent must be obtained. Information gathered through implementation of interventions identified by the IAT will be taken into consideration as a part of the special education evaluation along with progress monitoring and other data sources provided by the parent, educational staff, and others as deemed appropriate. The IAT's review of documentation of intervention strategies, the student's response (progress monitoring data), in addition to a referral for special education testing for a suspected disability, fulfills the Child Find requirement under IDEA and Georgia special education requirements.

Early Intervention Program

The Early Intervention Program (EIP), outlined in O.C.G.A. § 20-2-153 and State Board of Education Rule 160-4-2-.17, is designed to provide interventions for students who are at risk of not reaching or maintaining their academic grade level based on their performance on state or national assessments or performance measures in English Language Arts/Reading, Mathematics, or both in order to help them meet grade-level expectations within the shortest possible time. Early Intervention programming must include targeted, evidence-based interventions, frequent progress monitoring, and clear entrance and exit criteria based on grade level performance. It is not the intent of the program for students to be assigned to EIP on a continuing or permanent basis. During the 2021 legislative session, the Georgia General Assembly determined EIP required certain provisions that are necessary for the implementation of effective practices. Senate Bill 59 mandates schools and systems no longer waive provisions required in O.C.G.A. § 20-2-153 and State Board Rule 160-4-2-.17. Effective July 1, 2021, EIP requirements are no longer waivable. EIP requirements are mandatory for all Local Education Agencies (including systems with Charter or Strategic Waiver contracts) and locally approved charter schools. The following EIP instructional models outlined in state law and in SBOE rule

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are funded in FY24: 1. Self-contained 2. Pull-out 3. Class Augmentation 4. Reading Recovery 5. Innovative Instructional models that are no longer eligible for EIP funding can be locally funded using Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) I, ESSER II, and ESSER III (including learning loss) funds. ESSER funds do not have "supplement versus supplant" requirements. Guidelines within this document have been created to aid district and school personnel responsible for supporting the students in kindergarten through grade five who are identified as needing additional assistance through EIP.

Jonquil Preparatory Academy uses NWEA, mClass, and local numeracy assessments as screeners for scholars who may need intervention.

The Individual Education Program

The school will comply with the IDEA and state regulations and every student identified as having a disability will be provided an Individual Educational Program (IEP) designed to address their unique needs. All required components of the IEP will be addressed including but not limited to: a description of the student's present level of academic achievement and functional performance including disability related needs, goals and objectives, supplementary aids and services, program services, ancillary services, extended school year, etc. All students with disabilities are considered general education students first. Each IEP is designed to assure that eligible students receive a free appropriate public education (FAPE) and specially designed instruction delivered by highly qualified special education staff within the least restrictive environment (LRE). Prior to the opening of school and throughout the school year, registration forms are reviewed to identify students with current IEPs from previous schools attended. The parents are informed of their rights, procedures, and responsibilities under special education law. Decisions regarding an IEP are made by the IEP Team. This team has required participants which minimally includes, general and special education providers, administrators, and the parent(s).

The IDEA includes specific rights for parents of children with disabilities. This information is contained in the document commonly referred to as the Procedural Safeguards. We encourage parents to review this document carefully, so they are fully informed of their rights. Copies of this document are provided at a minimum of once per school year and can be obtained from your school office or by contacting the Georgia Department of Education.

Educational Placement of Students with Disabilities

The school is committed to educating students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment (LRE) in order to meet their educational needs as determined by the student's IEP Team. This means that to the maximum extent appropriate, children who are disabled are educated with children who are nondisabled and special classes, separate schooling or other removal of children with disabilities from the regular educational environment occurs only if the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.

In an effort to meet with the LRE requirements, the school must ensure that a continuum of placement options is available to students with disabilities, including: services provided within the general education classroom; pull-out services; special classes; home instruction; instruction in hospitals and institutions; and in unique circumstances, access to programs and services located in settings outside the school. Placement decisions are the determination of the Individualized Education Program Team (IEPT).

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Transfer Students:

In-State transfer: If a child with a disability (who had an IEP in effect in a previous public agency) transfers to a new school in the same state and enrolls in the new school within the same academic year, the public agency (in consultation with the child's parents) shall provide the child with a free appropriate public education, including services comparable to those described in the prior IEP, until the public agency adopts the prior IEP or develops, adopts, and implements a new IEP that is consistent with federal and state laws.

Out of State Transfer: If a child with a disability (who had an IEP in effect in a previous public agency) transfers to a new school in a different state and enrolls in the new school within the same academic year, the public agency (in consultation with the child's parents) shall provide such a child with a free appropriate public education, including services comparable to those described in the prior IEPs until the public agency conducts an evaluation, if determined to be necessary by the agency, and develops a new IEP, if appropriate, that is consistent with federal and state laws. The evaluation conducted is considered an initial evaluation as special education eligibility within the new state must be determined.

In order to comply with these transfer requirements, under certain circumstances the school may need to contract with another school/entity for the provision of educational services.

Multilingual Learner Identification and Services

The School will identify students learning English and deliver programming to ensure student success in accordance with SBOE Rule 160-4-6-.02. All students will be placed in a general education classroom and taught in English.

Upon enrollment at the School, all families will complete the state approved Home Language Questionnaire ("HLQ"), which is used to determine whether a language other than English is used in the home or by the student. If the parent indicates a non-English response, the EL Coordinator will review the HLQ responses with the parent to eliminate digital errors and the student will be assessed on English Language proficiency to determine eligibility for English Development ("ELD") services. Such students must be screened using the state approved WIDA Screener within 30 days of school starting, or 10 days of enrolling.

The results of the WIDA Screener are used to determine if the student should be identified as a Multilingual Learner ("ML") who is eligible for ELD services based on state determined thresholds, and the proficiency level scores are used to place the student into appropriate levels of program services. Parents are notified of their child's eligibility for services and their right to opt out of services. The school uses the state approved Parent Notification letter template text, and sends letters in the parent's preferred language, as indicated by the parent on the HLQ.

Upon identification, ML students are scheduled into regular program services with an English Language teacher. Students identified as Multilingual Learners are assessed annually for English proficiency, in accordance with federal expectations, using the state approved WIDA ACCESS or WIDA Alternate ACCESS.

Students who score below the state determined threshold for proficiency will continue to be offered language instruction until achieving a proficient score. Students who earn a proficient score will be exited from program services and monitored for four years, in alignment with E.S.S.A. recommendations. The results from the annual WIDA assessment, and either

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continued eligibility or exit from program services are communicated to the parent annually.

Students identified as ML have equal rights of access to all opportunities at the School, including but not limited to course offerings, clubs, sports, or other locally offered opportunities.

Parent Participation

Parents are important members of the school community and have the right to participate in all meetings involving the evaluation, identification, and educational placement of their student. Parents will be invited to participate and share information about their child prior to and during the IEPT meeting. Parents are encouraged to review the *Procedural Safeguards* so that they are fully informed of their rights.

Crisis Management: De-escalation, Isolation and Restraint of Student

The school is committed to maintaining a safe learning environment for all students, staff, and visitors. It is the policy of our school to only utilize approved physical restraints in response to emergency or crisis situations. Their use should: (a) not be viewed as a behavior change or intervention strategy, (b) be implemented only under extreme situations and as a matter of last resort, (c) be implemented only by trained personnel, and (d) be accompanied by school wide pro-active positive behavior supports to prevent the need for their use. Consistent with state and federal guidance/requirements, the use of seclusion, prone restraint, mechanical restraint, chemical restraint and physical restraint is prohibited in Georgia public schools (physical restraint exception: situations in which the student is an immediate danger to himself or others and the student is not responsive to less intensive behavioral interventions including verbal directives or other de-escalation techniques). Physical restraints cannot be used as a form of discipline or punishment; when the student cannot be safely restrained; and when the use of the intervention would be contraindicated due to the student's psychiatric, medical, or physical condition as described in the student's education records. All physical restraint must be immediately terminated when the student is no longer an immediate danger to himself or others or if the student is observed to be in severe distress. Under some instances in which a student is an immediate danger to him/herself or others, the school may seek assistance from law enforcement and/or emergency medical personnel. Parents will be immediately contacted if their student is removed from the school or program setting by emergency medical or law enforcement personnel. Under rare circumstances a student's IEP may include completion of a functional behavioral assessment and development of a positive behavior intervention plan. Under severe circumstances and as part of an emergency plan, use of physical restraints may be implemented. When such activities are utilized, documentation procedures are required in addition to timely communication with parents and other key members of the educational system. This documentation must remain on file at the school and is considered part of the student's educational record.

Moral Focus™

Philosophy

At NHA, we believe it is our job to ensure our students leave us not only with a quality education, but with strong moral character to guide them. They will inevitably be faced with challenges throughout their lives that we cannot anticipate, but must prepare them for. One of our primary academic goals is college readiness for all students, and we cannot achieve that goal by focusing on our rigorous academic program alone.

Through an intentional focus on the development of character, our students will acquire all of the skills they will need to prepare them for college and the challenges they will face in life. Moral Focus™ provides students with a moral foundation to stand on and the strength to withstand whatever comes their way. Parents are the first and most important influence on the development of a child's character, but it is our job to partner with you by reinforcing those positive values in the classroom. Guiding the growth and development of character can often be more impactful in the lives of our students than anything else we teach them. It is during this critical period of their lives that they will learn how to be the adults they will one day become.

It is an essential component of the education of our students that simply cannot be left out. The role teachers play in shaping the character of their students is one of profound importance. It is a responsibility that NHA takes very seriously through our work to maintain an intentional and consistent focus on the character development of our students and the character being modeled for them.

Moral Focus™ Expectations

Our Moral Focus™ program greatly impacts the development of a positive school culture. Each classroom works diligently to uphold the following expectations related to the implementation of Moral Focus™.

- Moral Focus™ monthly virtues are posted in all classrooms and around the school.
 - Students will be able to identify the Moral Focus™ virtue of the month.
- Monthly virtues are explicitly taught through lessons, activities, or assemblies.
 - Students will be able to define each Moral Focus™ virtue.
- Moral Focus™ virtues are incorporated throughout day-to-day interactions.
 - Students will be able to provide examples of behavior that exemplify each Moral Focus™ virtue.
 - Teachers will be able to capitalize on teachable moments using the Moral Focus™ virtues.
 - Teachers will redirect student behavior referencing the Moral Focus™ virtues.

Monthly Virtues		
September – WISDOM	October – RESPECT	November - GRATITUDE
December – SELF-CONTROL	January – PERSEVERANCE	February - COURAGE
March – ENCOURAGEMENT	April – COMPASSION	May - INTEGRITY

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By intentionally teaching the Moral Focus™ virtues and weaving them into the fabric of the classroom, teachers are better able to support their efforts in creating systems that support students in taking responsibility for what they need to do and how they need to do it with a sense of urgency that increases the time spent learning. Teachers intentionally guide students as they acquire or strengthen virtues in their lives. Through this process, they provide students with the opportunity to learn virtues in a way that will not only affect their mind but change their heart. To support teachers as they work to develop the character of the students they serve, time is dedicated each week to the teaching of Moral Focus™ virtues.

Moral Focus™ Assemblies

To support the Moral Focus™ program and philosophy, regular Moral Focus™ assemblies are held. During assemblies, students recite the Pledge of Allegiance and the Student Creed. The staff and/or students lead a brief discussion of the month's virtue and perform a skit or lead another activity to exemplify the virtue. At times, students are recognized for outstanding citizenship and academic achievement. Parents and friends are encouraged to attend the assemblies.

Student Responsibility: Homework

Philosophy

The school staff believes that homework is an important component of the educational process as it allows students to be actively engaged in their own learning. It is expected that the following objectives will be accomplished through regular and well-planned homework:

- Students will develop more self-direction and individual responsibility.
- Students will develop independent study skills.
- Students will become organized.
- Students will learn to budget their time.
- Homework is intended to align with student proficiency goals.

Guidelines

1. Parents and students should expect regular homework.
2. Assigned homework that requires completion is part of each student's evaluation.
3. Homework will be planned and assigned for specific instructional purposes related to classroom objectives.
4. The quantity of homework will be within reason. As the school year progresses, the amount of homework and the number of days homework is assigned may increase depending on the maturity and ability of the students.

Make-Up Work

Students have an obligation to complete assignments missed during illness, suspension, or unexpected absence from school. In keeping with our belief that students should develop a sense of responsibility, we expect them, with their parents' help, to contact their teachers to secure missed assignments.

In cases of prolonged absence due to illness, the student's teachers should be called, so necessary arrangements can be made to have assignments picked up.

Student Responsibility: Technology Use and Internet Safety Practices and Procedures

Students are offered access to the National Heritage Academies (NHA) computer network for creativity, communication, research, and other tasks related to the NHA academic program. All use of computers, furnished or created data, software, and other technology resources as granted by NHA are the property of NHA and are intended for school business and educational use. Students are to use the computer network responsibly. The use of the network is a privilege, not a right, and may be revoked if abused. The user is personally responsible for his/her actions in accessing and using the NHA computer network and the school's technological resources.

The school educates students about appropriate online behavior, including interacting with other individuals on social networking websites and in chat rooms and cyber bullying awareness and response.

