



Single Building District Improvement Plan

Great Oaks Academy

Great Oaks Academy

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Introduction

The Single Building District Improvement Plan is a planning tool designed to address student achievement and system needs identified through the school's comprehensive needs assessment (CNA). Additionally, the Single Building District Improvement Plan provides a method for schools to address the school improvement planning requirements of Public Act 25 of the Revised School Code and the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) as applicable.

Executive Summary

Introduction

Every school has its own story to tell. The context in which teaching and learning takes place influences the processes and procedures by which the school makes decisions around curriculum, instruction, and assessment. The context also impacts the way a school stays faithful to its vision. Many factors contribute to the overall narrative such as an identification of stakeholders, a description of stakeholder engagement, the trends and issues affecting the school, and the kinds of programs and services that a school implements to support student learning.

The purpose of the Executive Summary (ES) is to provide a school with an opportunity to describe in narrative form the strengths and challenges it encounters. By doing so, the public and members of the school community will have a more complete picture of how the school perceives itself and the process of self-reflection for continuous improvement. This summary is structured for the school to reflect on how it provides teaching and learning on a day to day basis.

Description of the School

Describe the school's size, community/communities, location, and changes it has experienced in the last three years. Include demographic information about the students, staff, and community at large. What unique features and challenges are associated with the community/communities the school serves?

Great Oaks Academy is located in Warren, Michigan, the largest suburb of Metro Detroit. The population of students who qualify for free lunch is 84% and reduced lunch is 7%. Our student population includes students who reside in different cities in our area, with 60% being from Detroit. The ethnicity of our students is as follows: 90% Black; 4% Asian; 4 % White; and 2% Hispanic. Our population of students with IEP's slightly decreased from last year. Our ELL population has increased from 21 students, last year, to 25. Our enrollment numbers have stayed the same since last year. As a school, attrition has decreased in every month thus far, resulting in lower attrition year to date since last year.

School's Purpose

Provide the school's purpose statement and ancillary content such as mission, vision, values, and/or beliefs. Describe how the school embodies its purpose through its program offerings and expectations for students.

Vision Statement: To better educate more children

Mission Statement: The mission of Great Oaks Academy is to create a community school that will provide opportunities for children to succeed in academics through high expectations, character modeling, parental involvement and community leadership.

Notable Achievements and Areas of Improvement

Describe the school's notable achievements and areas of improvement in the last three years. Additionally, describe areas for improvement that the school is striving to achieve in the next three years.

Great Oaks Academy has shown improvement in many content areas with the greatest growth demonstrated by seventh and eighth grade students in Math. Data shows that staff satisfaction has improved in all categories that were measured in the past three years, with significant improvement in the area of "Principal is Committed to School." A notable Disciplinary improvement is the number of Out of School Suspensions, which has significantly declined in the past three years.

Additional Information

Provide any additional information you would like to share with the public and community that were not prompted in the previous sections.

N/A

Improvement Plan Stakeholder Involvement

Introduction

The responses should be brief, descriptive, and appropriate for the specific section. It is recommended that the responses are written offline and then transferred into the sections below.

Improvement Planning Process

Improvement Planning Process

Describe the process used to engage a variety of stakeholders in the development of the institution's improvement plan. Include information on how stakeholders were selected and informed of their roles, and how meetings were scheduled to accommodate them.

The school ensures that a variety of stakeholders are part of the development of the SIP. All stakeholders are encouraged to participate in the school improvement process by attending SIP meetings both during the regular school day and in the evenings, as well as providing feedback through written surveys. Roles of each stakeholder and the process are discussed in detail at the initial SIP meetings.

Describe the representations from stakeholder groups that participated in the development of the improvement plan and their responsibilities in this process.

- Staff - A school improvement-focused staff meeting is held in Feb/March. Staff discuss the comprehensive needs assessment data and analyze/evaluate improvement efforts to determine the focus for the following school year. Staff are formally surveyed during this time, which ensures that they provide feedback on programs and professional development.
- Parents - A school improvement-focused parent meeting is held in Feb/March. Parents are presented with comprehensive needs assessment data for their analysis, and they provide feedback/evaluation on school programs via a formal survey.
- Board members - School improvement components are reviewed during board meeting(s), to ensure that the Board members have an opportunity to evaluate programs and provide input for the following school year.
- Students do not participate on the planning team as the school serves students in grades K-8.

Explain how the final improvement plan was communicated to all stakeholders, and the method and frequency in which stakeholders receive information on its progress.

The final improvement plan is shared with staff, parents, and the Board each year in the spring during stakeholder meetings. Additionally, the plan is reviewed at the beginning of each school year during stakeholder meetings with parents and staff. Then, the Committee meets regularly throughout the school year to monitor and evaluate the plan and updates are shared on a regular basis.

School Data Analysis

Introduction

The School Data Analysis (SDA) is a diagnostic tool intended to facilitate rich and deep collaborative discussions among staff members about school data. The SDA can serve as a guide to determine a school's strengths and challenges as well as directions for improvement based on an analysis of data and responses to a series of data - related questions in content areas. This data collection and analysis process should include the identification of achievement gaps as well as reflections on possible causes for these gaps. This diagnostic represents the various types of data that should be continuously collected, reviewed, analyzed and evaluated. Completion of the SDA is one piece of a school's comprehensive needs assessment process.

Demographic Data

Demographic data is data that provides descriptive information about the school community. Examples may include enrollment, attendance, grade levels, race/ethnicity, gender, students with disabilities, English learners, socio-economic status, graduation rate, suspensions/expulsions, etc.

Student Demographic Data

1. In looking at the three year trend in student enrollment data, what challenges have been identified?

Total student enrollment has declined slightly from 712 students in 2013-14 to 709 students in 2015-16. There are more female students than male students by 2%, and the percentage of EL students has slightly increased from 3% in 2013-14 to 4% in 2015-16. The percentage of students who receive Free and Reduced Lunch has remained relatively constant, approximately 91% of the student population. The percentage of IEP students has increased from 2% in 2013-14 to 10% in 2015-16.

Student Demographic Data

2. In looking at the three year trend in student attendance data, what challenges have been identified?

Overall the Average Daily Attendance has remained relatively constant at approximately 92.6% over the past three years. Students who are absent miss critical instructional time and are unable to make-up lessons that involved hands-on activities on the days they were not in school. Upon returning to school, many students also miss additional instructional time to make up missed tests.

Student Demographic Data

3. In looking at the three year trend in student behavior data (discipline referrals, suspensions and expulsions), what challenges have been identified?

The number of In School Suspensions has increased from 96 in 2012-13 to 122 in 2014-15, however the number of Out of School Suspensions has decreased from 592 in 2012-13 to 481 in 2014-15. The number of Referrals per Student decreased slightly from 8.3 in 2012-13 to 6.7 in 2013-14, then increased again to 8.1 in 14-15 making the number roughly the same in 14-15 as 12-13. The students who are involved in significantly more disciplinary incidents than other grade levels are Third, Sixth, and Eighth grade students.

Student Demographic Data

4. What action(s) could be taken to address any identified challenges with student demographic data?

In order to address the identified challenges, Great Oaks has created action steps for female students, IEP students, and students who are qualify for Free Lunch to become more proficient. Action steps include specialized curriculum during face-to-face instruction as well as via technology, greater exposure to paired texts, greater focus on accurately citing information, as well as content specific actions such as more practice with multistep problems in math, better exposure to problem-solving, and focusing on increasing reading fluency.

Teacher/School Leader(s) Demographic Data

5. As you review the number of years of teaching and administrative experience of the school leader(s) in your building, what

impact might this have on student achievement?

The years of teaching and administrative experience do impact student achievement. New leaders often struggle with providing their staff with effective development and coaching. The leadership's PD plan is based on the administrators' needs as well as anticipated needs based on experience.

Teacher/School Leader(s) Demographic Data

6. As you review the number of years of teaching experience of teachers in your building, what impact might this have on student achievement?

The years of teaching experience do impact student achievement. New teachers often struggle with classroom management. The school plans PD events around teachers' needs as well as anticipated needs based on experience.

Teacher/School Leader(s) Demographic Data

7. As you review the total number of days for school leader absences and note how many were due to professional learning and /or due to illness, what impact might this have on student achievement?

Professional development is an important part of education and illness are unforeseen events. Absenteeism for either reason has a direct impact on student achievement. It is critical for the school leader to have a constant presence in the building to support the staff, students, and parents. Without this direct support, behavior issues arise and the effectiveness of instruction is impacted.

Teacher/School Leader(s) Demographic Data

8. As you review the total number of days for teacher absences due to professional learning and/or illness, what impact might this have on student achievement?

Professional development is an important part of education and illness are unforeseen events. Absenteeism for either reason has a direct impact on student achievement. Having a teacher absent from their classroom disrupts the learning environment, pacing, and rigor. Typically substitute teachers are used when a teacher is absent. The quality of these substitute teachers varies greatly and as a result, effective instruction does not always occur when a teacher is absent, and that has a negative impact on student achievement.

Teacher/School Leader(s) Demographic Data

9. What actions might be taken to address any identified challenges regarding teacher/school leader demographics?

Great Oaks has a large percentage of teachers with three or fewer years of experience. The years of teaching experience do impact student achievement, and new teachers often struggle with classroom management. Great Oaks plans to provide professional development around teachers' needs as well as anticipated needs based on experience.

Process Data

Process data is information about the practices and procedures schools use to plan, deliver and monitor curriculum, instruction and assessment.

10. In reviewing the results of the School Systems Review or the Interim Self Assessment/Self Assessment, what strands/standards/indicators stand out as strengths?

The standards that are viewed strengths are Great Oaks Academy are Standard 1: Curriculum, Standard 2: Instruction, and Standard 3: Assessment. The school's enacted curriculum is aligned to the district's intended curriculum to ensure vertical and horizontal alignment by grade levels and courses. Great Oaks' instruction is designed to align with student learning needs that have been identified through the use of universal screening/formative assessment. And Great Oaks implements a balanced assessment system and ensures that summative and on-going formative assessments are aligned to curriculum and instruction.