General Rules

1. **Privacy:** The school and NHA reserve the right to monitor Internet traffic and to retrieve and review any data composed, sent, received, or stored using the NHA network or Internet connections, including e-mail. Users do not enjoy any expectation of privacy when using any NHA technology or transmissions originating within or around school property.
2. **Bullying:** The school prohibits cyber-bullying, an act involving the use of information and communication technologies, including but not limited to e-mail, text messages, blogs, instant messages, personal Web sites, on-line social directories and communities, video-posting sites, and online personal polling Web sites, to support deliberate or repeated hostile behavior, by an individual or group, that is intended to defame, harm, threaten, intimidate, or harass students, staff members, or the school during or outside school hours and on or off school premises.
3. **Materials and Language:** Use of or accessing profane, abusive, pornographic, obscene, and/or impolite materials or language is not permitted. Accidental access should be reported to the instructor immediately. Intentional circumvention of web-filtering is prohibited.
4. **Installing/Copying:** Students are not to install or download any hardware, software, shareware, or freeware onto any media or network drives. Software installed by anyone other than the network administrator will be removed. Downloading of non-work-related files is permitted only with an instructor's permission. Students may not copy other people's work or intrude into other people's files. All copyright laws must be respected. Use of any other organization's network or technology resources via the NHA network requires the instructor's permission and must comply with the rules appropriate for that network.
5. **Access:** Users may not access the computer network without proper authorization. Users are to use their own username and password when using a computer. Users must log off the computer when they are finished with their work and are not to log on to a

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computer for someone else or tell others their password. Students are to notify the instructor if someone else is thought to know his/her password.

6. **Data Protection:** Users must not attempt to damage or destroy equipment or files. Though efforts are made by NHA to ensure the safety and integrity of data, NHA makes no warranties of any kind, either expressed or implied, for the service it provides. NHA will not be responsible for any damage to data.
7. **Storage:** Users are to delete their files and materials they no longer need.
8. **Printing Resources:** Paper and toner are costly, and excessive use is wasteful. Documents must be proofread before printing. Users are to print only the needed part(s) of documents. Students must obtain permission from an instructor before printing documents.
9. **Technology Disruptions:** Users may not perform any activity designed to deny the availability of network or computer services. These activities are malicious and pose a cyber threat by denying or limiting services without authorization or permission.
10. **Social Media:** Students are not permitted to use Social Media sites while using school equipment or while connected to the school's computer network.

Internet Use

The World Wide Web is a vast collection of resources readily available to any user on any computer connected to the Internet. NHA integrates the use of these resources into student instruction. Student Internet usage is permitted only in the presence and supervision of a teacher, the child's parent, or other designated adult school personnel. NHA is not responsible for the accuracy or quality of information obtained through the Internet or the NHA computer network.

Some material accessible via the Internet contains illegal, defamatory, inaccurate, or potentially offensive language or images. While the school uses Internet resources to achieve educational goals, there is always a risk of students accessing other materials. However, we believe that the benefits of using technology outweigh the disadvantages. Teachers are trained in the appropriate use of technology with students, but parents of students are responsible for setting and conveying the expectations regarding the use of media and information sources at home and at school.

The Children's Internet Protection Act (CIPA) is a federal law enacted by Congress to address concerns about access to the Internet and other information. Under CIPA, schools must certify that they have certain Internet safety measures in place. These include measures to block or filter pictures that (a) are obscene, (b) contain child pornography, or (c) when computers with Internet access are used by minors, are harmful to minors. Schools subject to CIPA must adopt a policy such as this to monitor online activities of minors and to address (a) access by minors to inappropriate matter on the Internet and World Wide Web, (b) the safety and security of minors when using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communications, (c) unauthorized access, including so-called "hacking," and other unlawful activities by minors online, (d) unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal information regarding minors, and (e) restricting minors' access to harmful materials.

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NHA complies with CIPA by deploying a Web content filtering product which categorizes Internet sites and sends content filter updates to NHA and cloud site-based software. An evaluation process is in place for changing the categorization of websites that includes both educational teams, IT security teams. The following categorizations are currently in place:

- Academic Dishonesty: all sites in this category are blocked.
- Aggressive Behavior: all sites in this category are blocked.
- Archives: all sites in this category are blocked.
- Artificial Intelligence: all sites in this category are blocked.
- Business: all sites in this category are blocked (e.g. PayPal.com wells Fargo.com).
- Controlled Substances: all sites in this category are blocked.
- Educational: all sites in this category are allowed
- Entertainment: all sites in this category are blocked (e.g. Netflix.com, pandora.com).
- Games: some sites in this category are blocked. Educational games is not blocked.
- Malicious Sites: all sites in this category are blocked
- News: all sites in this category are blocked
- Pornography: all sites in this category are blocked
- Religious: all sites in this category are blocked
- Sexual: all sites in this category are blocked
- Shopping: all sites in this category are blocked
- Social: all sites in this category are blocked
- Sports: Educational: all sites in this category are allowed
- Time Wasting: Educational: all sites in this category are allowed
- Translators: all sites in this category are allowed
- Traveling: all sites in this category are blocked
- Uncategorized: all sites in this category are allowed

Student Responsibility: Search and Seizure Practices and Procedures

Lockers are School Property

All lockers assigned to students are the property of the school. At no time does the school relinquish its exclusive control of its lockers. The school principal or his/her designee shall have custody of all combinations to all lockers or locks. Students are prohibited from placing locks on any locker without the advanced approval of the school principal or his/her designee.

Legitimate Use of School Lockers

The school assigns lockers to its students for their convenience and temporary use. Students are to use lockers exclusively to store school-related materials and authorized personal items such as footwear, grooming aids, lunches, or outer garments. Students shall not use lockers for any other purpose, unless specifically authorized by school board policy, the school principal, or his/her designee prior to students bringing the items to school. Students solely are responsible for the contents of their lockers.

Search of Locker Contents

Searches of school lockers and their contents deter violations of school rules and regulations, ensure proper maintenance of school property, and provide greater safety and security for students and personnel. Accordingly, the Board of Directors authorizes the principal or his/her designee, upon reasonable suspicion under the circumstances that a crime or violation of school rules has occurred, to search lockers and locker contents at any time, without notice, and without parental or student consent. Reasonable suspicion means that the person initiating the search has a well-founded suspicion—based on objective facts that can be articulated—of either criminal activity or a violation of school rules. Reasonable suspicion is more than a mere hunch or supposition.

The principal or his/her designee shall not be obligated, but may request the assistance of a law enforcement officer in conducting a locker search. The principal or his/her designee shall supervise the search. In the course of a locker search, the school principal or his/her designee shall respect the privacy rights of the student regarding any items discovered that are not illegal or in violation of school policies and rules.

Seizure

When conducting locker searches, the principal or his/her designee may seize any illegal or unauthorized items, items in violation of board policy and/or school policies or rules, or any other items reasonably determined by the principal or his/her designee to be a potential threat to the safety or security of others and report the finding of such items to law enforcement officials to the extent required by law. Such items include but are not limited to the following: contraband, controlled substance analogues or other intoxicants, dangerous weapons, explosives, firearms, flammable materials, illegal controlled substances, poisons, and stolen property. Any items seized by the school principal or his/her designee shall be removed from the locker and held by school officials for evidence in disciplinary proceedings and/or turned over to law enforcement officials. The parent of a student shall be notified by the principal or his/her designee of items removed from the locker.

Student Use of Personal Electronic Devices

The Board recognizes that personal electronic devices can create a significant distraction to the school environment and reduce student engagement. In the interest of maintaining a safe and healthy educational environment in accordance with the dictates of Georgia law, student use of personal electronic devices shall be strictly limited during the school day on the terms set forth herein.

For the purposes of this policy, the following definitions are adopted:

"Personal electronic device" shall mean any portable electronic device capable of transmitting, receiving, or accessing communications, data, or media. Such term includes, but is not limited to, smartphones, smartwatches, tablets, e-readers, headphones, and other devices with functionalities such as wireless communication, internet access, messaging, video recording, gaming, social media access, or data transmission.

- *"Educational Service Provider"* shall mean the entity that provides comprehensive management services to the Academy.
- *"School Administrator"* shall mean the lead administrator of Academy as defined under the current management agreement with the Educational Service Provider.
- *"School day"* shall mean the entirety of every instructional day, including both instructional time and non-instructional time (including, but not limited to, homeroom periods, lunch, recess, study halls, and passing time).
- *"School grounds"* shall mean in or on or within any building, structure, athletic playing field, playground, or land contained within the real property boundary line of the Academy.

The use of personal electronic devices by students during the school day anywhere on school grounds is prohibited, subject only to the exceptions set forth herein.

Parents/guardians needing to contact their students during the school day must direct their communications through the school office.

The Educational Service Provider is directed to adopt on-site storage protocols governing the methods and enforcement of storage requirements for personal electronic devices during the school day. Permissible storage methods include: a locked pouch designated by the school; a student's assigned lock; or a designated place in the classroom established by the teacher or school administration. The Academy will not be responsible for any loss, damage, misuse, or theft of personal electronic devices brought unto school grounds.

The Educational Service Provider is also directed to adopt procedures for off-site activities, including all school sponsored events and field trips, daily transportation, athletic and extracurricular events, and other instructional opportunities that do not occur on school grounds, and shall ensure that these procedures are communicated to school personnel and sponsors of any such activities.

Any student found in violation of this policy shall be subject to progressive discipline in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. Academy staff may temporarily confiscate a student's personal electronic device if any of the following apply after a verbal warning has been delivered and ignored:

- The student does not immediately follow this policy in response to directives of a school employee;

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- The student has repeatedly violated this policy, and the student and parent/guardian have been notified that further violations may result in immediate confiscation of the wireless communication device, or
- The student's improper use of the device substantially disrupts school events or activities or interferes with other students' ability to focus on instruction or extracurricular programming.

Academy staff may determine that a personal electronic device will be confiscated until the end of the school day if the improper use is willful, repeated, substantially disruptive, or interferes with other students' ability to focus on instruction or extracurricular programming.

In no event shall this policy be interpreted so as to prohibit a student's use of an internet-enabled device where such use is included in the student's: (i) individualized education program; or (ii) plan developed pursuant to Section 504 of the Federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 79.

The Educational Service Provider is directed to provide written notification to parents/guardians regarding this policy and the method(s) available for contacting students during the school day. Such written notification may include publication on the Academy website and in the Parent Student Handbook.

Search and Seizure of Person and/or Personal Property

The school will conduct a search of a student's person and/or personal effects (e.g. backpack, purse, etc.) if the principal (or principal designee) has a reasonable suspicion that the student is in possession of an item which is illegal or against school rules. When determining the nature and scope of the search, the principal (or the principal designee) will consider the age and sex of the student as well as the nature of the act of misconduct. A physical search of a student will only be conducted when there is a reasonable suspicion that the student has an illegal weapon, drug and/or alcohol on his/her person. A physical search may only be conducted by a staff member of the same sex as the pupil, and will be carried out in the presence of an adult witness, also preferably of the same sex. School personnel shall not conduct strip searches or body cavity searches of any pupils under any circumstances.

Positive Behavior Intervention Support

The purpose of school-wide Positive Behavior Intervention Support (PBIS) is to establish a climate in which appropriate behavior is the norm. While the Student Code of Conduct necessarily focuses on misconduct and the resulting consequences, we actively promote PBIS as a strategy to teach, model and reinforce positive social behavior as an important aspect of a student's educational experience. Teaching behavioral expectations and recognizing students for meeting and exceeding them are important community-building strategies that shape the culture of our schools.

Building-Wide Expectations

The PBIS expectations are designed to (1) provide a clear understanding of expected student behavior, (2) be few in number, (3) be positively stated and structured, (4) use familiar language, and (5) include example behaviors defined for purposes of instruction. These expectations will be clearly posted in each of our schools.

Student Responsibility: Student Code of Conduct

Our goal is to offer a quality education program. To fulfill this goal, students need a positive, safe, and orderly school environment in which learning can take place without disruption. Students who do not observe the rules of good conduct in the classroom or on the playground decrease both the learning and safety of others and their own opportunities to learn. Therefore, our staff takes a very proactive role in enforcing the Student Code of Conduct outlined below.

Students are expected to demonstrate respect and courtesy by obeying staff members, being kind to others, and being considerate of others' and the school's property.

Acts of Misconduct

The acts of misconduct listed in this Student Code of Conduct are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list or as a limitation upon the authority of school officials to deal appropriately with other types of conduct which interfere with the good order of the school, the proper functioning of the educational process, or the health and safety of students.

A student violating any of the acts of misconduct listed in the Student Code of Conduct may be subject to discipline. Additionally, a student who engages in an act of misconduct that violates the law may be referred to law enforcement. A student who engages in an act of misconduct when the student was enrolled in another school for which the disciplinary action has not been fully served may be required to serve out the length of the suspension or expulsion.

Students are expected to follow the Code of Conduct when:

- on school property;
- in a motor vehicle being used for a school related purpose;
- at a school-related activity, function, or event;
- en route to or from school;
- at any time or place when the student's behavior has a direct and immediate effect on maintaining order, safety, health, and discipline in the school;
- engaging in an act of misconduct when the student was not enrolled in the school or was enrolled in another school, if the act of misconduct would constitute a sufficient basis for suspension or expulsion for being convicted of, being adjudicated to have committed, being indicted for, or having information filed for the commission of any felony or any delinquent act which would be a felony if committed by an adult.

Acts of misconduct include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Any and all forms of smoking, tobacco possession, distribution, or use including e-cigarettes/vaporizers and paraphernalia
- Arson
- Bullying and harassment
- Chronic disciplinary problems that interfere with the learning process of other students and show a disregard for the rules and regulations established by the School Board
- Coercion, extortion, or blackmail
- Criminal acts other than as enumerated herein
- Criminal Sexual Conduct as defined by state law

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- Cyber-bullying as defined by the Technology Use and Internet Safety Practices and Procedures
- Defacement/Damage of property or theft/possession of stolen property
- Disruption of school
- Excessive tardiness or absences as defined in the Attendance Policy
- Extreme acts of defiance and/or threats toward teachers/other adults/fellow students
- Failure to cooperate or comply with directions of school personnel and volunteers
- False alarms
- False allegations against staff, volunteers, or students
- Falsification of records or scholastic dishonesty (including cheating and plagiarism)
- Fighting, physical assault and/or battery on another person
- Gangs and gang related activity
- Improper dress in violation of the Dress Code
- Improper or disrespectful communications to staff, volunteers, or students
- Indecency (either with clothing/exposure, pictures, or public display of affection)
- Malicious or willful types of behavior that endanger the safety of others
- Misconduct prior to enrollment
- Misuse of copyrighted materials
- Possession and/or sale of alcohol and/or drugs (narcotic drugs, look-a-like substances, and illegal chemical substances)
- Possession of dangerous weapons as defined by state law and dangerous weapons or instruments not otherwise enumerated herein
- Possession of electronic/wireless communication device(s) defined by school policy
- Possession of firework(s), explosive(s), and/or chemical substance(s)
- Possession of look-a-like weapons
- Possession of personal protection devices (such as tasers, mace, pepper-spray, etc.)
- Suspended or expelled student on school property or attending school activities
- Title IX Sexual Harassment
- Trespassing, loitering
- Use, possession, distribution, and/or sale of alcohol and/or illegal drugs, or being under the influence of drugs or alcohol, or attempted use, distribution and/or sale of alcohol and/or drugs including but not limited to, controlled substances as defined by law, marijuana, look-a-like or imitation drug substances and illegal chemical substances
- Verbal assault
- Violation of Technology Use and Internet Safety Practices and Procedures
- Violations of building rules and regulations
- Violations of rules or policies as set forth in the Parent and Student Handbook

Parents or students who are unsure of what conduct is prohibited by each act should consult with the principal.

Electronic/Wireless Communication Devices

Failure to comply with the policy after verbal warning will result in the following disciplinary action:

- **First Offense:** The device will be confiscated by staff and held in the main office until the end of the school day. The student will receive a formal warning.
- **Second Offense:** The device will be confiscated. A parent or guardian must retrieve the device from the main office. The student may be assigned detention or other restorative measures.

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- **Third Offense:** The device will be confiscated. The student will be required to check their device into the main office daily upon arrival for a period determined by administration.

Harassment, Intimidation, and Bullying

The school prohibits acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying (including cyber-bullying and sexual harassment) of any student on school property or at a school sponsored event. Bullying is defined as any willful attempt or threat to inflict injury on another person, when accompanied by an apparent present ability to do so or any intentional display of force such as would give the victim reason to fear or expect immediate bodily harm, or any intentional written, non-verbal, verbal, emotional or physical act which a reasonable person would perceive as being intended to threaten, harass, or intimidate that causes substantial physical harm within the meaning of O.C.G.A. § 16-5-23.1 or visible bodily harm capable of being perceived by a person other than the victim as defined in O.C.G.A. § 16-5-23.1 and may include but is not limited to substantial injuries or pain, or that substantially interferes with the victim's education, or that is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it creates an intimidating or threatening educational environment, or that has the effect of substantially disrupting the orderly operation of the School.

Cyberbullying/electronic bullying can occur on school property or through school technology resources but can also occur through the use of electronic communications. Whether or not that communication originated on school property with school technology resources, if the electronic communication is directed specifically at students or school personnel, maliciously intended for the purpose threatening the safety of those specified or substantially disrupting the orderly operation of the school, creates a reasonable fear of harm to the students' or school personnel's person or property or has a high likelihood of succeeding in that purpose it is considered a form of cyberbullying.

Retaliation against any complainant or any participant in the complaint process is prohibited.

All school employees, volunteers and students are required to report prohibited incidents of which they are aware to the principal. The principal is then responsible for determining whether an alleged incident constitutes a violation. In so doing, the principal will conduct a prompt, thorough and complete investigation of the reported incident, and prepare a report documenting the prohibited incident that is reported.

Students in grades six through eight found by a disciplinary hearing officer, panel, or tribunal to have committed the offense of bullying for the third time in a school year shall be assigned to an alternative education program. Such alternative education program shall be provided in a setting other than the student's regular classroom, may be located on or off the regular school campus, may include in-school suspension that provides continued progress on regular classroom assignments, and shall provide for the student's educational and behavioral needs, to include supervision and counseling.

The school shall remain mindful of due process, special education, and Section 504 obligations, among others, when assigning students to alternative settings.

Public School Bus Discipline:

If the principal determines that a student's behavior on a public school bus violates school rules, he/she may suspend the student from school bus riding privileges for the length of time deemed appropriate for the violation and remediation of the behavior.

Disciplinary Procedures

A student may be disciplined at any level depending upon the facts, frequency, and/or severity of the act of misconduct. A Behavior Referral will be completed for each violation of the Code of Conduct and copies are made for the parent and kept in the student's file. Discipline records will be included in any student file properly requested by the parent to be transferred to a subsequent school. Corporal punishment is prohibited as a means of discipline.

Level 1 **EARLY INTERVENTION**: The behavior may be a violation of the code of conduct or a disruption of the orderly operation of a classroom or school activity. The inappropriate behavior with the student is addressed.

Level 2 **PARENT NOTIFICATION**: The parent is notified of the misbehavior by the teacher.

Level 3 **PARENT CONTACT**: A conference with the parent is held to discuss the incident(s) and appropriate disciplinary action.

Level 4 **BEHAVIOR SUPPORT PLAN (BSP)**: When Level 2 and 3 behaviors become chronic or a student accumulates more than ten (10) suspension days in a semester, the dean and/or principal shall schedule a meeting with the parents to implement a Behavior Support Plan or BSP. A BSP will take into consideration the motivation for the inappropriate behavior, positive interventions that might be utilized to diminish the inappropriate behavior and disciplinary consequences that will take place if the behavior continues. The BSP is an intervention tool and does not require parent consent to implement. Copies are made for the parent and kept in the student's file. Violation(s) of the BSP will result in disciplinary action and a revised BSP. In the event of multiple (3-5) violations and revisions of the BSP, the School Principal, or the principal's designee in the principal's absence, has the discretion to impose additional disciplinary measures or recommend the student to the Board for additional disciplinary measures up to and including expulsion.

Level 5 **SUSPENSION OF 10 SCHOOL DAYS OR LESS OR OTHER DISCIPLINARY INTERVENTIONS**: When the act of misconduct disrupts the school environment, the resulting consequence issued by the school administration may include suspension of up to 10 school days, or other options that allow the school to practice discretion to enact the practices and procedures to align with Behave With Care and the School-wide Behavior System. The school administration may convene a meeting with the student, parents and others, to develop or update an existing Behavior Contract that outlines the expected behavior and disciplinary action. The Behavior Contract will be signed by school administration and offered to the student and parent(s) for signature. Copies are made for the parent and kept in the student's file. The student will be granted a right to due process as described in the Due Process Procedures of this Code of Conduct.

Level 6 **LONG-TERM SUSPENSION OR EXPULSION**: When the act of misconduct is considered a crime under state law, constitutes extreme non-compliance with school rules, is so extreme that it threatens the safety of others or the student is persistently disobedient, the student may serve a long-term suspension or be expelled from the school. The student will be granted the right to a due process hearing.

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Disciplinary Process for Special Education Students

Students who are served under IDEA (Special Education) or under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 are entitled to certain additional rights in the area of discipline based upon their qualification for services under these federal laws.

Students for whom an IEP includes specific disciplinary guidelines will be disciplined in accordance with those guidelines. If the disciplinary guidelines appear not to be effective or if there is a concern for the health or safety of the student or others, the matter will be immediately referred to the Special Education Team.

Students for whom an IEP does not include specific disciplinary guidelines may be disciplined in accordance with standard school policy relating to each infraction if the Special Education Team determines that the behavior is not a manifestation of his or her disability.

Parents may request a hearing to challenge the manifestation determination, and the child shall remain in his or her current educational placement while the hearing is pending.

A student suspected of having a disability shall be referred to the Special Education Team for evaluation.

Due Process Procedures

The following due process procedures only govern the suspension or the expulsion of a student from the school's regular educational program. If a student charged with violation of this Student Code of Conduct has been returned to the regular school program pending a decision, then such action of reinstatement shall not limit or prejudice the school's right to suspend or expel the student following that decision.

A. Suspension of Ten (10) School Days or Less

As a general rule, prior to any suspension of the student, the school administration shall provide the student with the following due process:

1. The student will be informed of the charges against him/her, and, if the student denies the charges, the school administration shall provide the student with an explanation of the evidence.
2. The student shall be provided an opportunity to explain his/her version of the facts.

If a student's presence in school poses an immediate danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption to the educational process, the school administration may immediately suspend the student, and as soon thereafter as reasonable, provide the student with his/her due process rights as set forth in this section.

If, after providing the student with his/her due process rights, the school administration determines that the student has engaged in a prohibited act under this Student Code of Conduct, then he/she may impose a disciplinary penalty of a suspension not to exceed ten (10) school days. The school administration shall inform (in person or by phone) the student's parent of the suspension and of the reasons and conditions of the suspension. A decision to suspend a student for ten (10) or fewer school days is final and not subject to further review or appeal.

B. Suspension for Eleven (11) or more school days and Expulsion

The principal has the discretion to recommend a long-term suspension or expulsion upon referring a matter to hearing. Hearings shall be heard before a hearing officer designated by the Board of Directors. Such hearing officer shall meet the training requirements of the State Board of Education and Georgia law.

Acts of misconduct warranting long-term suspension or expulsion require that the student be immediately placed on suspension pending the hearing. The hearing shall be held within ten (10) school days after the beginning of the suspension unless the school and parent/guardian mutually agree to an extension, in which case the hearing shall occur not more than fifteen (15) school days after the beginning of the suspension. The hearing may be held later than fifteen (15) school days after the beginning of the suspension upon a written request by a parent/guardian and agreement by the school. The school will provide appropriate grade-level instructional materials to any student awaiting completion of a hearing.

1. Hearing for Long-Term Suspension or Expulsion

If a student is charged with a violation of the Student Code of Conduct carrying a consequence of long-term suspension or expulsion, the student and his parent shall be notified of such in writing by registered mail, as well as the student's rights of due process as set forth herein.

The written notice of violation shall state the nature of the violation, the proposed consequence, and the student's and parent's right to a due process hearing at a specified time and place to determine (i) whether a violation occurred and (ii) whether the consequence of such violation merits the imposition of a long-term suspension.

The notice shall also set forth the right of the student and his parent and an advocate of their choice and at their expense to participate in the hearing, the right of the student to review and observe the evidence offered against him or her during the hearing and the right of the student to present written evidence or testimony on the student's behalf. The hearing shall be held in closed session and a written record of the hearing shall be recorded. The student shall have the right to appeal to the Board of Directors if the hearing was not originally held before the Board of Directors.

The hearing officer shall preside at the hearing for long term suspension, at which time the student and parent shall be advised of the alleged violation and the facts leading toward the allegation. Following the hearing within twenty-four (24) hours the hearing officer shall issue his or her decision in writing along with a written statement of the student's right to appeal the result.

The parent of the minor child shall be responsible for making arrangements for the child's educational needs during a long-term suspension and/or expulsion.

2. Appeal of Long-Term Suspension or Expulsion

A student aggrieved by the decision of the hearing officer may request to appeal such a decision to the Board of Directors. The appeal must be requested in writing within five (5) days of receipt of the imposition of the discipline, must contain the reasons that the decision should be reviewed or reconsidered, must

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be signed by the student or his/her parent, and must be delivered to the Board of Directors by way of certified first-class mail. The Board of Directors shall review the decision of the hearing officer for the erroneous application of the handbook's provisions based upon the grounds presented by the student in his/her written request for appeal.

The request for appeal shall be presented at the next regular meeting of the Board of Directors following receipt of the notice of appeal, at which time the Board of Directors shall review the written request for appeal. The appeal may be considered in open or closed session, at the student or parent's request and shall be conducted in accordance with the rights of confidentiality adhering to Education Records as that term is defined in 20 USC 1232g. In reviewing the written request for appeal, the Board of Directors may, during the review, ask the administration to respond to the written request for appeal orally and may request information of the student or his/her parent. The Board of Directors shall notify the student and his/her parent of the result in writing within five (5) business days of the board meeting at which the appeal was heard.