11. In reviewing the results of the School Systems Review or the Interim Self Assessment/Self Assessment, what strands/standards/indicators stand out as challenges?

All of the indicators for standards are listed as fully implemented, and most of the indicators are also listed as having sustained implementation. There are no standards currently listed as challenges.

12. How might these challenges impact student achievement?

While we have fully implemented all of the Standards, we will continue to strive for all indicators to be fully implemented and to have sustained implementation. Having a coherent curriculum, using data analysis to drive decision making, having student involvement in the assessment process and creating a shared leadership for learning is important to have an effective learning environment that improve student achievement.

13. What actions could be taken and incorporated into the School Improvement Plan to address these challenges from the School Systems Review or the Interim Self Assessment/Self Assessment.

Great Oaks could incorporate professional development to ensure that it sustains implementation of standards that are only considered to be fully implemented. Using resources to develop a coherent curriculum, using the SIP data to drive decision making, and creating a shared leadership for learning will all assist with increasing student academic achievement. In addition, we are committed to providing differentiated instruction to meet individual student needs.

14. How do you ensure that students with disabilities have access to the full array of intervention programs available i.e. Title I, Title III, Section 31a, IDEA, credit recovery, extended learning opportunities?

All qualified students, including students with disabilities, are provided access to supplemental intervention programs and supplemental support from supplemental staff to increase academic achievement for all at-risk students.

15. Describe the Extended Learning Opportunities that are available for students and in what grades they are available?

Great Oaks Academy offers Before and After School Tutoring as well as a Remote and Targeted Summer Program to students as extended learning opportunities. In the Remote Summer Learning Program, students will receive Summer Bridge Books and weekly check-ins from qualified tutors, while in the Targeted Summer Program students are able to receive face to face instruction from qualified tutors and will have the opportunity to attend a couple of field experiences.

16. What is the process for identifying students for Extended Learning Opportunities and how are parents notified of these opportunities?

Students are identified to participate in extended learning opportunities through student data reviews. The most academically at-risk students are prioritized for program participation. Extended learning opportunities are shared with students and parents through school newsletters, parent letters, student invitations to participate in extended learning opportunities, parent meetings, and teacher- parent conferences.

17. What evidence do you have to indicate the extent to which the state content standards are being implemented with fidelity i.e. horizontal and vertical alignment, in all content courses and grade levels?

Evidence of implementation of Common Core State Standards will be loaded in every teacher's gradebook. These standards will be reported out to parents and students in progress reports and report cards. Professional Development for teachers in the summer and fall will entail a deep dive into the Common Core standards. Furthermore, assessment evidence will also be aligned to the Common Core Standards from classroom assessments and NWEA assessment reports.

18. How does your school use health survey/screener results (i.e. MIPHY) to improve student learning? Answer only if you completed a health survey/ screener.

N/A

Achievement/Outcome Data

Achievement/outcome data tell us what students have learned. These include classroom-level, benchmark, interim and formative assessment data as well as summative data such as standardized test scores from annual district and state assessments. If the school completed the Student Performance Diagnostic for the AdvancED External Review, please insert 'See Student Performance Diagnostic' in each text box.

19a. Reading- Strengths

Reading state test data has improved in by four percent from 2012-2013, however in 2014-15 the state switched to ELA in place of Reading and Writing. Because of this switch, previous years' data is not comparable.

19b. Reading- Challenges

Data is not comparable to previous years. No specific challenges can be drawn without relevant data.

19c. Reading- Trends

Data is not comparable to previous years. No specific trends can be drawn without relevant data.

19d. Reading- Summary

Summarize how these challenges will be addressed in your School Improvement Plan. Indicate Not Applicable (NA) if there is no challenge or this challenge will not be addressed at this time in the School Improvement Plan. Indicate the relevance or impact on tiered instruction if appropriate.

Data is not comparable to previous years. No specific summaries or conclusions can be drawn without relevant data.

20a. Writing- Strengths

Writing state test data has improved in by sixteen percent from 2012-2013, however in 2014-15 the state switched to ELA in place of Reading and Writing. Because of this switch, previous years' data is not comparable.

20b. Writing- Challenges

Data is not comparable to previous years. No specific challenges can be drawn without relevant data.

20c. Writing- Trends

Data is not comparable to previous years. No specific trends can be drawn without relevant data.

20d. Writing- Summary

Summarize how these challenges will be addressed in your School Improvement Plan. Indicate Not Applicable (NA) if there is no challenge or this challenge will not be addressed at this time in the School Improvement Plan. Indicate the relevance or impact on tiered instruction if appropriate.

Data is not comparable to previous years. No specific summaries or conclusions can be drawn without relevant data.

21a. Math- Strengths

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Seventh grade students show a significant increase in Math proficiency, increasing from 21% proficient in 2013-14 to 33% proficient in 2014-15.

21b. Math- Challenges

The overall student proficiency of 3-8 students has decreased by eight percent in Math in 2014-15 when compared to the data from 2013-14. The most significant declines were in the sixth and fourth grades with a 25% and a 20% decrease respectively.

21c. Math- Trends

The majority of grade levels at Great Oaks experienced a decline in state test proficiency in the area of Math when comparing the state data from 2014-15 to the state data from 2013-14.

21d. Math- Summary

Summarize how these challenges will be addressed in your School Improvement Plan. Indicate Not Applicable (NA) if there is no challenge or this challenge will not be addressed at this time in the School Improvement Plan. Indicate the relevance or impact on tiered instruction if appropriate.

State test data from 2014-15 demonstrates decreasing Math proficiency for 3-8 Students at Great Oaks, with the exception of seventh grade students. Seventh grade students demonstrated a 12% increase in math proficiency, while third, fourth, fifth, sixth, and eighth grade students all demonstrated decreasing math proficiency.

22a. Science- Strengths

There is not enough relevant data to draw an accurate conclusion about Great Oaks' student Science proficiency.

22b. Science- Challenges

There is not enough relevant data to draw an accurate conclusion about Great Oaks' student Science proficiency.

22c. Science- Trends

There is not enough relevant data to draw an accurate conclusion about Great Oaks' student Science proficiency.

22d. Science- Summary

Summarize how these challenges will be addressed in your School Improvement Plan. Indicate Not Applicable (NA) if there is no challenge or this challenge will not be addressed at this time in the School Improvement Plan. Indicate the relevance or impact on tiered instruction if appropriate.

There is not enough relevant data to draw an accurate conclusion about Great Oaks' student Science proficiency.

23a. Social Studies- Strengths

There is not enough relevant data to draw an accurate conclusion about Great Oaks' student Social Studies proficiency.

23b. Social Studies- Challenges

There is not enough relevant data to draw an accurate conclusion about Great Oaks' student Social Studies proficiency.

23c. Social Studies- Trends

There is not enough relevant data to draw an accurate conclusion about Great Oaks' student Social Studies proficiency.

23d. Social Studies- Summary

Summarize how these challenges will be addressed in your School Improvement Plan. Indicate Not Applicable (NA) if there is no challenge or this challenge will not be addressed at this time in the School Improvement Plan. Indicate the relevance or impact on tiered instruction if appropriate.

There is not enough relevant data to draw an accurate conclusion about Great Oaks' student Social Studies proficiency.

Perception Data

Perception data is information collected that reflects the opinions and views of stakeholders. If the school completed the Stakeholder Feedback Diagnostic for the AdvancED External Review, please insert 'See Stakeholder Feedback Diagnostic' in each text box for survey feedback already collected from students, parents and staff.

24a. Student Perception Data

Which area(s) indicate the overall highest level of satisfaction among students?

N/A

24b. Student Perception Data

Which area(s) indicate the overall lowest level of satisfaction among students?

N/A

24c. Student Perception Data

What actions will be taken to improve student satisfaction in the lowest area(s)?

N/A

25a. Parent/Guardian Perception Data

What area(s) indicate the overall highest level of satisfaction among parents/guardians?

The area that indicates the overall highest level of satisfaction is "Likelihood to Enroll Next Year."

25b. Parent/Guardian Perception Data

What area(s) indicate the overall lowest level of satisfaction among parents/guardians?

The area that indicates the overall lowest level of satisfaction is "Discipline is Effective."

25c. Parent/Guardian Perception Data

What actions will be taken to improve parent/guardian satisfaction in the lowest area(s)?

The implementation of a Principal/Dean Coffee will occur a minimum of three times per year, which will allow parents to have a voice and discuss relevant issues with the administrative staff. Since Discipline is Effective is our lowest number, we will highlight our positive behavior strategies. We will highlight our moral focus curriculum to parents and inform them on how we are affirming students for exemplifying the moral focus virtues.

26a. Teacher/Staff Perception Data

What area(s) indicate the overall highest level of satisfaction among teachers/staff?

The areas that indicates the overall highest level of satisfaction are Managers "Have Notified of Progress" and "Principal is Committed to School."

26b. Teacher/Staff Perception Data

What area(s) indicate the overall lowest level of satisfaction among teachers/staff?

The area that indicates the overall lowest level of satisfaction is "Morale in School is High."

26c. Teacher/Staff Perception Data

What actions will be taken to improve teacher/staff satisfaction in the lowest area(s)?

School leadership and administration has put a stronger and more intentional focus on staff satisfaction. They have created special days to honor teachers as well as created actions plans using staff feedback. School leadership has also worked to empower teachers by allowing their voice to be heard in multiple forums and by improving the follow-through on initiatives that benefit the teaching staff members.

27a. Stakeholder/Community Perception Data

What area(s) indicate the overall highest level of satisfaction among stakeholders/community?

The stakeholder survey process is in process. The results will be reviewed and analyzed when available.