All determinations of the Board of Directors on appeal or with respect to expulsions are final with regard to due process at the school.

The school will disenroll a student upon receipt of either written notice from a parent/guardian of intent to withdraw or a records request from another school. If at the time of receipt of a notice of disenrollment there are pending disciplinary proceedings against the student involving potential suspension or expulsion, the school may elect to complete those proceedings.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Voluntary Agreements

At any time, the principal or his/her designee may enter a written contract with the student and his/her parent(s) setting forth the parties' agreement in settlement of disciplinary charges or restitution related to damage to or loss of school property. In such cases, the written agreement shall be final and binding and may not be later challenged by the principal or his/her designee or the student or his/her parent(s).

B. Suspended/Expelled Students on School Property or Attending School Activities

A suspended or expelled student who enters onto school property or appears at a school activity, event, or function without the permission of a building administrator shall be deemed to be trespassing.

C. Maintaining Class Progress

When practical in the judgment of the principal, a student may be permitted to maintain progress during the disciplinary period.

Definition of Terms

Behavior Contract is a written document that outlines specific behavior expectations and disciplinary action for a student.

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Behavior Referral is a specific written record of the student's act of misconduct. It documents the date, nature of the offense, and the disciplinary action taken by the teacher and/or school administration.

Behavior Support Plan (BSP) is a written document that works to identify the cause and/or motivation of repeated misconduct and what steps will be taken to help a student change the inappropriate behavior. When Level 2 and 3 behaviors become chronic or a student accumulates more than ten (10) suspension days in a semester, the dean and/or principal shall schedule a meeting with the parents to implement a Behavior Support Plan or BSP. A BSP will take into consideration the motivation for the inappropriate behavior, positive interventions that might be utilized to diminish the inappropriate behavior and disciplinary consequences that will take place if the behavior continues. The BSP is an intervention tool and does not require parent consent to implement. Copies are made for the parent and kept in the student's file. Violation(s) of the BSP will result in disciplinary action and a revised BSP. In the event of multiple (3-5) violations and revisions of the BSP, the School Principal, or the principal's designee in the principal's absence, has the discretion to impose additional disciplinary measures or recommend the student for additional disciplinary measures up to and including expulsion.

Expulsion is defined as a decision to remove a student from school due to extreme non-compliance with school rules/state law for a period of time that exceeds the current semester.

In-School Suspension refers to a decision to temporarily remove a student from the mainstream classroom and to place the student in a segregated environment within the school building that allows the student to continue to progress in their coursework but denies them access to regular classroom instruction and social interaction with their peers. The In-House Suspension room must be supervised by an adult employee of the building at all times.

Long-Term Suspension is defined as a decision to remove a student from school due to extreme non-compliance with school rules or state law for more than ten (10) school days but less than a semester. The student and his/her parent shall be notified in writing of the hearing date before the board designee and the student's right to due process. The decision, made by the Board of Directors' designee, can be appealed to the Board of Directors at their next regularly scheduled meeting. All other decisions by the Board's designee are final.

Out-Of-School Suspension refers to a decision to temporarily remove a student's right to attend school or any school-related activity not to exceed ten (10) school days. A meeting with the parents shall be convened to discuss the incident that led to the suspension and to develop a Behavior Contract for the future.

Permanent Expulsion is defined as a decision to permanently remove the student from the school. The Board of Directors shall make this decision. All decisions made by the Board of Directors are final.

Sexual Harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following: (1) An employee of the School conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the School on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct; (2) Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the School's education program or activity; or (3) "Sexual assault" as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10), "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8), or "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30).

Behavior Threat Assessment & Management (BTAM) Process

Recognizing that certain behaviors may be indicative of potential risk of safety to self or others, school officials will implement a threat assessment process.

The BTAM team will be a multi-disciplinary team made up of school officials. For purposes of assessment and intervention, school officials shall mean principals, deans, mental health counselors, social workers, teachers, law enforcement, NHA employees and outside consultants who have a legitimate educational interest in the behavior the student (34 CFR §99.36).

The following behaviors shall be reported for screening:

- Commits an act of violence upon a teacher, administrator, or other school employee.
- Commits an act of violence against another student while on school property.
- Commits an act of violence against any person on school property.
- Possess or display a gun, knife, explosive or incendiary bomb, or other dangerous weapon on school property.
- Threatens to use any instrument that appears capable of causing physical injury or death while on school property.
- Knowingly and intentionally damages or destroys the personal property of a teacher, administrator, other school employee or any person lawfully on school property.
- Knowing and intentionally damaging or destroying school property.
- Risky behaviors such as grievances with classmates, discipline problems, criminal activity, cruelty to animals, intolerance, prejudice, or affiliation with gangs are paired with escalating behaviors or unexplained behavioral changes.
- Threats and/or communications that have context and meaning to support a legitimate safety concern.
- Persons on the receiving end of a concerning behavior fear for their safety.
- Concerning behavior or threat made through the state confidential tip line.

If the screening reveals that there is a need to conduct a full threat assessment the BTAM team shall meet to collect data and investigate the event.

At the conclusion of the BTAM assessment, school leadership shall complete the BTAM Intervention and Monitoring plan. Only the Intervention and Monitoring plan shall be maintained in the student's educational record. The Intervention and Monitoring plan shall be reviewed and modified as determined by the BTAM team until it can be placed into an inactive status.

Parental Partnership: Communication

Effective communication between the school and home is vital to the academic success, and emotional and social well-being of students. The school will communicate often and by a variety of means in an effort to keep parents informed of the programs, events, and activities at school and the academic growth and achievement of students.

Secure School Website

National Heritage Academies (NHA) is committed to student achievement and parental involvement. NHA maintains a secure website, the NHA Parent Portal, containing student information to link these two core values. This secure online tool can be accessed by visiting the school website and logging in through the Parent Portal link in the upper right corner of the homepage. Administrators and teachers daily update student records, analyze data, and communicate important information on this site.

NHA recognizes the value of informed and involved parents in the learning process. The NHA Parent Portal provides another way for parents to stay connected to the school. The online connection begins as soon as a student applies to attend an NHA school. The parent(s) of the applicant are sent a letter with detailed instructions for accessing their own *free* online account. After following these instructions, parents can log on to the system from any computer or mobile device with Internet access and review their child's admissions information, attendance, and grades.

Through the NHA Parent Portal, parents also can access NHA's school-to-parent communication tool to see school updates and engage with staff members, including sending direct messages. Questions related to the Parent Portal should be directed to parentportalsupport@nhaschools.com.

Parent Satisfaction Survey

Measuring and understanding parent satisfaction is an important part of our culture. In an effort to understand school-wide parent satisfaction, our students' parents are surveyed twice per year. Parents are asked to complete one survey per household, and both parents may complete a survey.

Parent-Teacher Conferences

Parent-teacher conferences are conducted face-to-face twice each school year. In addition, parents are encouraged to inquire about their child's performance any time during the school year. We believe that by continually monitoring students' progress, the parent-teacher conferences will serve as a review with very few surprises.

During each conference, teachers review the student's progress and discuss his/her strengths and opportunities. Parents are encouraged to ask questions in order to learn as much as possible about their child's performance. We aim to make parent-teacher conferences a positive experience for everyone involved.

Parental Partnership: Attendance

Regular attendance establishes good work habits and self-discipline. Our school records attendance every morning, afternoon, and in each middle school class period.

Arrival

Students should arrive at school between 7:30 a.m. and 7:45 a.m. After exiting their vehicle, students are to stand outside to wait to enter the building. They may not run, shout, or otherwise act in a disorderly manner. All students wearing hats should remove them immediately upon entering the building. Prompt arrival is essential for an orderly opening ceremony.

The Before School Program (paid supervision) begins at 6:45 a.m. for students who are enrolled in the program.

Dismissal

School dismisses at 2:45 p.m. Pick-up times are staggered to assist with parking lot congestion and will be communicated at the beginning of the school year. In the interest of students' safety and teachers' preparation time, parents are asked to pick up their children immediately after dismissal and no later than 3:15 p.m.

Tardiness and Early Dismissal

Students are considered tardy if they arrive to their homerooms after the start of either class or morning ceremony, if held prior to class. Parents must walk tardy students into the school office and sign them in on the sign-in sheet. Early dismissals from school will be marked accordingly in the student's record. Parents who dismiss their child early from school, for any reason, must sign the child out.

If a tardy is due to a doctor or dental appointment, a note from a physician may be requested. Tardies are excused for only the following reasons:

- Personal illness or injury
- Funerals
- Doctor or dental appointments (which could not be arranged outside school hours)
- Religious observances
- Late arrivals due to weather conditions, as determined by the office personnel or administration (which do not require a parent note)
- Such other reasons as may be authorized in the discretion of the principal

We consider abuse of tardies and/or early dismissals as lost instructional time, which may be addressed by the principal.

Please Note: When a student accumulates 10-20 tardies and/or early dismissals, a parent meeting may be held and an Attendance Corrective Action Plan may be initiated.

Absences

All absences are to be verified by communication from the parent to the school office. This communication should be documented for record-keeping purposes. Voicemail is available before and after school hours.

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If an absence is not verified by communication from the parent, the absence is considered unexcused. An absence may be excused if communication is provided by the parent within five days following the absence and meets the guidelines below for an excused absence. The communication should contain the following information:

- Student's name
- Teacher's name
- Date of absence
- Reason for absence
- Parent's phone number
- Signature of parent

If an absence is due to illness and lasts five days or more, a note from a physician may be requested. Absences are excused only for the following reasons:

- Personal illness or injury
- Funerals
- Doctor or dental appointments (which could not be arranged outside school hours)
- Religious observances
- Such other reasons as may be authorized in the discretion of the principal

Abuse of excused absences may be investigated by the principal and could result in a referral to the Local School District Attendance Officer or other disciplinary action.

Absences (Excused and Unexcused)	Procedures & Notifications
0	Notification of Attendance Expectations to all parents/guardians
10% of total school days	Parent Meeting and Completion of Attendance Corrective Action Plan (ACAP)*
18 days	Appropriate Consequence*

*Potential referral to the local school district attendance officer with certified return receipt to parent. Such referral shall be issued pursuant to the Truancy section of the Parent and Student Handbook. Factor considered in grade promotion.

Note: Any student who accumulates 10 consecutive school days of unexcused absences will be subject to potential withdrawal from the school.

Attendance Corrective Action Plan (A-CAP) is a written document that identifies the causes for excessive tardies and/or absences and what steps will be taken to minimize the number of occurrences. It is signed by the parents, student, and staff member.

Truancy

A student is truant if unexcused absences total ten (10) or more school days in a school year. If truant, the student will be referred to the local school district attendance officer.

The principal may act as the school's attendance officer or delegate that duty. The school's attendance officer investigates possible school attendance violations and takes other necessary actions to enforce the compulsory education laws.

Family Vacations

Parents planning to take their child on a trip must notify the principal or secretary at least two weeks before departure. The student's absence will be an excused absence if approved by the principal. Lengthy trips are discouraged and may be cause for withdrawal. It becomes the student's responsibility, with the help of the parents, to make arrangements with each teacher for missed assignments and to complete assigned work upon his/her return to school. The student is to complete all assignments within the same number of days as the length of the vacation. Incomplete assignments will not receive credit. Students who miss an announced test during their absence will take the test when all missed work is completed and within the same number of days missed due to the vacation.

Family Death or Terminal Illness

If there is a death, terminal illness, or similar traumatic situation in a student's family that may affect his/her attendance, emotional well-being, and/or level of concentration, the office staff members should be notified.

Illness During the School Day

If a student becomes ill during the school day, appropriate arrangements will be made for the student's care while waiting for parent pick-up. Students with vomiting or fever must be symptom-free for 24 hours before returning to school.

Voluntary Withdrawal

To withdraw a student, a parent must complete a Student Withdrawal form available in the office.

Parental Partnership: Dress Code

To enable students to reach high academic standards, the school has put in place a dress code designed to reduce distractions. Implementing a dress code promotes student learning and increased academic instruction time. Interpretation of the Dress Code is at the principal and staff's discretion and their decision is final.

Dress code guidelines prohibit student dress or grooming practices which present a health or safety risk to the student or others, disrupt the educational program, or limit a student from achieving educational goals because of blocked vision or restricted movement.

Uniform Preferred Vendor Information

The School's preferred uniform vendor is Image Builders. To purchase shirts and ties, you may contact Image Builders' toll-free customer service hotline at (855) 654-6243. For additional information, please visit the School's web site.

Uniform Requirements for Grades K-5

Note: Pre-K operates separately and is not required to wear uniforms.

Uniform Tops

- All shirts must be a short- or long-sleeve bright green, royal blue, or white polo.
- Dress for Success Mondays: Each Monday all students are required to wear a long- or short-sleeve white dress shirt with a navy blue/bright green tie. Previously purchased IAS ties may also be worn for the 2026-27 school year.
- Students may also wear solid navy blue sweaters, fleece, and vests.
- Undershirts (t-shirts worn under uniform shirts) must be white and must fit appropriately under the uniform shirts. Undershirts must not have longer sleeves than uniform shirts.
- Shirts must be tucked neatly into bottoms.

Uniform Bottoms

- Dress bottoms must be solid navy blue, black, or khaki.
- Athletic, spandex and denim materials, yoga-style pants, carpenter loops, and decorative embroidery are not permitted.

Uniform Shoes

- Shoes may be any color loafer style, dress shoes, tennis shoes, or closed toed sandals.
- Shoes should be suitable for everyday PE and recess activity.

Uniform Headwear & Accessories

- Belts, if worn, must be plain solid black, navy blue, or brown.
- Socks must be solid black, brown, navy, or white.
- Tights and leggings worn underneath uniform bottoms must be solid white or navy.

PE Uniform

- Tops: Solid gray T-shirt or sweatshirt
- Bottoms: Solid navy shorts, sweatpants, or athletic pants
- Shoes: Must be suitable for PE activity

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2026-27 Uniform Exception

For the 2026-27 school year, students may continue to wear previously purchased IAS uniforms. However, these items will no longer be available for purchase.

General Expectations

Tops

- Shirts and tops must cover the back, shoulders, chest, and midriff. Undergarments must not be visible.
- Spaghetti strap shirts, halter tops, tank tops, undershirts, muscle shirts, sheer, or any other clothing items that show bare midriff are not permitted.

Bottoms

- Pants, capris, and shorts must be fitted or belted at the waist to prevent sagging and undergarments must not be visible.
- Shorts must extend past the mid-thigh (mid-thigh is determined as halfway between inseam and knee).
- Skirts, skorts, dresses, and jumpers must be no more than two (2) inches above the knee in length.
- Pajama pants are not permitted without administrative permission.

Shoes

- For safety reasons, students are required to wear shoes appropriate for indoor and outdoor activity.
- Shoes that are unsafe (for example flip-flops or shoes with wheels) are not permitted.
- Slippers are not permitted without administrative permission.
- Athletic shoes with non-marking soles are to be worn for P.E. class.

Headwear & Accessories

- Hats and hoods, except for religious or medical purposes, must not be worn inside the school building.
- Any jewelry, chain, or other apparel posing a safety risk is not permitted.
- Ear piercings are permitted.
- Hair must not obstruct vision or distract from the learning environment.
- Sunglasses are not permitted inside unless for medical purposes.

Miscellaneous

- Revealing clothing is prohibited. All clothing must fit appropriately and must not be excessively tight or loose. Such clothing includes all sheer, low-cut, or otherwise revealing garments.
- Areas typically covered by undergarments must not be visible.
- Clothing, accessories, or grooming may not depict or advertise weapons, alcohol, tobacco, drugs, drug paraphernalia, sexual or obscene language or images, threats, or racial or ethnic slurs/symbols, or promote conduct expressly prohibited by the Student Code of Conduct.
- Wearing, carrying, and displaying gang paraphernalia, names, signs, or symbols is prohibited.
- Spirit week and other special occasion attire may be worn only with administrative permission.

Parental Partnership: Title I Parent and Family Engagement Policy

The school has adopted a policy addressing the importance of parent and family engagement. The school and the board of education recognizes the rights of parents or guardians to be fully informed of all information relevant to their children who participate in programs and projects funded by Federal and State Funds, including Title I (Elementary and Secondary Education Act) [1116(a)(1)]. The Parent and Family Engagement Policy was jointly developed with and agreed on, by parents and family members of participating children [1116(a)(2)(A)]. The Parent and Family Engagement Policy is provided to parents, families, and community partners in an understandable format and is updated to meet the needs of the included stakeholders [1116(b)(1)]. In addition to existing policies and guidelines, the school also recognizes the need for a policy that meets the requirements under Section 1116 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), as reauthorized by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015 (P.L. 114-95). The school will ensure parental involvement and family engagement in these programs and projects by:

Building a Capacity for Parent and Family Engagement

Parents and family members of students are vital contributors in the education of their children. The school will ensure that all parents/guardians are involved in our school in a meaningful manner in order to improve student academic achievement. Two-way communication between the school and home, both verbal and written, provides a sound base for a good partnership to provide an effective educational program for all students. Full realization of the partnership will be achieved through on-going commitment and active participation by both home and school. The policy describes how federal and applicable state requirements for parental and family engagement will be met and sets the school's expectations and objectives for meaningful parent and family involvement and engagement. Specifically, we will do the following in order to build a capacity for parent/guardian involvement and engagement:

- a. Provide high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables students to meet the challenging State academic standards, and the ways in which each parent will be responsible for supporting their children's learning; volunteering in their child's classroom; and participating, as appropriate, in decisions relating to the education of their children and positive use of extracurricular time [1116 (d)(1)];
- b. Provide assistance (materials and education) to parent/guardians of children served in understanding such topics as the school's curriculum, assessments, and proficiency level expectations, and how to work with educators to improve the achievement of their children [1116(e)(2)]. Efforts are made to assist parents in understanding challenging State academic content standards and the academic achievement levels established for students, the school curriculum, and school expectations and assessment results[1116(e)(1)];
- c. Educate all school staff in the value and utility of contribution of parents/guardians; and in how to reach out to, communicate with, and work with parents/guardians as equal partners; implement and coordinate parent/guardian programs, and build ties between parents/guardians and the school [1116(e)(3)];
- d. Coordinate and integrate, to the extent feasible and appropriate, parent/guardian involvement programs and activities that encourage and support parents/guardians in more fully participating in the education of their children [1116(e)(4)];

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- e. Ensure that information related to school and parent/guardian programs, meetings, and other activities is sent to the parents/guardians in a format and, to the extent practicable, in a language the parents/guardians can understand [1116(e)(5)];
- f. Provide other reasonable support for parental involvement and involvement activities to ensure a successful partnership amongst the school, parents, and the community to improve student achievement [1116(e)(14)].

Providing the coordination, technical assistance, and support necessary to assist the school in planning and implementing effective parent/guardian involvement and engagement activities to improve the student academic achievement and school performance [1116(a)(2)(B)].

To the extent feasible and appropriate, parent and family engagement strategies will be coordinated and integrated with other relevant Federal, State, and local laws and programs [1116(a)(2)(C)].

The following initiatives have been implemented at the school:

- a. Annual Fall Federal and State Programs (including Title I) Parent Meeting to inform all parents/guardians of Federal and State Program requirements, their rights to be involved and provide input in school policies and planning, how progress is measured and how they receive feedback about their child's progress [1116(c)(1)].
- b. Parent and family meetings are scheduled throughout the year to provide all parents with a description and explanation about the school's curriculum, assessments, and proficiency level expectations. Efforts are made to assist parents in understanding challenging State academic standards and the achievement levels established for students, the school curriculum, and school expectations and assessment results [1116(c)(4)(B)].
- c. Parents/guardians have the opportunity to make arrangements to speak to their child's teacher regarding their child's progress throughout the school year.
- d. Parent-Teacher Conferences are scheduled during the school year to give parents/guardians the opportunity to discuss and to get information pertaining to their child's academic progress.
- e. Progress reports and report cards are sent home to notify parents of their child's performance and progress.
- f. The principal will be available upon request to help parents/guardians better understand the state assessments.
- g. Parent learning events and materials to help parents and families develop and use at-home skills that support their child's academic and social development.
- h. Meetings are scheduled for parents to provide suggestions and direction relating to the education of their children and for the school to respond to any parent suggestions as soon as practicably possible [1116(c)(4)(C)].

Other activities that promote parent/guardian involvement and engagement (but not limited to):

- a. School assemblies/ceremonies (parents invited)
- b. Volunteer opportunities
- c. Classroom observations (as requested)
- d. Special event and reminder notices
- e. Parent Room with community resources listed and computer access
- f. Voice of Parent survey
- g. Athletic and extra-curricular events (as they occur)

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In order to develop a partnership between the home and the school, and to build meaningful, consistent, and effective communication, the information regarding school programs is provided to parents/guardians in a timely manner according to the following ways [1116(c)(4)(A)]:

- a. Annual Federal and State Programs (including Title I) Parent Meeting
- b. Annual Parent and Family Continuous School Improvement Meeting
- c. The Parent and Student Handbook
- d. Regular school and classroom newsletters
- e. The annual school calendar
- f. Report Cards
- g. Parent-Teacher conferences
- h. Parent and Family Engagement events
- i. The School-Parent Compact
- j. Bilingual staff or translators are available for interpretation and translation of important documents for limited English proficient parents/guardians and families of migratory children
- k. School administration will meet with families who have limited English proficiency, families with members who have disabilities, families experiencing homelessness, and migratory families to provide information regarding support available to them [1116(f)]

Involving Parents/Guardians in the development of the Parent and Family Engagement Policy, continuous school improvement planning process and plan

Parents/guardians will be involved in the planning, review, and improvement of the school's parent and family engagement policy, and the joint development of the continuous school improvement plan, the intervention program, and the Parent and Family Engagement Plan [1116(a)(2)(F)], [1116(a)(3)(B)], [1116(c)(3)]. At least annually, the school, parents/guardians, and family members will be invited to evaluate the content and effectiveness of the Continuous School Improvement Plan, Parent and Family Engagement Plan, and the Intervention Program [1116(a)(2)(D)]. The school will offer a flexible number of meetings at different times to ensure as many parents/guardians as possible will have the opportunity to participate in the joint development and evaluation of the before-mentioned policies [1116(c)(2)].

The school, to the extent practicable, will provide full opportunities for the participation of parents/guardians with limited English proficiency, parents/guardians with disabilities, and parents/guardians of migratory children, including providing information and school reports required in a format, and to the extent practicable, in a language the parents/guardians understand.

Conducting, with the involvement of parents, an evaluation of the content and effectiveness of the parental and family engagement policy and initiatives in improving the academic quality of the school, including identify barriers to greater participation by parents in activities authorized by Title I.

Parents/guardians, family, and school staff members will be asked to evaluate the effectiveness of parent and family engagement policy initiatives and the level of responsiveness to parent and family concerns. The findings of such an evaluation will be published and made available for review by parents/guardians and will be used to design strategies for more effective parent/guardian involvement. The evaluation of the content and effectiveness of the parent and family engagement policy will identify [1116(a)(2)(D)]:

- a. Barriers to participation by parents, including parents who may be economically disadvantaged, disabled, limited English proficient, limited literacy, or any racial or ethnic minority backgrounds;
- b. The needs of parents and family members in assisting with the learning of the children;

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- c. Strategies to support successful school and family interactions.

All stakeholders will be given an opportunity to review, plan, and help improve Federal and State Programs (including Title I), including parent and family engagement activities and strategies that are implemented with Federal and State funds. Strategies and activities may include, but are not limited to [1116(a)(3)(D)]:

- a. Providing professional development for school staff on parent and family engagement strategies;
- b. Supporting parent, family, and community outreach programs;
- c. Best practices for increasing parent and family engagement;
- d. Collaborating with community partners or other vendors with expertise in increasing parent and family engagement.

Parents/guardians are responsible for submitting any comments and feedback if the Parent and Family Engagement Policy or if schoolwide plan is not satisfactory [1116(b)(4)], [1116(c)(5)]. Comments can be included in the formal survey given during planning and evaluation meetings, through open discussion, or through private means (mail, email, telephone) including anonymously. The feedback provided will be used by the school to design strategies for more effective parent and family engagement and to revise, if necessary, this Parent and Family Engagement Policy [1116(a)(2)(E)].

Jointly developing, with involvement of parents and the school, the school-parent compact and outlining shared responsibilities and means for improving student academic achievement.

The school-parent compact will address the importance of communication on an ongoing basis by the following means:

- a. Describing the school's responsibility to provide high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive learning environment that enables students to succeed academically by meeting state standards [1116(d)(1)];
- b. Describing the parents' responsibility to support their children's learning by participating in decisions relating to their children's education [1116(d)(1)];
- c. Sharing, at least annually, the compact during parent-teacher conferences as it relates to student achievement [1116(d)(2)(A)];
- d. Providing parents frequent reports on their children's progress [1116(d)(2)(B)];
- e. Providing parents reasonable access to communicate with school staff on an individual or community wide basis [1116(d)(2)(C)];
- f. Providing parents opportunities to volunteer and participate in their child's class, including observation of classroom activities [1116(d)(2)(C)];
- g. Ensuring two way and meaningful communication, to the extent practicable, in a language family members can understand [1116(d)(2)(D)].

Collaboration Statement

All stakeholders will have the opportunity to contribute to the development of the Continuous School Improvement Plan, Parent and Family Engagement Plan, and the Title I Parent and Family Engagement Policy. Stakeholders include staff, parents/guardians, board members and community partners. All stakeholders are encouraged to participate in and attend parent meetings and family events. Stakeholders will have the opportunity to provide the school with feedback through written surveys. Feedback provided to the school through communication and the written surveys will be reviewed for incorporation into the Continuous School Improvement Plan, Parent and Family Engagement Plan, and Title I Parent and Family Engagement Policy.