27b. Stakeholder/Community Perception Data

What area(s) indicate the overall lowest level of satisfaction among stakeholders/community?

The stakeholder survey process is in process. The results will be reviewed and analyzed when available.

27c. Stakeholder/Community Perception Data

What actions will be taken to improve the level of stakeholder/community satisfaction in the lowest area(s)?

The stakeholder survey process is in process. The results will be reviewed and analyzed when available.

Summary

28a. Summary

Briefly summarize the strengths and challenges identified in the four kinds of data-demographic, process, achievement/outcomes and perception.

Enrollment numbers have remained relatively constant in the past three years, as well as the percentage of students who qualify for Free and Reduced Lunch. Although the percentage of students who qualify for Free and Reduced Lunch has not experienced any significant fluctuations, the percentage of the student population is very large at 91% of the student body.

The standards that are viewed strengths are Great Oaks Academy are Standard 1: Curriculum, Standard 2: Instruction, and Standard 3: Assessment. All of the indicators for standards are listed as fully implemented, and most of the indicators are also listed as having sustained implementation.

Great Oaks state test data for Reading and Writing had improved in 2013-14, however since the state test has changed the most current data is not comparable to past years. State test data from 2014-15 demonstrates decreasing Math proficiency for 3-8 Students at Great Oaks, with the exception of seventh grade students. Seventh grade students demonstrated a 12% increase in math proficiency, while third, fourth, fifth, sixth, and eighth grade students all demonstrated decreasing math proficiency.

Overall staff satisfaction has improved from 2013-2014, with the most significant improvement in the areas of Principal is Committed to School (53% increase), Students and Staff Feel Safe (23% increase), and Would Recommend NHA to Friend (22% increase). Overall parent satisfaction has steadily declined from 2012-13. One possible cause for the low parent satisfaction rates could be poor communication between the school and parents.

28b. Summary

How might the challenges identified in the demographic, process and perception data impact student achievement?

Enrollment numbers have remained constant because transportation is an issue for many families in our community. Since many of the students have to live within walking distance of Great Oaks, it can sometimes be difficult for students to get to school on time. Students who are absent miss critical instructional time and are unable to make up lessons that involved hands-on activities during the days they were not in school.

While we have fully implemented all of the Standards, we will continue to strive for all indicators to be fully implemented and to have sustained implementation. Having a coherent curriculum, using data analysis to drive decision making, having student involvement in the assessment process and creating a shared leadership for learning is important to have an effective learning environment that improve student achievement.

achievement is clearly impacted.

If parents and staff are not highlight satisfied with the school, they are less likely to go above and beyond to provide additional support and encouragement necessary to have a positive impact student achievement.

28c. Summary

How will these challenges be addressed in the School Improvement Plan's Goals, Measurable Objectives, Strategies and Activities for the upcoming year? For Priority Schools, which of these high need areas will inform the Big Ideas and the Reform/Redesign Plan?

The School will prioritize its schoolwide goals to address these identified challenges.

Single Building District Additional Requirements Diagnostic

Introduction

This diagnostic tool contains certification requirements for single building districts. All single building districts must complete this diagnostic.

Single Building District Additional Requirements Diagnostic

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
1.	Literacy and math are tested annually in grades 1-5.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
2.	Our school published a fully compliant annual report. (The Annual Education Report (AER) satisfies this.) If yes, please provide a link to the report in the box below.	Yes	https://www.nhaschools.com/schools/greatoaks/Lists/School%20Operations%20Documents/Great%20Oaks%20Annual%20Education%20Report%202015-16%20FINAL.pdf	

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
3.	Our school has the 8th grade parent approved Educational Development Plans (EDPs) on file.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
4.	Our school reviews and annually updates the EDPs to ensure academic course work alignment.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
5.	The institution complies with all federal laws and regulations prohibiting discrimination and with all requirements and regulations of the U.S. Department of Education. It is the policy of this institution that no person on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin or ancestry, age, gender, height, weight, marital status or disability shall be subjected to discrimination in any program, service or activity for which the institution is responsible, or for which it receives financial assistance from the U.S. Department of Education. References: Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, Elliott-Larsen prohibits discrimination against religion.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
6.	The institution has designated an employee to coordinate efforts to comply with and carry out non-discrimination responsibilities. If yes, list the name, position, address and telephone number of the employee in the comment field.	Yes	Member of Employee Relations, Attn: Employee Relations, 3850 Broadmoor Avenue, Suite 201, Grand Rapids, MI 49512, 616-222-1700	

Single Building District Improvement Plan

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Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
7.	The institution has a School-Parent Involvement Plan (that addresses Section 1118 activities) that is aligned to the District's Board Policy. If yes, please attach the School-Parent Involvement Plan below.	Yes	Attached Great Oaks 2016-17 Parent Involvement Plan	Great Oaks - 2016-17 Parent Involvement Plan

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
8.	The institution has a School-Parent Compact. If yes, please attach the School-Parent Compact below.	Yes	Compact Attached	GO Compact

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
9.	The School has additional information necessary to support your improvement plan.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
10.	The School Improvement Team reviews the CIMS data.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
11.	CIMS data is used to prepare our Improvement Plan.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
12.	The District Technology Protection Measure blocks or filters adult and student internet access to inappropriate materials (visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors).	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
13.	The district has a process to monitor adult and student use of the internet.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
14.	The district has an Internet Safety Policy in place.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
15.	The Internet Safety Policy meets the requirements as outlined in the state Technology Planning and CIPA requirements.	Yes		

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Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
16.	The district has a process to provide public notice and hearings about the Internet Safety Policy.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
17.	The district uses school-wide assessments to determine the telecommunication services and hardware support that are needed to support teaching and learning in all schools.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
18.	The district uses the school-wide assessment data to identify the needs of the schools in the following areas: infrastructure (wiring, internet connections T1, etc.) in all classrooms, in all labs, in all media centers, in the main office, in counseling offices, in support staff offices; hardware; software; professional development. If "yes", specify the needs in the comments section.	Yes	See state-approved technology plan on file.	

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
19.	The district has identified specific actions that promote curriculum and teaching strategies to effectively integrate technology. If "yes", specify the actions in the comments section.	Yes	See state-approved technology plan on file.	

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
20.	The district adjusts its curriculum to include technology literacy for all students.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
21.	The district adjusts its instructional program to promote technology literacy. If "yes", specify the adjustments in the comments section.	Yes	See state-approved technology plan on file.	

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Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
22.	The institution complies with all federal laws and regulations prohibiting discrimination and with all requirements and regulations of the U.S. Department of Education. It is the policy of this institution that no person on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin or ancestry, age, gender, height, weight, marital status or disability shall be subjected to discrimination in any program, service or activity for which the institution is responsible, or for which it receives financial assistance from the U.S. Department of Education.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
23.	The institution has designated an employee to coordinate efforts to comply with and carry out non-discrimination responsibilities. If yes, list the name, position, address and telephone number of the employee in the comment field.	Yes	Member of Employee Relations, Attn: Employee Relations, 3850 Broadmoor Avenue, Suite 201, Grand Rapids, MI 49512, 616-222-1700	

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
24.	The District has a District Board Policy that is related to Parent Involvement.	Yes		

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
25.	The District has additional information necessary to support your improvement plan.	Yes		

Title I Schoolwide Diagnostic

Introduction

This diagnostic tool is aligned to requirements for Title I Schoolwide schools. As described in sections 1111(b)(1), 1114 (b)(1)(A) and 1309(2) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), the Comprehensive Needs Assessment (CNA) requirement is met by completing a School Data Analysis (SDA) and School Process Profile (SPP). The Comprehensive Needs Assessment must be completed prior to creating a new plan or annually updating an existing school improvement plan. Use the results of the Comprehensive Needs Assessment to develop Goals/Objectives/Strategies and Activities. Ensure that the Comprehensive Needs Assessment addresses all four types of data: student achievement data, school programs/process data, perceptions data (must include teachers and parents; student data is encouraged), and demographic data. The Comprehensive Needs Assessment must also take into account the needs of migratory children as defined in Title I, Part C, Section 1309(2).

Component 1: Comprehensive Needs Assessment

1. How was the comprehensive needs assessment process conducted?

- A formal comprehensive needs assessment is completed by the School Improvement Committee at least annually. It includes a review of a variety of data from the following categories:

1. Student achievement data, including State test data, NWEA data, and local and formative assessment data (including subgroup analysis)
2. Demographic data, including student demographics by subgroup, student enrollment information, teacher demographics (including years of experience), Highly Qualified teacher and paraprofessional information, student attendance and discipline information, etc.
3. Programs and process data, including curriculum alignment assessments, School Quality Review findings (if appropriate), MI-SAAS, etc.
4. Perceptions data, including staff survey results, parent survey results, perception information from community members, etc. This data is analyzed and discussed by the School Improvement Team. Results of the analysis determine the school's focus areas, and the following stakeholders are given an opportunity to provide feedback:

- i. Staff - A school improvement-focused staff meeting is held in Feb/March. Staff discuss the comprehensive needs assessment data and analyze/evaluate improvement efforts to determine the focus for the following school year. Staff are formally surveyed during this time, which ensures that they provide feedback on programs and professional development.
- ii. Parents - A school improvement-focused parent meeting is held in Feb/March. Parents are presented with comprehensive needs assessment data for their analysis, and they provide feedback/evaluation on school programs via a formal survey.
- iii. Board members - School improvement components are reviewed during board meeting(s), to ensure that the Board members have an opportunity to evaluate programs and provide input for the following school year.

- The comprehensive needs assessment data was used to develop Title I, Title II, and Section 31a programs and services. The program and services are outlined in detail in the goals sections as well as in the schoolwide reform strategies.

2. What were the results of the comprehensive needs assessment process? What information was concluded as a result of analyzing perception, student achievement, school programs/process, and demographic data?

- DEMOGRAPHIC DATA REVIEWED: Enrollment, Mobility, Attendance, Discipline, Teacher Experience, Teacher and Leadership Absences, Teacher Turnover

i. Results -

The Student Discipline data shows that male students represented 65% of behavior incidents in 2014-15. While all grade levels had incidents of student discipline, third, sixth, and eighth grade had significantly more incidents than other grade levels. The most significant increase in disciplinary incidents was in eighth grade, where the total number of incidents went from 378 in 2013-14 to 1,038 in 2014-15.

ii. Conclusions - Write a conclusion for the one data area from the results section

Based on our review of student demographic data, we conclude that male behavioral issues need to be better addressed since there are twice as many male students with disciplinary incidents as female students. It would be beneficial for male students to have male mentors for school programs that are geared toward mentoring and inspiring male students. To address student discipline issues on a school-wide scale, we will continue to use Above and Beyond awards for exemplary students. If a child receives praise for going above and beyond, his or her name is entered in a drawing for prizes. Prizes are items from the school store, food rewards, or even lunch with the principal.

- PERCEPTION DATA REVIEWED: Voice of the Parent - an annual parent survey and Employee Loyalty Survey - an annual staff survey

i. Results-

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Based on this data, the area of "Likelihood to Enroll Next Year" (58%) indicates the overall highest level of parent satisfaction; and the area of "Discipline is Effective" (39%) indicates the lowest overall level of satisfaction among parents in 2014-15. In 2012-13, the area with the lowest overall level of parent satisfaction was also "Discipline is Effective" with 50% of parents being satisfied. When comparing this area with 2014-15, parent satisfaction has fallen 11%.

ii. Conclusions -

Overall parent satisfaction has steadily declined from 2012-13. One possible cause for the low parent satisfaction rates could be poor communication between the school and parents. We believe that keeping parents better informed about things going on at Great Oaks, such as involving parents in disciplinary actions and the steps teachers are taking to reinforce positive behavior, may be helpful in increasing parent satisfaction.

- STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT DATA REVIEWED: M-STEP and NWEA PGA/MAP assessment data

i. Results-

The only grade that demonstrated a positive trend in achievement were Seventh grade students in Math. The content areas that indicated a negative trend in achievement are English, Math, Science, and Social Studies. Unfortunately, in 16-17 students did not meet the state's targets of performance in any subject area.

ii. Conclusions -

Our data shows that we have to focus on all core subject areas since the state's targets of performance were not met in these areas. Although the negative trends in these core areas could be partially caused by switching from the MEAP to the M-STEP test, Great Oaks have created action steps to improve student performance.

- PROGRAM AND PROCESS DATA REVIEWED: EdYES! (School Systems Review)

i. Results-

While we have fully implemented all of the Standards, we will continue to strive for all indicators to be fully implemented and to have sustained implementation. Standard 6: Organization Management, Indicators P, Q, and R is an example of a standard where all indicators are listed as fully implemented but not sustained.

ii. Conclusions -

We will continue to focus on the implementation of all indicators that are not yet considered to have sustained implementation, such as Standard 6: Organization Management.

3. How are the school goals connected to priority needs and the needs assessment process? It is clear that a detailed analysis of multiple types of data was conducted to select the goals.

- Goals were developed using the Comprehensive Needs Assessment, which includes extensive demographic, student, teacher, parent perception, staff perception, MEAP, NWEA, programs and process, and formative assessment data.

- Math Goal:

The Economically Disadvantaged subgroup will increase 5% in Math as measured by NWEA by June 30, 2016.

- ELA/Reading Goal:

The African American subgroup will increase 5% in English Language Arts as measured by NWEA by June 30, 2016.

- Science Goal:

The Economically Disadvantaged subgroup will increase 5% in Science as measured by NWEA by June 30, 2016.

- Social Studies Goal:

The Female subgroup will increase 5% in Social Studies as measured by NWEA by June 30, 2016.

4. How do the goals address the needs of the whole school population? How is special recognition paid to meeting the needs of children who are disadvantaged?

- The school population experiences academic and organizational improvements as at-risk student achievement increases. All of the school's goals address the needs of the whole school population by setting high proficiency expectations for all student. Strategies for supporting all students are outlined in the Comprehensive Needs Assessment, goals section, and Schoolwide Reform component. The school has implemented activities to ensure that students who experience difficulty mastering standards are provided with effective and timely additional assistance.

Additionally, the school has developed measures to ensure that students' difficulties are identified on a timely basis in order to provide teacher and school leadership with sufficient information on which to base effective assistance. Teachers utilize the formative assessment process to meet the varied learning needs of students. The school uses differentiated instruction by implementing regularly scheduled workshop sessions and flexible groupings in order to meet each student's individual learning needs.

Supplemental intervention services are provided to students that are having difficulty mastering State academic achievement standards through differentiation in the classroom. If the school has students that are identified as neglected or delinquent, they will use the Comprehensive Needs Assessment data to develop neglected programs and services.

Component 2: Schoolwide Reform Strategies

1. Describe the strategies in the schoolwide plan which focus on helping ALL students reach the State's standards.

The school's educational program is grounded in the principles of Effective Schools Research, which was originally developed by Ronald R. Edmonds, who served on the faculties of Harvard University and Michigan State University. Effective Schools Research recommends research-based school attributes that are associated with quantifiably improved student learning. By definition, an "Effective School" is one in which all children obtain at least the essential knowledge, concepts, and skills needed to be successful at the next higher level. Within the Effective School, there are seven unique characteristics that correlate with school effectiveness. This school has adopted these characteristics as part of its promise to deliver a high-quality educational option for parents of the community. These seven characteristics are as follows: clear school mission, high expectations for success, instructional leadership, frequent monitoring of student progress, opportunities to learn, safe and orderly environment, and strong home-school relations.

In addition to adopting these characteristics of Effective Schools Research, the educational program includes a "Back to Basics" approach, a longer school day, structured discipline, and a moral focus component of the curriculum based on the Greek cardinal virtues. The educational program utilizes a curriculum that is scientifically research-based, aligned with State standards, and designed to ensure college opportunity for each child that the academy serves.

While Effective Schools Research serves as the foundation of the educational program, it has adopted a number of school wide reform strategies to ensure that it provides opportunities for all children to meet the State's proficient and advanced levels of student academic achievement, uses effective methods and instructional strategies that are based on scientifically-based research, and addresses the needs of all children in the school, but particularly the needs of low-achieving children and those at risk of not meeting the State student academic achievement standards.

One research-based schoolwide reform strategy that has been adopted is the utilization of a master schedule that provides teachers with opportunities to differentiate instruction in order to meet the varied learning needs of students. The school uses differentiated instruction through implementing regularly-scheduled workshop sessions and flexible grouping in order to meet each student's individual learning needs. As such, the school differentiates instruction in order to address the needs of all children in the school--particularly those at risk of not meeting challenging State standards.

By implementing differentiated instruction as a schoolwide strategy, it allows teachers to use a variety of teaching strategies to connect with each student's unique learning style. By incorporating multiple methods and supplemental support, teachers are able to provide access for all students to the general education curriculum. This also allows for enrichment activities for students who have mastered the content standards and are performing at a higher level. Teachers differentiate instruction by incorporating a variety of teaching strategies including direct instruction (traditional whole group instruction), inquiry-based learning (independent student investigation), cooperative learning (small teams of students working together), and information processing (memorization, reciprocal teaching, webbing, graphic organizing, etc.) Additionally, teachers differentiate instruction by providing students with supplemental curricula materials, utilizing computer programs, having supplemental grant-funded staff reviewing learning objectives that were previously introduced and taught by the regular classroom teacher. By using these multiple strategies, teachers are able to meet the needs of students' various learning styles.

Grade level and department meetings focus on differentiation strategies which teachers plan, implement, evaluate and share with the instructional team to ensure students are receiving the most effective instruction. School leadership supports differentiated instruction by

including additional professional development opportunities for teachers through conferences, workshops, and team meetings.

Another research-based schoolwide reform strategy that has been adopted is the development of what Richard DuFour calls a Professional Learning Community. The school has adjusted its class and teacher schedules to ensure that grade-level teachers share a common planning time in which each member of the instructional team participates in dialogue about student learning and develops strategies to improve both teaching and learning.

The focus on student learning drives discussions in which teachers examine how students learn and where learning gaps are for each of their students. Through these discussions teachers are better able to understand the whole student and not just their achievement in a certain content area.

In addition to utilizing differentiated instruction and implementing professional learning communities, the school has also adopted a system that ensures that teachers and students can establish and communicate student learning goals and track student progress through the formative assessment process. The school believes it is imperative to identify student learning goals, or educational objectives, so that teachers and students can gauge learning with respect to those goals and celebrate student success as they make progress toward mastery. Importantly, because the school is utilizing specific student learning goals--which align with the State's Grade Level Content Expectations--teachers can effectively provide feedback on student learning through the use of formative assessment. Since teachers have well-established student learning goals, they are able to utilize the formative assessment process to track student learning, gauge progress toward mastery, adjust instruction accordingly, and celebrate student success as it relates to learning. Indeed, the employment of these research-based strategies ensures that all students are given the opportunity to learn and succeed.

Finally, the school has adopted as a schoolwide reform strategy the delivery of additional opportunities to learn for students who need to increase their background knowledge. Where students do not have background knowledge sufficient to ensure academic success, the school works to provide increased opportunities for students to enhance their background knowledge so that their learning can be accelerated; such opportunities may include tutoring, mentoring, vocabulary instruction, and other interventions that ensure students have increased time to learn the knowledge and skills they need to be academically successful.

The needs assessment reveals that students as a whole are struggling in the content areas of English Language Arts (including Reading and Writing), Math, Science, and Social Studies. It is a priority to bring all students up to grade level and surpass all state targets of performance. The school will use the strategies outlined above to address the needs of all students and will utilize staff and supplemental programs to provide additional support to the students who need it most. Please see the schoolwide goals which are aligned to the Comprehensive Needs Assessments and specifically target struggling students and specific content standards.