Parental Partnership: Visitor and Volunteer Guidelines

Visitors and volunteers are expected to review and honor the following guidelines while visiting or volunteering for the school. Violation of these guidelines endangers the safety of students and their right to an education. Those not abiding by these guidelines may be barred from the building and/or prevented from participating in future volunteer opportunities. Please contact the school's office for information on becoming a volunteer.

General

1. Potential volunteers must complete the appropriate level of background check and training on mandated reporting of child abuse and neglect before a volunteer assignment begins. Parents and guardians may complete the online Volunteer Authorization and Release form on the parents' form site to begin the background check process. Individuals who do not have access to the parents' form site can complete the Volunteer Authorization and Release form on the school's website as a community member. Registered sex offenders will not be allowed to volunteer.
2. Volunteers who will have access to students' education records will be required to complete training under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA").
3. All visitors and volunteers must be processed through the visitor management system, using their driver's license and must wear a form of identification provided by the school. They may also be required to submit to a criminal background check.
4. All visitors and volunteers must sign both in and out in the school office. They may not walk directly to any classroom unless given permission by the office staff.
5. All visitors and volunteers must reinforce and demonstrate the school's Moral Focus Philosophy.
6. The distribution of literature, without prior approval from a dean or the principal, is prohibited.
7. Visitors and volunteers must abide by staff instructions, asking for clarification if necessary.
8. Corporal punishment is prohibited.
9. The school is a public school with a Board policy of neutrality regarding religion. Visitors and volunteers may neither show preference for any one religion over any other religion nor share their personal religious views with students.
10. Appropriate dress is required.
11. The use of any of the following is strictly prohibited: tobacco, marijuana, e-cigarettes/vaporizers and paraphernalia, and alcohol

Classrooms

1. The teacher is ultimately responsible for the students and activities in his/her classroom.
2. Volunteers should enter classrooms quietly and wait for a break in the activity before communicating with the teacher and students.
3. Student infractions must be addressed by the classroom teacher.
4. Classroom issues regarding students are confidential. Visitors and volunteers may not talk with others about the learning or disciplinary needs of any child other than their own.
5. Classroom visitors are allowed for a limited time and must have the principal's permission.

Field Trips

1. Volunteer drivers must provide a valid driver's license, proof of insurance, and a sufficient number of seat belts to transport their assigned students. Volunteer drivers, overnight chaperones, and anyone in attendance of a field trip will be required to submit to a criminal background check.
2. Volunteers must follow all instructions provided by the teacher or school.
3. Smoking is prohibited in the presence of students.
4. Volunteer drivers must drive directly to the event and return directly to school (or pre-approved location) immediately after the event. "Side trips" are prohibited.
5. Volunteer drivers should leave radios off and avoid playing music.
6. Volunteers must behave appropriately when participating on field trips.

Field trips are a privilege, not a right, and participation is determined at the teachers' and administrators' discretion.

General School Procedures

Transportation

Because the school does not own a fleet of buses, parents are expected to provide the means for their children to get to and from school.

Drivers

Traffic congestion can occur on a daily basis during the arrival and dismissal process. Parents are asked to be patient and to plan on some delays, particularly during inclement weather. Please contact the front office should you have questions about the arrival and dismissal process.

Bicycles

Riding bicycles to and from school is strongly discouraged due to safety reasons. If it is necessary for a student to ride a bicycle to school, he/she must park and lock the bicycle in the school's bike rack before school begins and leave it untouched until school is dismissed. The school does not assume responsibility for damage or theft of bicycles. The student should register his/her bike with the police department and must wear a bicycle helmet.

Walkers and City Bus Riders

Parents or guardians who wish their students to walk home from school must complete the Student Walk Home Release form. Students who walk to and from school should go directly home following dismissal. Failing to do so may cause undue worry for parents and staff members.

Before & After School Care Program

The Before School Program (BSP) operates from 6:30 a.m. to 7:10 a.m. Teachers and assistants on staff will be supervising the program. Parents are expected to escort their child to the main door for BSP. To enroll your child in this program, please complete the Before & After School Care Program form available on the school website and in the school office.

Scholars who have prepaid for the After School Program (ASP) in the Infinite Campus School Store and will be staying on campus after dismissal can participate in the ASP. The program operates from 3:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. A healthy snack will be provided each day. Parents are to pick their child up no later than 6:30 p.m. To enroll your child in this program, please complete the Before & After School Care Program form available on the school website and in the school office.

For additional information, please visit the school website's [Before & After School Care](#) page. Any questions, concerns, or comments can be sent to the Program Director 127.tlewis@nhaschools.com.

Meals

For grades K-5, the school schedule allows for a 20-minute lunch period and a 15-minute recess period. Students in grades 6-8 have a 30-minute lunch period. A nutritious lunch, including milk, is available at no charge at school, or students may bring a sack lunch from home. Breakfast is also offered prior to the start of school.

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Parents should complete an online [Free/Reduced Application](#) or the forms are also available in the school's front office. Students not qualifying for subsidized meals must prepay. Lack of prepayment will result in discontinued meal service. Parents are encouraged to pay for meals using the free online secure service at the [LINQ Connect website](#). The account can be set up using the student's ID number and first and last name exactly as it is in Parent Portal, and payments can be made with either a credit card or check. At the [LINQ Connect website](#), parents can make payments, view their balance, and monitor purchased meals. Any remaining balance upon a student withdrawing from school will be refunded upon request.

Snacks

A snack period may be offered at the discretion of the teacher. Students must bring their own snacks from home as they are not provided by the school. During the snack time, students must be in their seats. They may talk quietly with those sitting near them. Snack time is considered a working part of the day. Students may be asked to read or to complete other work during this time. Snacks should be nutritional (e.g., fruit, vegetables, cheese and crackers). Candy, pop/soda, and sweets are not acceptable.

Recess

As in the classroom, the supervising adult is the authority during recess. When playing games, students are encouraged to include anyone interested in participating. Games that are abusive or demeaning are not permitted. All students are to remain in the designated recess area. Students are not allowed to use playground equipment while waiting for school to begin, waiting for rides, or following dismissal.

Holiday Celebrations

Birthdays

Birthday celebrations are allowed with 48-hour notice to the homeroom teacher and can only be scheduled during Moral Focus or Recess time. Treats must be purchased from a grocery store or bakery and enough treats for the entire class. Treats must adhere to any allergies of students in the class.

Halloween

Halloween is not celebrated at the school. Consequently, costumes are not worn to school.

Winter Holiday

Classes may have a small party at the end of the last day before the winter break.

Valentine's Day

Students in grades K-4 are encouraged to celebrate by making homemade valentines for their classmates. A class list will be supplied by the teacher for parents' convenience. Students who bring valentines must give one to each of their classmates. Students in grades 5-8 make special valentines at school that are shared with veterans, senior citizens, hospitalized children, or members of the armed services.

Field Trips

When students travel away from school, they are subject to the same rules, regulations, and appropriate politeness observed at the school. As in the classroom, the teacher will judge behavior as acceptable or unacceptable. Misbehavior or disregard of school policies can result in denial of field trip privileges. Signed permission slips must be on file with the teacher for each student on each field trip.

Lost and Found

The lost and found is located in the main entryway. Unclaimed items are donated to charity at the end of each quarter. During the fall and spring conferences and prior to both the winter and spring breaks, lost and found items are displayed in the main hallway. Fragile items are kept in the office.

Personal Items

The school will not accept responsibility for the personal items of students. We expect students to leave belongings that are not necessary for their education at home. Any personal items that staff members judge to be unsafe, inappropriate for school, or interfering with students' educational focus will be confiscated and held in the office or remain in the possession of a staff member until the parents retrieve them. The school shall not be responsible for any items lost or damaged while in its possession.

Students shall not possess cell phones, smart watches, tablets, music players, video equipment, cameras, gaming devices, AI glasses, laser pointers, recording devices, and electronic devices during the instructional day at school or school-related events. Subject to the Search and Seizure Practices and Procedures, the possession of such electronic devices during those restricted times constitutes the consent to search for and confiscate the device(s) by school personnel. Confiscated devices may be returned at the end of the school day.

Coaches and personnel in charge of extracurricular activities may make exceptions to this rule upon obtaining the principal's permission.

Any exceptions to this general rule sought by parents for specific health or safety concerns should be brought to the attention of the principal. The principal's determination is final.

Emergency School Procedures

In the case of severe weather (e.g., major snowstorm, ice storm, dangerous wind chills, heavy fog), the principal will notify local radio and TV stations regarding the decision to close school or delay its opening. A phone message will also be sent out to each family through our myNHA Application calling system. In the event of closure, teachers will provide learning opportunities through the use of digital tools or materials relevant to current learning targets to promote every day as a learning day.

Severe Thunderstorm Watch or Warning

If school is already in session when the watch or warning is issued, the school stays open. The staff takes safety precautions.

Tornado Watch

Students remain in school, and the staff takes safety precautions. Students are released to parents or other designated adults upon request.

Tornado Warning

All students and staff members remain in the building and take shelter in designated areas. Students may be detained beyond the usual dismissal time. Students are released to parents or other designated adults upon request once it is safe to do so.

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Emergency Drills

Emergency drills are held throughout the year. In some instances, parents may be informed following a drill.

Sudden Cardiac Arrest Training

In accordance with O.C.G.A. 20-2-324.5, the School shall hold information meetings twice per year regarding the symptoms and warning signs of sudden cardiac arrest. At such informational meeting, an info sheet on sudden cardiac arrest symptoms and warning signs shall be provided to each student's parent or guardian. For purposes of the statute, "student" is defined as being in grades 6-12.

Suicide Prevention

Jonquil Preparatory Academy prioritizes the health and well-being of all students. In accordance with O.C.G.A. § 20-2-779.1, the Board of Directors has adopted a suicide prevention policy focused on prevention, intervention, and postvention which will help to protect all students through the following steps:

- **Prevention:** Students will learn about recognizing and responding to warning signs of suicide in friends, using coping skills, support systems, and seeking help for themselves and friends, and help-seeking behavior will be encouraged at all levels of the school leadership and by all stakeholders. The School will provide annual training in the area of suicide awareness and prevention for all personnel, and all stakeholders will work to create a school climate that fosters a feeling of connectedness between the students and the School.
- **Intervention:** The principal is designated as the suicide prevention coordinator to serve as a point of contact for students in crisis and to refer students to appropriate resources. When a student is identified as being at-risk, a risk assessment will be completed by a trained school staff member who will work with the student and help connect the student to appropriate local resources. Parents or guardians will be contacted as soon as possible after a student has been identified as being at risk for suicide.
- **Postvention:** A suicide death in a school community requires implementing a coordinated crisis response to assist staff, students, and families who are impacted by the death and to restore an environment focused on education.
- Students have access to state and national resources that they can contact for additional support, such as:
 - Georgia Crisis & Access Line: 1-800-715-4225
 - National Suicide Prevention Lifeline: 1-800-273-TALK (8255),
 - [Suicidepreventionlifeline.org](https://suicidepreventionlifeline.org)
 - The Trevor Lifeline: 1-866-488-7386 thetrevorproject.org/get-help-now
 - Trevor Lifeline Text/Chat Services, available 24/7 Text "TREVOR" to 678-678
 - Crisis Text Line: Text TALK to 741-741 crisistextline.org

All school personnel and students are expected to help create a school climate of respect and support, in which students feel comfortable seeking help for themselves or friends.

While confidentiality and privacy are important, students should know that when there is risk of suicide, safety comes first.

Tobacco Use and Non-Smoking Policy

The school is a non-smoking facility. Any form of smoking, including but not limited to e-cigarettes/vaporizers and paraphernalia, and tobacco use are prohibited anywhere on school property, in all indoor facilities, and in the presence of students.

Payments Made to School

Checks written to the school that are returned for insufficient funds are processed through a service called Payliance. If a check is returned, Payliance contacts the person who wrote the check to collect the check's face value plus a collection fee. If he/she cannot be contacted or fails to respond properly, the check may be resubmitted to the bank with applicable collection fees.

Medical Information

To maintain a healthy learning environment, students are required to provide evidence of required immunizations.

Health Screenings

In Georgia, students enrolling in public school for the first time, regardless of age, are required to have a Certificate of Vision, Hearing, Dental, and Nutrition Screening (Form 3300) on file. This form must be completed by a physician, local health department, or can be obtained from a public health clinic.

Immunization Requirements

No student shall be admitted in school without having submitted a certificate of immunization. The school may grant a 30-day waiver of the certificate requirement for a justified reason. The waiver may be extended from the date of first admittance or first attendance, whichever is earlier, for up to 90 days provided documentation is on file at the school from the local health department or a physician specifying that an immunization sequence has been started and will be completed within the 90-day wavier period. Georgia law allows two types of exemptions from immunization requirements: medical and religious. Medical exemptions must be marked on the immunization certificate by the physician. Form 3231 is the only acceptable format for medical exemptions to be documented, and can be obtained from a physician, health department, or immunization registry. A signed, notarized Affidavit of Religious Exemption (Form 2208) may also be accepted.

Please refer to the [Georgia Department of Public Health website](#) for current information regarding minimum required immunizations and important details regarding the vaccines.