The school's foundation of Effective Schools Research, coupled with these comprehensive schoolwide reform strategies, is the means by which it ensures that all children are academically successful. Indeed, these strategies enable the school to provide opportunities for all students to progress toward and demonstrate proficiency, and to also ensure college opportunity for each student.

2. Describe how the research-based methods and strategies in the schoolwide plan increase the quality and quantity of instruction (which accelerates and enriches the curriculum).

Great Oaks Academy offers a variety of strategies and research-based methods to improve the quality and quantity of instruction for all students. The researched-based methods and strategies in the schoolwide plan that increase the quality and quantity of instruction include

supplemental instructional support through push-in instruction (paraprofessionals) and push-in and pull-out instruction (at-risk teachers and academic specialists). These staff members increase the quantity of instruction for the most below grade level students by providing supplemental support through small group and/or one-on-one support. Additionally, the school will build student background knowledge and increase academic vocabulary by providing after-school-tutoring, summer learning programs and enriching supplemental print and online materials.

A number of Academic Specialists plan, present, and monitor the intervention services they provide to students through inclusion and small group instruction in order to increase student achievement in the four core content areas. Academic Specialists also work in conjunction with the classroom teacher to determine the most appropriate interventions and related learning strategies for eligible students in the regular classroom setting. These strategies can be found in the goals section.

Classroom teachers are a key part of the school's research-based Response to Intervention program as well, and they provide differentiated instruction for all students during workshop time which is regularly scheduled each day. Teachers increase the quality of instruction by ensuring that they are reaching students at their level rather than only providing whole group instruction.

Research-based professional development is also offered to improve instruction quality and the overall educational programming. Professional development strategies can be found under each goal.

3. Describe how the research-based reform strategies in the schoolwide plan align with the findings of the comprehensive needs assessment.

All research-based methods and strategies in the schoolwide plan align with the findings of the Comprehensive Needs Assessment. This includes supplemental grant-funded staff and classroom teachers since all instructional staff are focused on ensuring that the identified gaps in the needs assessment are addressed.

In addition to the staff and a research-based core curriculum, the school utilizes supplemental intervention materials with academically struggling students during in school time to assist instructional staff with differentiating instruction in all content areas to support each goal.

Another research-based strategy that aligns with the findings of the needs assessment is the series of research-based professional development opportunities geared toward ensuring staff learn how to improve teaching effectiveness.

Lastly, out of school time programs ensure that students receive additional academic support to increase instructional time and to address the areas of concerns outlined in the needs assessment. We offer both After School Tutoring during the school year as well as a Summer Remote and a Summer Targeted Learning Program for students to participate in.

Supplemental instructional and non-instructional positions, out of school time, professional development, supplemental supplies and materials, parental involvement activities, and technology all align with the needs assessment.

4. Describe the strategies in the schoolwide plan which provide a level of INTERVENTIONS for students who need the most instructional support in all major subgroups participating in the schoolwide program.

The school provides differentiated support for all students. Within the classroom, teachers provide the first level of interventions, ensuring that all students receive instruction based on their varying needs. In addition to this support, supplemental grant-funded staff serve academically struggling students in all grades as part of the school's research-based intervention program as outlined above. Supplemental staff increased the quantity of instruction for students and major subgroups who need the most instructional support. Supplemental staff support be found under each goal.

5. Describe how the school determines if these needs of students are being met.

Teachers have significant input into school-based academic assessments. Each grade level has shared planning time and is expected to spend time each week reviewing student needs, developing instructional strategies to address those needs, and assessment to ensure needs are met. Additionally, teachers choose to implement, as appropriate, tests and assessment that measure student performance with respect to the school's curriculum. The school uses state test data (M-STEP) and NWEA proficiency scores to determine which students to refer to the intervention program. Through the formative assessment process and progress monitoring teachers work collaboratively to identify student's learning progress. When students have mastered content (as measured by progress monitoring tools, M-STEP, and NWEA) they are moved out of the intervention program and are continued to be monitored through regular meetings between intervention and general education staff. Students who continue to show learning gaps (as measured by progress monitoring tools, M-STEP, and NWEA) remain in the program and are offered additional support time.

Component 3: Instruction by Highly Qualified Staff

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
	<p>1. Do all of the instructional paraprofessionals meet the NCLB requirements for highly qualified? Provide an assurance statement. If no, what is the number that is not highly qualified and what is being done to address this? NOTE: A schoolwide program must have all highly qualified instructional staff.</p>	Yes	The school is compliant with the 100% paraprofessional requirement and assures compliance with Section 1119 of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001.	

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
	<p>2. Do all of the teachers meet the NCLB requirements for highly qualified? Provide an assurance statement. If no, what is the number that is not highly qualified and what is being done to address this? NOTE: A schoolwide program must have all highly qualified instructional staff.</p>	Yes	The school is compliant with the 100% teacher requirement and assures compliance with Section 1119 of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001.	

Component 4: Strategies to Attract Highly Qualified Teachers

1. What is the school's teacher turnover rate for this school year?

The teacher turnover rate for 2014-15 was 6 teachers. The teacher turnover rate has decreased from previous years, for example the teacher turnover rate in 2012-13 was 12 teachers.

2. What is the experience level of key teaching and learning personnel?

The number of teachers with zero to three years of experience is 14, while the number of teachers with four to eight years of experience is 16. Finally, the number of teachers with nine to fourteen years of experience is 7.

3. Describe the specific initiatives the SCHOOL has implemented to attract and retain high quality teachers regardless of the turnover rate.

The school holds as a top priority the recruiting, hiring, and retaining of high quality, highly qualified, and fully licensed teachers to serve its students. Efforts made by the school and its management partner, National Heritage Academies include the following:

- Establishing close relationships with local universities and colleges with teacher education programs.
- Advertising positions through online college postings, the National Heritage Academies website, and a weekly internal job newsletter that is sent out to all school and NHA employees.
- Offering a competitive salary and benefits package, including fifty percent (50%) reimbursement benefit for continuing education.
- Providing a comprehensive orientation, mentoring and induction that facilitates a successful transition into teaching.
- Providing opportunities for teachers to improve their instructional skills through a comprehensive professional development program.
- Including teachers in the continuous improvement planning process, and other school initiatives and activities.

4. Describe the specific initiatives the DISTRICT has implemented to attract and retain highly qualified teachers regardless of the turnover rate.

Please see responses from question #3 (the previous question) since the district is a single building LEA.

5. If there is a high turnover rate, what initiatives has the school implemented to attempt to lower the turnover rate of highly qualified teachers?

Not Applicable (N/A) - The school has a very low teacher turnover rate.

Component 5: High Quality and Ongoing Professional Development

1. Describe the professional learning that the staff will receive that is aligned with the comprehensive needs assessment process and the goals of the school improvement plan.

All professional development is aligned to the comprehensive needs assessment and the school improvement goals. A needs assessment was conducted to determine the focus of the professional development efforts. The school staff will work toward improving the academic achievement of their students through continuous professional development aimed at increasing staff knowledge and skills in order to improve the rigor of the instructional practices in the school. The written district professional development plan is based on the Comprehensive Needs Assessment data and includes strategies for meeting the educational needs of students with different learning styles. The school provides opportunities for the principal, teachers, other school staff, and parents, if appropriate, to participate in sustained, in-depth professional development. These professional development activities are ongoing and based on scientifically-based research. The school plans on facilitating the professional development included in the goals section which is aligned with the Comprehensive Needs Assessment and the 2016-17 school improvement plan goals.

2. Describe how this professional learning is "sustained and ongoing."

PD is sustained and ongoing through the use of an Academic Intervention Coach and grade level Deans to provide job embedded professional development, grade level meetings and schoolwide professional development events. Staff complete surveys after each professional development to assess the content of each training. The Academic Intervention Coach and grade level Deans continue to monitor and observe implementation throughout the year through observations, coaching, modeling, and continuous feedback.

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
	3. The school's Professional Learning Plan is complete.	Yes	Attached Great Oaks 2016-17 PD Plan	Great Oaks 2016-17 PD Plan

Component 6: Strategies to Increase Parental Involvement

1. Describe how parents are (will be) involved in the design of the schoolwide plan.

Design of Schoolwide Plan: Parent involvement programs are designed by stakeholders, including representative parents, who serve on the School Improvement Committee. The Committee analyzes academic, perception, and process data in order to determine needs related to parent involvement. In addition, parents provide input into the program design through several surveys and parent meetings.

2. Describe how parents are (will be) involved in the implementation of the schoolwide plan.

Parents will be involved in the implementation of the schoolwide plan by their continued participation on the school improvement team and also by attending the annual parent meetings in the spring and fall. They also participate in the parent involvement activities implemented to support the schoolwide goals. Parents that volunteer in the classrooms will assist teachers in helping students meet their yearly goals as well as the overall schoolwide goals. They will work in small groups assisting in workshop and during reading circles. Parents will be invited to participate in the implementation of the schoolwide plan through other events and volunteer opportunities during the school year.

3. Describe how parents are (will be) involved in the evaluation of the schoolwide plan.

Feedback from parents on the annual evaluation of the schoolwide plan will be solicited formally through annual surveys and meetings surveys as well as informally from principal meetings and parent teacher conferences, as well as their participation on the schoolwide team. The parent feedback will be incorporated into the review process and the schoolwide plan and programs will be adjusted accordingly.

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
	4. Does the school have a Title I Parent Involvement policy that addresses how the school carries out the required activities of ESEA Section 1118 (c) through (f)?	Yes	PI Policy Attached	GO Policy

5. Describe how the school is carrying out the activities outlined in ESEA Section 1118 (e) 1-5, 14 and (f).

Outlined below are several parent involvement activities and strategies that will be implemented throughout the school year, as required in ESEA Section 1118(e)1-5,14 and (f): Section 1118 (e) - Building Capacity for Involvement.

1118 (e) (1) - The school provides assistance to parents of children served by the school in understanding such topics as the state's academic content standards and student achievement standards, state and local academic assessments, the requirements of this part, and how to monitor a child's progress and work with educators to improve achievement for their children. The school complies with Section 1118 (e)(1) as follows: Parents will have the opportunity to learn about the following during Parent Learning Events, Coffee with the Principal, and other Parent Meetings: the state's academic content standards and student achievement standards, state and local academic assessments, the requirements of this part, how to monitor a child's progress and work with educators to improve achievement for their children. The

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school will also hold Parent Teacher Conferences twice per year, and teachers will communicate opportunities to volunteer in the classroom as well as specific meeting times and dates for them to participate and learn about their child(s) education via school email, teacher and principal newsletters, and SchoolMessenger (automated communication system).

1118 (e) (2) - The school fosters parental involvement by providing materials and training to help parents work with their children to improve their children's achievement. The school complies with Section 1118 (e)(2) as follows: This is done in myriad of ways, one of which is the Back to School event held in August each year, in which families will receive a school calendar and information regarding additional services offered by the school; they will also have access to their child(ren)'s teacher(s), and will receive print materials to help them understand the opportunities for parent involvement during the school year. Another way that the school reaches parents is through monthly newsletters in which information regarding current happenings in the school, strategies to increase student achievement, and community resources for parents and students are articulated. These newsletters are distributed via email, the school's website, and in print form available in the school's front office. Additionally, the principal hosts informal "Coffee with the Principal" meetings. Further, the school holds two annual parent-teacher conferences, which are very well-attended, but parents are always welcome to schedule additional time with school staff to discuss these and any other topics as needed. Another way in which parents are provided with materials and training to enable and empower them to help their children increase their achievement is through parent learning events. All parents are invited to these events to help them better understand their key role in their child(ren)'s education. Finally, all parents are invited to attend the Title I Parent Meetings held at least twice per school year. The meetings will always include the following agenda items, but will be expanded based on student needs:

- What is Title I?
- Why might my child need help?
- How can I get involved?
- School Improvement Overview
- Title I Parent Involvement Policy Review
- Teacher-Parent-Student Compact Review
- Homeless Dispute Resolution Process

1118 (e) (3) - The school takes seriously its commitment to educating teachers, pupil services personnel, principals, and other staff in the value and the utility of parents' contributions. The school complies with Section 1118 (e) (3) as follows: Educators receive guidance in ways to reach out to parents; to communicate with them; to work with them as equal partners; to implement and coordinate parent programs; and to build ties between parents and the school. The school solicits the assistance of parents through its parent nights and surveys so that they are part of the conversation around educating all school staff on the value and utility of the contributions of the parent population. Further, the school's Director of School Quality provides the school leadership team with ongoing support related to these key areas of parent/school development, and in turn, the leadership team provides weekly observations and one-on-one coaching for teachers which includes coaching around meaningful parent involvement and family engagement to increase academic achievement. Teachers are encouraged to keep open lines of communication with parents, to work with them as partners in every student's education, to participate and volunteer for parent events and programs, and to build and maintain positive relationships between families and the school.

1118 (e) (4) - The school coordinates and integrates parental involvement programs and activities with Head Start, Reading First, Early Reading First, Even Start, the Home Instruction Programs for Preschool Youngsters, the Parents as Teachers Program, and/or public preschool and other programs, and conduct other activities, such as parent resource centers, that encourage and support parents in more fully participating in the education of their children.

The school complies with Section 1118 (e)(4) as follows: One of the duties of the school's social worker is to coordinate and integrate the

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parental involvement program at the school with activities and resources in the community by attending meetings with local agencies monthly, maintaining regular contact with community services resources and not for-profit counseling and young person's groups such as The Boys and Girls Club and the YMCA. Additionally all staff are expected to educate the whole child by encouraging and supporting parents to fully participate in their child's education. Staff does this by being available via phone, email and for in-person meetings, and also more formally through parent and family events. The plan for connecting with preschool age children also includes numerous summer get-togethers in which the children can meet the teachers and staff of the school and other students making a similar transition.

For example:

- Popsicles on the Playground (school wide summer fun at the school playground for new students to meet staff members and other students making a similar transition)
- A welcome party for new families including all incoming kindergarteners
- An Open House will occur prior to the school year in which students will meet their classroom teachers.

1118 (e) (5) - The school ensures that information related to school and parent programs, meetings, and other activities is sent to the parents of participating children in a format, to the extent practicable, in a language the parents can understand. The school complies with Section 1118 (e)(5) as follows: The school communicates information via SchoolMessenger (emails and texts), direct emails from teachers, and via principal and teacher newsletters. These modes of communication are helpful for literate and seeing parents, and if there is a literacy or sight barrier the school communicates verbally with parents as well. Additionally, all documentation and communication is translated for parents whose primary language is not English. Accommodations including relay services are used for any parents with disabilities.

1118 (e) (14) - The school provides such other reasonable support for parental involvement activities under this section as parents may request. The school complies with Section 1118 (e)(14) as follows: The school solicits feedback from parents about support they may need via surveys, meetings, and informal communication. If requested by parents, the school will provide parents of identified Title I students additional opportunities for regular meetings to offer suggestions and to participate in decisions that impact their child's education such as during the already regularly scheduled monthly parent/principal meetings.

Section 1118 (f) - The school provides full opportunities for the participation of parents with limited English proficiency, parents with disabilities, parents of migratory children, including providing information and school reports required under Section 1111 in a format and, to the extent practicable, in a language such parents understand, in carrying out parental involvement policy in the school. The school complies with Section 1118 (f) as follows: the school provides individual student academic assessment results (M-STEP, NWEA, and other formal and informal assessments) to all parents in a format that they can understand, including an interpretation of the results. This information will not only be translated in a language that parents can understand, but the educational language and acronyms will be communicated during parent learning events, parent trainings, parent-teacher conferences, principal meetings, and other informal and formal parent events. The school will accomplish this by providing assistance to parents, providing materials and training to help parents, training teachers and other staff in how to partner with parents, and providing information in several languages as appropriate. The school wants parents to fully understand their child's test results so they can be an active participant in their academic success. The school communicates information via SchoolMessenger (emails and texts), direct emails from teachers, and via principal and teacher newsletters. These modes of communication are helpful for literate and seeing parents, and if there is a literacy or sight barrier the school communicates verbally with parents as well. Additionally, all documentation and communication is translated for parents whose primary language is not English. Accommodations including relay services are used for any parents with disabilities. Outlined below and within the Parent Involvement Plan are several parent involvement activities and strategies that will be implemented throughout the school year. Parent involvement activities and strategies that will be implemented throughout the school year include:

Popsicles on the Playground, Parent Information Meeting with Principal, Summer Learning Activity Newsletters, Back to School Open House, Parent Orientations, Title I Parent Meeting, Parent Teacher Conferences, Parent SIP Meeting, and Principal Newsletters, Dean Newsletters, and Teacher Newsletters, Additional activities will be added as needed. Through these activities and parental involvement components, the

school assures that it appropriately: 1) provides assistance to parents through parent teacher conferences, access to teachers and administrators via phone, email and in person, parent trainings, and other individualized ways according to parent needs; 2) provides materials and training to help parents work with children to improve their achievement during family engagement and parent involvement events, meetings with school leadership and teachers, parent teacher conferences and other individualized ways according to parent needs; 3) trains teachers and other required staff in the importance of and how to partner with parents during staff professional development days, through coaching with new teacher mentors and school leadership, and via online courses provided by the management company; 4) coordinates and integrates to the appropriate degree its parent involvement activities with other programming; 5) communicates information related to school and parent programs and activities are communicated in an understandable format and language via text, SchoolMessenger, phone call, email, letters home and face-to-face meetings with school staff; and 6) provides full opportunities for parents with limited English proficiency, parents with disabilities, and parents of migratory children to be involved in the activities of the school and to receive appropriate information and school reports; and 7) provides other reasonable support for parental involvement activities as parents may request. The school uses all necessary means to ensure that all parents receive opportunities to be involved at the school and that they are provided information in a format that is useful to them. As such, the school complies with NCLB Sections 1118(e) 1-5 and (14) and Section 1118 (f).

6. Describe how the parent involvement component of the schoolwide plan is (will be) evaluated.

Parental involvement activities, and the parent involvement component of this schoolwide plan, will be involved in the annual evaluation of the schoolwide plan. Feedback from parents provided through communication and their participation in the evaluation process will be incorporated into the review process and the schoolwide plan and programs will be adjusted accordingly. Also, annual parent survey results will be analyzed as part of the program evaluation.

7. Describe how the results of the evaluation are (will be) used to improve the schoolwide program.

The school examines which trainings will be necessary and appropriate in order to better serve the parents and families. The school administration works to improve the relationships with parents in regard to student concerns through gathering feedback from parent surveys and other evaluations, both formal and informal.

Feedback from parents provided through communication and their participation in the evaluation process will be incorporated into the review process and the schoolwide plan and programs will be adjusted accordingly each spring as part of the school's continuous improvement process.

8. Describe how the school-parent compact is developed.

The School-Parent Compact was developed and created by all stakeholders and includes input from Board members, school employees, and parents. During the developmental process, the proposed School-Parent Compact was shared with parent groups, including the parents serving on the School Improvement Team. All parents were asked to provide feedback and propose changes or additional language to the

School-Parent Compact. The changes in content and additional language requested by parents were incorporated into the final version of the document.