Human papillomavirus (HPV) refers to a group of viruses that includes more than 100 different strains or types. More than 30 of these viruses are sexually transmitted. Some of these viruses are called "high-risk" types and may lead to cancer. The virus lives in the skin or mucous membranes and usually causes no symptoms. There is no cure for HPV infection, although in many cases, the infection goes away on its own. The HPV vaccine is recommended for adolescents 11-18 years of age. The vaccine is given through a series of either two or three doses. Parents are encouraged to talk with their child's health care provider or local health department about HPV and immunization. More information is also available at the [Center for Disease Control's website](#).

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Meningococcal Disease

Meningococcal disease is a dangerous bacterial disease that can strike children and youth. The bacteria are spread from person to person by direct contact with an infected person's nose or throat secretions. Illness often starts with a sudden fever, headache, stiff neck, a rash, and possibly nausea and vomiting. An infected person may become very sick within a few hours of the first symptoms and should seek medical care immediately. The disease could result in death or permanent disability.

Parents should talk with their child's health care provider or local health department about meningococcal disease and immunization.

Medication Administration

Only necessary medications that must be given during regular school hours will be administered.

All medications, whether prescribed (written instructions from a licensed prescriber are required for all prescription medication administered to students) or over the counter, require written permission from the custodial parent. They must complete the Medication Administration Permission form (one form per medication). The form must be renewed each school year or upon any change in medication or dosage.

A physician signature is required under the following conditions:

- Any possession or use of an inhaler or epinephrine injector.
- Any self-possession or self-administration of any medication.

Parents must include any prescribed treatment or care plan. An emergency care plan from the physician is required for asthma and epinephrine medications.

Prescribed medication must be delivered to the school in the original container prepared and labeled by a pharmacy. The label must specify the name of the student, the name of the licensed prescriber, name of the prescription drug, dosage, effective date, frequency of administration, and directions in a legible format. Over-the-counter medication must be in the original package and have the student's name affixed to the package.

The medication supplied to the school must be in the exact dosage prescribed. The individual administering medications is not responsible for dividing or splitting pills. All medication must be picked up by the parent at the end of the school year or upon a student's withdrawal. Any medication not picked up will be discarded.

If a parent is accompanying their child on a field trip, the parent will be required to administer the child's medication.

Notifications

Rights Under FERPA

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords parents certain rights with respect to their child's education records. These rights are:

- The right to inspect and review the student's education records within 45 days of the day the school receives a request for access. Parents should submit a written request to the school principal clearly identifying the record(s) they wish to inspect. A school official will make arrangements for access and notify the parents of the time and place the records may be inspected.
- The right to seek an amendment of the student's education records that the parent believes are inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the student's rights of privacy. Parents should submit a written request to the school principal, clearly identifying the part of the record they want amended and specifying its inaccuracy. If the school decides not to amend the record as requested, it will notify the parents of the decision and advise them of their right to a hearing to challenge the content of the student's education records. Hearing procedures will be provided to the parents when a hearing is requested.
- The right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent. The school does not need written consent to disclose a student's education records if the disclosure meets one or more of the following conditions and the disclosure is to or for: (see 20 U.S.C. § 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99.31):
 1. School administrators, teachers, support staff, and NHA personnel which have a legitimate educational interest
 2. Persons or organizations with whom the school or NHA has outsourced services or functions and which have a legitimate educational interest (e.g., attorneys, auditors, medical consultants, special and supplemental education providers, therapists)
 3. Officials of another school where the student seeks or intends to enroll or where the student is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment, and as long as a proper records release request is received by the sending school
 4. Certain federal and state officials and educational authorities (for audit, evaluation, reporting, or compliance purposes) or state and local authorities concerning the juvenile justice system in accordance with state statute
 5. Appropriate parties in connection with financial aid to a student
 6. Organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, the school or NHA to develop, validate, or administer predictive tests, administer student aid programs, or improve instruction
 7. Accrediting organizations to carry out accrediting functions
 8. Compliance with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena after the school makes a reasonable effort to notify the parent of the order or subpoena
 9. Appropriate parties, in connection with an emergency if knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. Appropriate party under the health or safety emergency exception to FERPA's general consent requirements is a party whose knowledge of such

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information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other persons. This may include law enforcement officials, public health officials, trained medical personnel and parents (including parents of an eligible student).

- The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the school to comply with the requirements of FERPA:

Family Policy Compliance Office
U.S. Department of Education
400 Maryland Avenue SW
Washington, D.C. 20202-5920

Right to Know under Federal Law

The school ensures all parents of students are aware of their right to know the professional qualifications of the school's classroom teachers and the school must give this information to parents in a timely manner if they ask for it. Specifically, the parents have the right to ask for the following information about each of their child's classroom teachers:

- Whether the State Department of Education has licensed or qualified the teacher for the grades and subjects he/she teaches
- Whether the State Department of Education has decided that the teacher can teach in a classroom without being licensed or qualified under state regulations because of special circumstances
- The teacher's college major
- Whether the teacher has any advanced degrees and, if so, the subject of the degrees
- Whether any teachers' aides or similar paraprofessionals provide service to their child and, if they do, their qualifications

Parents are made aware of their "right to know" upon enrollment and/or the beginning of the school year in August when receiving the Parent and Student Handbook. Parents can contact the school principal with questions or concerns either in person in the school office or by phone. The school address and phone number are listed in the front of the handbook.

Rights under the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment

The Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA) affords parents certain rights concerning student privacy, parental access to information, and administration of physical examinations to minors. These include the right to:

- Consent before students are required to submit to a survey, which is funded in part or in whole by a program of the U.S. Department of Education, that concerns one or more of the following protected areas ("protected information survey"):
 1. Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or student's parent
 2. Mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family
 3. Sexual behavior or attitudes
 4. Anti-social, demeaning, illegal, or self-incriminating behavior
 5. Critical appraisals of others with whom respondents have close familial relationships
 6. Legally recognized privileged relationships, such as with lawyers, doctors, or ministers
 7. Religious affiliations, beliefs, or practices of the student or parent
 8. Income, other than as required by law, to determine program eligibility

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- Receive notice and an opportunity to opt a student out of the following:
 1. Any other protected information survey, regardless of funding
 2. Any non-emergency, invasive physical exam or screening required as a condition of attendance, administered by the school or its agent, and not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student (except for hearing, vision, scoliosis, or any other physical exam or screening permitted or required under state law)
 3. Any activity involving the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information or the marketing, selling, or distributing of such information to others
- Inspect the following, upon request and before administration or use:
 1. Surveys created by a third party before their distribution by a school to its students
 2. Instruments used to collect personal information from students for marketing, sales, or other distribution purposes
 3. Instructional material used as part of the educational curriculum

The school protects student privacy in the administration of protected surveys and the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information for marketing, sales, or other distribution purposes. The school will also both directly notify parents through U.S. Mail, e-mail, parent meetings, or the Parent and Student Handbook of the specific or approximate dates (if such events are planned and/or scheduled) of the above activities and provide an opportunity to opt a student out of participating in them. *Parents who believe their rights have been violated may file a complaint with:*

Family Policy Compliance Office
U.S. Department of Education
400 Maryland Avenue SW
Washington, D.C. 20202-5920

Scouting America

The school does not discriminate against any group officially affiliated with either Scouting America or any other youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic society) that wishes to conduct a meeting within an open forum. The school does not deny such access or opportunity or discriminate for reasons based on the membership or leadership criteria or the oath of allegiance to God and country of Scouting America or the youth groups listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic society).

Title IX

If students, their parents/guardians, or anyone else on their behalf believe they have been subjected to discriminatory harassment, including but not limited to harassment related to the students' sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity and expression, or pregnancy by school board members, staff, students, vendors, contractors, or other persons doing business with the school, it should be immediately reported to the school principal (Academy or designee) of the school and should provide specific details regarding the event, the date of the event, and the parties involved. The complaint will be considered confidential and will be expeditiously investigated by the Academy or designee with the assistance of NHA legal counsel as necessary and appropriate.

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The School intends to comply with Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, which states, in part: “No persons in the United States shall on the basis of sex be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving financial assistance....”

As such, the School does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its education program or activities, and is required by Title IX and its regulations not to discriminate in such a manner. This requirement not to discriminate in the education program or activity extends to admission and employment.

The following person shall be the Compliance Officer/Title IX Coordinator and is responsible for investigating any complaint alleging noncompliance with Title IX.

Landon Brown
2144 S Cobb Dr SE
Smyrna, GA 30080
Phone: (678) 370-0980
127.lbrown@nhaschools.com

Any person may report sex discrimination, including sexual harassment (whether or not the person reporting is the person alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sex discrimination or sexual harassment), in person, by mail, by telephone, or by electronic mail, using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator, or by any other means that results in the Title IX Coordinator receiving the person’s verbal or written report. Such a report may be made at any time (including during non-business hours) by using the telephone number or electronic mail address, or by mail to the office address, listed for the Title IX Coordinator.

Inquiries about the application of Title IX and its regulations to the School may be referred to the Title IX Coordinator, to the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the Department, or both.

A specific procedure for grievances related to Title IX issues is set forth as the “Title IX Grievance Procedure.” *34 CFR 106*

The language above will be posted on the School’s website within two clicks of the home page; in other School-related documents made available to students, parents, staff, and applicants (e.g., student newspapers, parent newsletters, student handbooks, employee handbooks, application forms, recruiting materials, etc.).

Student Reporting of Alleged Sexually Inappropriate Behavior

Any student (or another party on behalf of student) who has been the victim of an act of sexual abuse or sexual misconduct by a teacher, administrator or other school employee is urged to make an oral report of the act to any teacher, counselor or administrator at the school.

Any teacher, counselor or administrator receiving a report alleging a student was the victim of sexual abuse or sexual misconduct committed by a teacher, administrator or other employee shall make an oral report of the incident immediately by telephone or otherwise to the school principal or principal’s designee, and shall submit a written report of the incident to the school principal or principal’s designee within 24 hours. If the principal is the person accused of the sexual abuse or sexual misconduct, the oral and written reports should be made to both the governing board and the State Charter School Commission.

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Any school principal or principal's designee receiving a report of sexual abuse as defined in O.C.G.A. 19-7-5 shall make an oral report immediately, but in no case later than 24 hours from the time there is reasonable cause to believe a child has been abused. The report should be made by telephone and followed by a written report in writing, if requested, to a child welfare agency providing protective services, as designated by the Department of Human Resources, or, in the absence of such agency, to an appropriate police authority or district attorney.

Reports of acts of sexual misconduct against a student by a teacher, administrator or other employee not covered by O.C.G.A. 19-7-5 or 20-2-1184 shall be investigated immediately by school personnel. If the investigation of the allegation of sexual misconduct indicates a reasonable cause to believe that the report of sexual misconduct is valid, the principal or principal's designee shall make an immediate written report to the governing board of the school, the highest member of authority at the school (Director of School Quality, and the Professional Standards Commission Ethics Division.

Mandated Reporting of Abuse/Neglect Policy

(SBOE Rule 160-4-8-.04 and OCGA § 19-7-5)

Reporting Requirements

All school personnel and volunteers are mandated reporters of suspected child abuse, including neglect. State law requires that school employees and volunteers report any suspected child abuse immediately, and no later than within 24 hours. Mandated reporters are required to report suspected child abuse when they have reasonable cause to believe that a child under 18 years old has been harmed, or is in danger of being harmed physically, sexually, through neglect, or that the child is otherwise endangered. Child abuse, sexual abuse, and neglect are further defined below.

Once the mandated reporter becomes aware that a student may be the victim of abuse or neglect, they must (1) notify the Designated Reporter, and (2) fill out and provide to the Designated Reporter an abuse/neglect incident report. At Jonquil Prep, the Designated Reporter is the Principal. If the Principal is not available, mandated reporters should notify and provide their report to the dean overseeing the potential victim. If neither the Principal nor the dean overseeing the potential victim is available, the mandated reporter should make their report directly to the Department of Family and Children Services (DFCS) as described below. An abuse/neglect incident report can be obtained in the Principal's and/or Social Worker's Office. Suspected child abuse shall be reported notwithstanding that the reasonable cause to believe such abuse has occurred or is occurring is based in whole or in part on any communication to that person which is otherwise made privileged or confidential by law.

After the mandated reporter makes their report to the Designated Reporter, the Designated Reporter must immediately submit this information to the DFCS.

No one in the workplace, even a supervisor, is permitted to suppress, change, or edit a report of abuse. A mandated reporter who willfully fails to report suspected incidents of child abuse or neglect is subject to license suspension or revocation, and commits a misdemeanor.

When reporting the incident to the Designated Reporter, or directly to DFCS, staff must provide the following information (or as much as is known): the name, birth date, address of the alleged victim, and the names of the parents and/or caretakers; the name, address, age or birth date, and relationship of the alleged perpetrator; what type of injury or harm was allegedly done to the victim; and a description of the incident (time/date, place in which it occurred). If possible, staff

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members should also have information available about the student's siblings (names, dates of birth, ages, and schools).