9. Describe how the School-Parent Compact is used at elementary-level parent teacher conferences.

In accordance with NCLB Section 1118(d)(1)(a), the school discusses the Parent-Student Compact at least annually during parent-teacher conferences. The compact is discussed as it relates to individual student performance and the participation and commitment of the parent, teacher, and child in the child's education, and parents sign in to demonstrate that they have reviewed the Compact. Also during parent-teacher conferences, individual student assessment results and interpretation are provided to parents. Teachers are responsible for communicating student performance information to parents during these meetings. Additionally, the school collects parent feedback on the Compact via surveys collected during Title I Meetings, and adjustments to the Compact are made accordingly. Parent feedback on the Compact is also gathered through informal meetings with the principal, school leadership team, and teachers.

10. How is the School-Parent Compact shared with middle school or high school parents (depending on the grade span of the school)?

The school serves grades K-8. The Compact is used in the same manner for parents of students of all grade levels served. The school in accordance with NCLB Section 1118(d)(1)(a), the school discusses the Parent-Student Compact at least annually during parent-teacher conferences. The compact is discussed as it relates to individual student performance and the participation and commitment of the parent, teacher, and student in the child's education. During conferences parents sign-in to demonstrate that they have reviewed the Compact. Also during parent-teacher conferences individual student assessment results and interpretation are provided to parents. Teachers are responsibility for communicating student performance information to parents during these meetings. Additionally, the school collects parent feedback on the Compact via surveys collected during Title I Meetings, and adjustments to the Compact are made accordingly. Parent feedback on the Compact is also gathered through informal meetings with the principal, school leadership team, and teachers.

Label	Assurance	Response	Comment	Attachment
	The School's School-Parent Compact is attached.	Yes	NEED FROM HANDBOOK	

11. Describe how the school provides individual student academic assessment results in a language the parents can understand.

The school provides individual student academic assessment results (M-STEP, NWEA, and other formal and informal assessments) to all parents in a format that they can understand, including an interpretation of the results. This information will not only be translated in a language that parents can understand, but the educational language and acronyms will be communicated during parent learning events, parent trainings, parent-teacher conferences, principal meetings, and other informal and formal parent events. The school will accomplish this by providing assistance to parents, providing materials and training to help parents, training teachers and other staff in how to partner with parents, and providing information in several languages as appropriate. As such, the school complies with NCLB Section 1118. The school wants parents to fully understand their child's test results so they can be an active participant in their academic success.

Component 7: Preschool Transition Strategies

1. In what ways does the school connect with preschool age children more than a once a year visitation to the kindergarten classroom?

The school is committed to connecting with preschool age children in order to prepare them for school and has developed preschool transition strategies to ensure that incoming students are well-prepared for kindergarten. The plan for connecting with preschool age children also includes numerous summer get-togethers in which the children can meet the teachers and staff of the school and other students making a similar transition. For example:

- Popsicles in the Park (school wide summer fun at the park for new students to meet staff members and other students making a similar transition)
- A welcome party for new families including all incoming kindergarteners
- An Open House will occur prior to the school year in which students will meet their classroom teachers.

2. What types of training does the school provide preschool parents and/or preschool teachers on the skills preschool age children will need when they enter kindergarten?

The school has a dedicated representative who works with area preschools, daycares, Head Start programs, etc., in ensuring kindergarten readiness. The school's Admissions Representative and Leadership meet with community members and preschools to discuss Preschool Transition. Meetings consist of informing parents about the school, inviting parents and students to visit the school and kindergarten classrooms, inviting preschool/daycare staff to visit the school and the kindergarten classrooms, and a presentation regarding the skills and knowledge students will need to know when they enter the kindergarten classroom. Training/informational packets, which are delivered to parents and area preschools/daycares, contain information about kindergarten readiness, activities to prepare children for kindergarten, and commonly asked questions regarding the transition from preschool to kindergarten.

The school's plan for transitioning students from preschool to kindergarten included a kindergarten focused parent meetings and Open Houses. At these events, discussions will focus on:

- Basic skills children should know coming in to kindergarten
- The difference between young fives and kindergarten
- The kindergarten curriculum
- Kindergarten behavior management plan
- A tour of the school
- Meeting the teachers and visiting the classrooms.

Component 8: Teacher Participation in Making Assessment Decisions

1. How do teachers provide their input into the decisions regarding the use of school-based academic assessments?

Teachers have significant input into school-based academic assessments. Each grade level has shared planning time and is expected to spend a minimum of one day each week reviewing student needs, developing instructional strategies to address those needs, and assessments to ensure needs are met. Additionally, teachers choose to implement, as appropriate, tests and assessments that measure student performance with respect to the school's curriculum. Through the formative assessment planning process, teachers work collaboratively to identify what specific knowledge or skills students need to know and how they will determine when such learning has taken place. Additionally, the school's administration surveys teachers on an annual basis to solicit feedback, including feedback on the school's academic assessments.

2. How are teachers involved in student achievement data analysis for the purpose of improving the academic achievement of all students?

Teachers are active participants in the analysis of data to improve the academic achievement for all students. The Northwest Evaluation Association test is administered three times per year: fall, winter, and spring. Following each NWEA administration, all teachers analyze the data they receive and create action plans for student intervention. Teachers also analyze M-STEP results and school-based assessments. Based on this analysis, they adjust their instruction and differentiate to best meet student needs. Teachers gather more data with each assessment and adjust their instruction as needed. In addition, teachers regularly participate in training to better analyze data, differentiate instruction accordingly, and determine appropriate classroom-based interventions.

Component 9: Timely and Additional Assistance to Students Having Difficulty Mastering the Standards

1. Describe the process to identify students who experience difficulty mastering the State's academic achievement assessment standards at an advanced or proficient level.

The school provides assistance in accelerating students in all content areas while focusing on the identified needs in the comprehensive needs assessment. The school staff have many opportunities to learn how to identify academically struggling students and they are aware of the assistance that is available to struggling students. The school utilizes many data points to identify students who are experiencing difficulty mastering the State's academic achievement standards at an advanced or proficient level, including the analysis of:

- 1) Failing the M-STEP
- 2) Scoring below the 50th percentile on the Northwest Evaluation Association Measures of Academic Progress or Primary Grades Assessment,
- 3) Teacher recommendation
- 4) Behavior results - Atypical behavior is observed
- 5) NWEA/M-STEP results - Flat or declining test scores
- 6) Student classwork - There is a decline or the student is not making typical growth
- 7) In-class formative assessments - Student does not demonstrate mastery of concepts
- 8) Student classroom engagement - When the student becomes withdrawn and stops engaging in classroom discussion

Academic progress is monitored through these methods as well as the formative assessment process.

2. How is timely, effective, additional assistance provided to students who are experiencing difficulty mastering the State's academic achievement assessment standards at an advanced or proficient level?

The school has implemented programs to serve students at-risk of academic failure, as well as students with special needs. The interventions provided to students in need of timely and additional assistance are evaluated for their effectiveness in helping students master the State's academic achievement standards. These interventions include activities that are inside and outside the regular classroom.

Students that are having difficulty mastering State academic achievement standards receive the following timely additional supports:

- Differentiated instruction in the regular classroom in each core content area by teachers and supplemental staff.
- Customized intervention during Workshop Time.
- Paraprofessionals provide instructional lessons in reading and math to identified students having difficulty mastering standards on a daily basis.
- Academic Specialists provide daily instructional support services to students who are identified as eligible for intervention services through the use of assessments and eligibility criteria set by the school in order to increase student achievement in all core content academic areas. They serve as a conduit for communication to the at-risk students' parents by providing regular, clear and understandable progress reports on intervention services provided. This support occurs both outside and inside the regular classroom. The support in the regular classroom will be 1) 1-on-1 or 2) small group for eligible students.
- At-Risk Teachers provide instructional support services to students who are identified as eligible for intervention services through the use of

assessments and eligibility criteria set by the school in order to increase student achievement in core content areas.

- A school Social Worker works with students who experience difficulty in the school and community setting as a result of social-emotional or family issues that result in educational time loss or other challenges to academic achievement.
- A targeted summer learning program is targeted to at-risk students for continued support in Mathematics, Reading, Science, Social Studies, and Writing. It will be implemented to provide additional academic support for at-risk students to prevent summer learning loss.
- A remote summer learning program is targeted to at-risk students for continued support in all core content areas. It will be implemented to provide additional academic support for at risk students to prevent summer learning loss.
- A before/after-school tutoring program is offered to the most at-risk students for continued support in all core content areas, but particularly English Language Arts and Math.

Additional student services are monitored regularly to ensure students are receiving support appropriate to their identified needs and to track their continued progress. Staff discuss student progress regularly during team data meetings to address any necessary changes to duration and strategies for each individual student. As students reach their goals they are moved into less intensive services. If it is determined that students require continued additional support, the goal plan, workshop time and instructional strategies used are adjusted.

3. How are students' individual needs being addressed through differentiated instruction in the classroom?

Differentiated instructional strategies for students include but are not limited to the following:

- Additional repetition of content expectations
- Small group and individual strategies
- Making a match between what the student knows, how the instruction is being given, and the task that is being assigned.

Component 10: Coordination and Integration of Federal, State and Local Programs and Resources

1. In what ways are the programs coordinated and integrated toward the achievement of the schoolwide goals? Include a LIST of the State, local and Federal programs/resources that will be supporting the schoolwide program.

- The school ensures that the use of all federal, state, and local funds is coordinated to ensure focus on the goals, strategies, and action activities identified in this Schoolwide Plan in order to upgrade the school's entire educational program. Furthermore, coordination and integration of all federal, state, and local services and programs are ensured through collaboration among administration, staff, parents, and other stakeholders as part of the school's improvement planning process. Specifically, the school utilizes funds from State and local sources to support the goals identified in the Schoolwide Plan. The school is a public school academy; it does not currently apply for or receive violence prevention funds, housing program funds, Head Start funds, adult education funds, vocational and technical education funds, or job training funds. If the school receives these funds at any point in the future, their use will be coordinated along with all other available funds through the school's Schoolwide Plan. While the school receives funds through the National School Lunch Act/Child Nutrition Act, their use is not coordinated under this plan as they do not contribute directly toward upgrading the school's educational program.