After the Designated Reporter or personnel member submits the report through the DFCS hotline, DFCS must assign the investigation to a caseworker, and confirm that assignment within 48 hours of the hotline call. DFCS will then send a letter or email to the school providing the contact information for the caseworker and documentation of the initiation of the investigation. The caseworker will contact the Designated Reporter if further information is needed. When necessary, the caseworker will speak directly with the employee who reported the abuse or neglect.

Mandatory reporting records are confidential under law. Accordingly, neither the reporting individual nor any other school employee should communicate with the family of a child who is the subject of the suspected abuse about the details of the report. Instead, if a family asks about a report, the employee should tell the child's family to contact DFCS.

Definitions

"Child abuse" means:

- (A) Physical injury or death inflicted upon a child by a parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person responsible for the care of such child by other than accidental means; provided, however, that physical forms of discipline may be used as long as there is no physical injury to the child;
- (B) Neglect of a child by a parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person responsible for the care of such child;
- (C) Emotional abuse of a child;
- (D) Sexual abuse or sexual exploitation of a child;
- (E) Prenatal abuse of a child by a parent;
- (F) An act or failure to act that presents an imminent risk of serious harm to the child's physical, mental, or emotional health; or
- (G) Trafficking a child for labor servitude.

O.C.G.A. § 19-7-5(b)(5).

Common injuries for school personnel to be aware of include "bruises that are patterned, resemble the shape of an object, or on non-boney areas of the body like the buttocks, ears, neck, inner thighs/genitals, etc., and/or bruises that are in various stages of healing after an absence from school; bite marks that are too large to be from another child or inconsistent with animal bites; burns that appear to result from immersion in hot liquid or resemble an object like a cigarette or car lighter." Child abuse also occurs, for example, where a parent creates a substantial risk of physical injury by shaking, throwing, choking, smothering, or pushing the child into fixed objects. When reporting physical abuse, it is also important to document the presence of any injuries, as a report may not be taken unless evidence of harm exists.

Sexual abuse is defined in the Georgia Code (O.C.G.A. § 19-7-5(b)(17)) as "a person's employing, using, persuading, inducing, enticing, or coercing any minor who is not such person's spouse to engage in any act which involves: (A) Sexual intercourse, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or oral-anal, whether between persons of the same or opposite sex; (B) Bestiality; (C) Masturbation; (D) Lewd exhibition of the genitals or pubic area of any person; (E) Flagellation or torture by or upon a person who is nude; (F) Condition of being fettered, bound, or otherwise physically restrained on the part of a person who is nude; (G) Physical contact in an act of apparent sexual stimulation or gratification with any person's clothed or unclothed genitals, pubic area, or buttocks or with a female's clothed or unclothed breasts; (H) Defecation or urination for the purpose of sexual stimulation; (I) Penetration of the vagina or rectum by any

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object except when done as part of a recognized medical procedure, or (J) Any act described by subsection (c) of Code Section 16-5-46.”

A child’s disclosure of sexual abuse must be handled sensitively. When a student attempts to disclose sexual abuse, observe the child closely and listen attentively while maintaining a calm demeanor. The mandated reporter must pay very careful attention to the disclosure of sexual abuse, but should not encourage the student to disclose information in addition to what is being given voluntarily. Take very careful notes, writing the student’s words verbatim as much as possible. Refer the student immediately to the designated reporter.

Neglect is “(A) The failure to provide proper parental care or control, subsistence, education as required by law, or other care or control necessary for a child’s physical, mental, or emotional health or morals; (B) The failure to provide a child with adequate supervision necessary for such child’s well-being; or (C) The abandonment of a child by his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian. 6.”

Unsafe School Choice Option

A student attending a persistently dangerous school or a student who is a victim of a violent criminal offense on school property has the right to transfer to another safe school in the district, if his/her parent requests a transfer. If there is not another safe school in the district providing instruction at the student’s grade level, the school shall contact neighboring districts to request that the student be permitted to transfer to a school in one of those districts.

Asbestos Management Plan

The Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) requires us to annually notify parents, students, staff members, and others who regularly occupy the school building of compliance with AHERA. An Asbestos Management Plan (AMP) has been developed for the school and is on file in the school office. Parents may schedule an appointment with the principal if they wish to review the AMP.

Pesticide Notification

The school aims to control pest populations and to reduce the use of active pesticides throughout the school by implementing an integrated pest management program. The health and safety of all persons within the school’s facilities are of primary concern. In addition to providing parents with this annual notification, the school will notify parents in advance of individual pesticide applications of non-emergency applications of pesticides such as an insecticide, fungicide, or herbicide, other than a bait or gel formation, that is made to the school ground or building. Please note that notification is not given for the use of sanitizers, germicides, disinfectants, or antimicrobial cleaners. In certain emergencies, such as an infestation of stinging insects, pesticides may be applied without prior notice to prevent injury to students, but parents will be notified following any such application. Advance notice will be posted on the front door and posted in a public, common area of the school other than the entrance. A parent can also request to be notified by letter postmarked at least 72 hours before the application is to take place. Please contact the school office if you wish to be notified by letter or wish to review the school’s integrated pest management program or records. Your school will provide additional information regarding this.

School-Parent Compact

Jonquil Preparatory Academy and the parents of enrolled students agree that this School-Parent Compact outlines how the parents, the entire school staff, and the students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will build and develop a partnership that will help children achieve the State's high standards.

Jointly Developed and Revised:

Parents, staff and students at Jonquil Preparatory Academy jointly developed this School-Parent Compact based on input collected during the Fall Federal and State Programs Parent Meeting, Spring School Improvement Planning Meeting and Annual Spring Parent and Family Engagement Program Evaluation and Input Meeting. These meetings are open to all parents/students/staff who are encouraged to attend through various means of communication not inclusive of invitations by email, school messenger, text reminders, flyers sent home with students and postings within the school building. All stakeholder feedback is compiled, analyzed and revisions to the compact made in response to this input and our changing student needs and school improvement goals. The revised compact is then communicated/reviewed in partnership with parents, students and teachers. This school-parent compact is in effect during school year 2026-2027 as jointly revised with parents.

Jonquil Preparatory Academy Goals:

As a single building district/school our goals for student academic achievement and focus areas for 2026-2027 include:

Reading:

- Increase student proficiency in grades 3-5 by 5% on GMAS.
- Implement structured literacy using Science of Reading practices in K-2
- Increase the percentage of 3rd grade students achieving a Lexile measure equal to or greater than 650.

Math:

- Increase student proficiency in grades 3-5 by 5% on GMAS.
- Implement daily NHA math frameworks aligned to state standards.
- Make progress in K-2 numeracy from beginning of year to middle of year to end of year assessments.

School Responsibilities:

- Provide high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables children to meet the State's student academic achievement standards as follows: employing state qualified teaching staff and providing intervention support to the most academically at-risk students at the school.
- Hold parent-teacher conferences at least annually during which this compact will be discussed as it relates to the
- individual child's achievement. Adequate notice will be provided to parents of conference scheduling.
- Provide parents with frequent reports on their children's progress. Specifically, the school will provide reports as follows: the distribution of progress reports and report cards on a regular basis along with updates given during parent-teacher conferences and informal meetings with parents and teachers.

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- Provide parents reasonable access to staff. Specifically, staff will be available for consultation with parents as follows: during parent-teacher conferences, via regular email and phone communication with parents, myNHA Application and also during more informal consultations on an as-needed basis.
- Provide parents opportunities to volunteer and participate in their child's class, and to observe classroom activities, as follows: notices regarding volunteer opportunities will be posted in the hallways of the school and communication will also be sent out via the school newsletters and myNHA Application.

Teacher's Responsibilities:

- I will provide each student opportunities to achieve.
- I will communicate with parents on a regular basis via personal contact, weekly newsletters, the myNHA Application or progress reports and will make myself available to students and parents for any concerns they may have.
- I will display integrity and respect to students, parents, and staff members through my words and actions.
- I will protect the safety, interests, and rights of all individuals in the classroom.

Teacher Signature

Teacher Printed Name

Date

Parent/Guardian Responsibilities:

- I understand that my child is enrolled in this school, so he/she has opportunities to achieve.
- I realize that the expectations and standards at this school are high and agree to support them.
- I understand and agree to be bound by all provisions outlined in the Parent and Student Handbook and acknowledge receipt of the Parent and Student Handbook by signing below.
- I will monitor my child's attendance and homework completion.
- I will participate in parent-teacher conferences and volunteer for school activities when possible.
- I will stay informed about my child's education and communicate with the school by promptly reading all notices from the school either received by my child, by mail, myNHA Application or other means and responding, as appropriate.
- I will serve, to the extent possible, on policy advisory groups, such as being a parent representative
- on the school's School Improvement Team, or other school advisory or policy groups.
- I understand that my child must behave respectfully and responsibly to protect the safety, interest, and rights of others in the school. I will model appropriate behavior while in the school.

Please add any other commitment statements you would like to note:

Parent/Guardian Signature

Date

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Parent/Guardian Signature Date

Parent/Guardian Signature Date

Parent/Guardian Signature Date

Student's Responsibilities:

- I am enrolling in this school because I want to achieve. I will put forth my best effort every single day.
- I agree with my school's expectations, standards, and requirements because I have high expectations for myself.
- I understand and agree to follow the Student Code of Conduct and Dress Code in the Parent and Student Handbook.
- I will attend school all day, every day, unless I have an excused absence.
- I will complete my homework, submit it on time, and contact my teacher about any questions.
- I will behave respectfully and responsibly to protect the safety, interests, and rights of others in the school. I will accept responsibility for my actions.

Student Signature Student Printed Name Date Grade

Student Signature Student Printed Name Date Grade

Student Signature Student Printed Name Date Grade

Student Signature Student Printed Name Date Grade

Communication about Student Learning:

Jonquil Preparatory Academy is committed to frequent two-way communication with families about children's learning. Some of the ways you can expect us to reach you are:

- Weekly folders
- Parent Portal
- Parent-Teacher conferences
- Phone calls
- U.S. Mail
- Text messaging
- Schoolwide and or classroom newsletters to parents
- Emails to parents on student's progress
- myNHA App messages

Activities to Build Staff/Parent Partnerships:

Jonquil Preparatory Academy offers ongoing events and programs to build partnerships with

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families. Some of the opportunities for parents to participate in school activities include:

- Parent-Teacher Conferences
- Spring School Improvement Parent Meeting
- Parent Resource Room
- Parent Learning Events
- Volunteering for activities/classroom
- Annual Parent and Family Engagement Evaluation and Input Meeting
- Fall Federal and State Programs (Title I) Parent Meeting
- Back to School/Curriculum Night

School-Wide Volunteer Opportunities

The school Board and staff members support the school's commitment to parental involvement, believing strongly that it is a main ingredient for student success. On the back of this page is a listing of the volunteer opportunities available to parents at the school. The committees are listed first, followed by committee support and other opportunities. Please check all opportunities in which you are interested. As you participate in these opportunities, you will be fulfilling the School-Parent Compact by helping to provide an exemplary educational experience for our students. Thank you in advance for helping make our school exemplary for our children.

Volunteer opportunities specific to your child's classroom are on a separate form.

Volunteers may be required to submit to a criminal background check and to complete training on mandated reporting of neglect and abuse, and obligations under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA").

Parent name(s): _____

Address: _____

Phone number: _____

Best time to be reached: _____

Children's names and grades:

Name: _____ Grade: _____

Name: _____ Grade: _____

Name: _____ Grade: _____

Name: _____ Grade: _____

Name: _____ Grade: _____

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Please check all opportunities in which you are interested.

Committee Membership

_____ **Boosters**

Organize fund-raising projects throughout the year

_____ **Family Fun Day**

Plan one special event for all the school's families

_____ **Moral Focus™**

Plan ongoing activities and projects related to the monthly virtue

_____ **Staff Appreciation**

Plan and coordinate Teacher Appreciation Day and other events to recognize staff

_____ **Technology Advisory Group**

Support the NHA Master Technology Plan by increasing computer literacy

_____ **Ambassadors**

Plan and conduct events to attract families to enroll in the school

_____ **Library**

Coordinate efforts for volunteers to help with library administrative duties

Committee Support Opportunities

These include a wide variety of tasks and time commitments. Many are one-time opportunities.

_____ **Boosters**

Assist with fundraisers (e.g., distribution of goods)*

_____ **Hospitality**

Bring cookies or other refreshments for one or more special events*

_____ **Library**

Cover, repair, or shelve books; read and review books; or assist at Book Fair*

_____ **Moral Focus™**

Assist with projects as needed at one or more activities

_____ **Staff Appreciation**

Bring food or other items for events*

_____ **Technology Advisory Group**

Support the NHA Master Technology Plan by increasing computer literacy

_____ **Ambassadors**

Assist with events to attract families to the school

Other Opportunities

_____ **Lunch/Playground Supervision**

Supervise classes during lunch or recess on a weekly, bi-weekly, or monthly basis

_____ **Music**

Assist with music programs (e.g., decorating, organizing)*

_____ **Office Help**

Assist office staff as needed

_____ **Physical Education**

Assist with Field Day

* Denotes areas which include some tasks that may be completed at home.