General/Local (Board) funds are used to support the schoolwide plan by providing: Staff wages and benefits (administrators, teachers, office staff, custodial, coaches, etc.) textbooks and curricular tools, computers and office equipment, supplies and materials, building costs, maintenance, utilities, professional development, and parent engagement.

IDEA/Special Education funds are used to support the schoolwide plan by providing: Special Education teachers' wages and benefits.

Title I funds are used to support the schoolwide plan by providing supplemental staff wages and benefits, out of school time activities, fees associated with a Title audit, parental involvement activities, instructional subscriptions, professional development, as well as supplies and materials including technology.

Title IIA funds are used to support the schoolwide plan by providing supplemental professional development, fees associated with a Title audit, and supplemental out of school time activities, staff wages and benefits, and supplies and materials including technology via Title IIA transferability to Title I.

Title III LEP funds are used to support the schoolwide plan by providing supplemental support through the consortium initiatives.

Section 31a funds are used to support the schoolwide plan by providing staff wages and benefits, out of school time activities, and supplies and materials including technology.

Community organizations, clubs, and businesses - the school partners with local organizations to provide support services to impact student learning.

2. Describe how the school will use the resources from Title I and other State, local and Federal sources to implement the ten required schoolwide components.

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The school uses several resources to implement the required Schoolwide plan components. Title I and Section 31a provide supplemental services to students. Professional development programs, supplemented with funding available through Titles IIA, are also supported by the school's Schoolwide Plan. A complete list of support can be found in below.

Components 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 - Resources: IDEA, state/general and local funds

Support provided: Admissions representative (general), teachers (general and IDEA), and the school leadership team (general) will work in collaboration to support student achievement. Staff will be provided job-embedded professional development to increase teaching effectiveness. Parent involvement activities will provide parents with opportunities to learn how to better support their children's academic experience.

Components 1, 2, 3, 6, and 9 - Resources: Title I

Supplemental support provided Paraprofessionals, Academic Intervention Coach, Academic Specialists, out of school time activities, parent involvement events, supplies and materials including technology, and supplemental professional development.

Components 1, 2, 4, 5, and 9 - Resources: Title IIA

Supplemental support provided: Supplemental professional development and supplemental out of school time activities, staff wages and benefits, and supplies and materials including technology via Title IIA transferability to Title I.

Component 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 9 - Resources: Title III Funds

Supplemental support provided: Instructional Coaches, professional development, ESL certification reimbursement, and supplemental supplies and materials including subscriptions and technology.

Components 1, 2, 3, and 9 - Resources: Section 31a Funds

Supplemental support provided: Paraprofessionals, At-Risk Teachers, Academic Specialists, Social Workers, out of school time, and supplies and materials including technology.

3. How does the school coordinate and integrate the following Federal, State and local programs and services in a manner applicable to the grade level to support achievement of the schoolwide goals: violence prevention programs, nutrition programs, housing programs, Head Start, adult education, vocational and technical education, and job training.

While funding will not be consolidated, the school's entire educational program is supported by the Schoolwide Plan; this includes supplemental programs. Since the school is a single-school, K-8 public school academy, it does not currently apply for or receive violence prevention funds, housing program funds, Head Start funds, adult education funds, vocational and technical education funds, or job training funds. If the school receives these funds at any point in the future, their use will be coordinated along with all other available funds through the school's Schoolwide Plan. While the school receives funds through the National School Lunch Act / Child Nutrition Act, their use is not coordinated under this plan as they do not contribute directly toward upgrading the school's educational program.

Evaluation:

1. Describe how the school evaluates, at least annually, the implementation of the schoolwide program.

The school annually evaluates the implementation of its school improvement efforts through its school improvement process. While the school regularly assesses its needs, when engaged in the school improvement process it specifically considers student academic performance data, demographic data, programs and processes data, and perceptions data, to gauge the impact of its school improvement plan on meeting identified needs.

2. Describe how the school evaluates the results achieved by the schoolwide program using data from the State's annual assessments and other indicators of academic achievement.

The school improvement team and the staff will analyze M-STEP, MI-SAAS, and NWEA MAP data to determine if goals were met. Appropriate supports will be put into place to support students not making appropriate gains.

3. Describe how the school determines whether the schoolwide program has been effective in increasing the achievement of students who are furthest from achieving the standards.

The school improvement process at the school will be ongoing and components will be reviewed and revised to assure continuous student improvement. Team meetings, staff meetings, and in-service days will be used to provide opportunities for the staff to be involved in the evaluation process.

4. What process is followed by the school to revise the plan, as necessary, based on the evaluation, to ensure continuous improvement of students in the schoolwide program?

The school improvement process at the school will be ongoing and components will be reviewed and revised to assure continuous student improvement. Team meetings, staff meetings, and in-service days will be used to provide opportunities for the staff to be involved in the evaluation process.

2016-17 Goal Plan

Overview

Plan Name

2016-17 Goal Plan

Plan Description

2016-2017 Great Oaks Goal Plan

Goals Summary

The following is a summary of the goals encompassed in this plan. The details for each goal are available in the next section.

#	Goal Name	Goal Details	Goal Type	Total Funding
1	All students at Great Oaks Academy will increase academic achievement in Mathematics, Science, Social Studies, and English Language Arts.	Objectives: 4 Strategies: 6 Activities: 6	Academic	\$0

Goal 1: All students at Great Oaks Academy will increase academic achievement in Mathematics, Science, Social Studies, and English Language Arts.

Measurable Objective 1:

A 5% increase of Economically Disadvantaged students will demonstrate a proficiency , in Mathematics by 06/30/2017 as measured by NWEA.

(shared) Strategy 1:

Supplemental Instructional Support Positions - Supplemental instructional staff will provide small group, one on one, push-in and pull-out services to students in order to target

academically struggling students.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: Supplemental academic support in the form of small ratio tutoring has been shown to increase the reading abilities of all students. The following is research that supports instructional support positions as a strategy: Tomlinson, C.A. (2003). Fulfilling the Promise of the Differentiated Classroom: Strategies and Tools for Responsive Teaching. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Instructional Support Positions	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
<p>At Risk Teacher: Will provide instructional support and assessment for students who are below grade level. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Academic Specialist: Will provide expert instruction and assessment for students who are below grade level. Academic Specialists are responsible for the increased performance of struggling at risk students. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Paraprofessionals: Will work w/ students in grades K-8, M-F during school day hours under the direct supervision of a teacher. Will provide these types of assistance: 1) 1-on-1 or small group for eligible students w/in the reg classroom, & 2) 1-on-1 or small group for the general student pop, ONLY if it allows the reg classroom teacher to work individually or in small groups w/ the most academically at-risk students in order to increase student achievement in core content areas.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Section 31a, Title I Part A	Principal, Content Area Teachers, At Risk Coordinator, At Risk Teachers, Academic Specialists, Paraprofessionals

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(shared) Strategy 2:

Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions - Supplemental Non-Instructional Staff will work with students by eliminating barriers to instruction.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: Two studies find that elementary guidance activities have a positive influence on elementary students' academic achievement. School counseling programs have significant influence on discipline problems. Baker and Gerler reported that students who participated in a school counseling program had significantly less inappropriate behaviors and more positive attitudes toward school than those students who did not participate in the program. Another study reported that group counseling provided by school counselors significantly decreased participants' aggressive and hostile behaviors. Hadley, H.R. (1988). Improving Reading Scores Through a Self-Esteem Prevention Program. *Elementary School Guidance & Counseling*, 22, 248-252. Baker, S. B., & Gerler, E. R. (2001). Counseling in schools. In D. C. Locke, J. E. Myers, and E. L. Herr (Eds.), *The Handbook of Counseling*, Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Social Worker: Will work with students who experience difficulty in the school and community setting as a result of social-emotional or family issues that result in educational time loss or other challenges to academic achievement.	Behavioral Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Section 31a	Principal, Content Area Teachers, Social Worker

(shared) Strategy 3:

Professional Development - Staff will engage in professional development activities to learn how to better support academically struggling students thereby increasing academic achievement.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: In a 1998 study involving a half million elementary and middle grades students in 3,000 Texas schools, researchers found that the most important factor in student achievement was teacher quality. A national study of over 1,000 mathematics and science teachers found similar results. Sustained and intensive professional development is more likely to have an impact on enhanced teacher knowledge and skills, and ultimately student achievement, than shorter professional development activities (Garet et. al., 2001). The results from this study also indicate that professional development that is focused on subject matter, provides teachers with opportunities for "hands-on" work, and is integrated into the daily life of the school is more likely to produce enhanced knowledge and skills that positively impact student achievement. Hanushek, E., Kain, J. and Rivkin, S. (1998). *Teachers, Schools, and Academic Achievement*. Cambridge, MA. NBER. Garet, Michael S. et. al., (2001). *What Makes Professional Development Effective? Results From a National Sample of Teachers*. Washington, DC. American Educational Research Association.

Tier:

Activity - Professional Development	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
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<p>Academic Intervention Coach: Will provide intervention staff with supplemental, individualized coaching throughout the year. Intervention staff will learn how to use data to differentiate instruction in the classroom, utilize effective instructional strategies that meet the varying needs of educationally disadvantaged students, and other core teaching and learning components as necessary.</p> <p>AimsWeb Online Subscription and Staff Training: Supplemental on-line resource that provides a complete web-based solution for universal screening, progress monitoring, and data management of students. AimsWeb provides guidance to administrators and teachers based on accurate, continuous, and direct student assessment.</p> <p>Instruction on the implementation of the Read Naturally Strategy which combines teacher-modeling, repeated reading, and progress monitoring to create an effective tool that individualizes instruction and improves reading proficiency. Using audio support and tracking their progress, students work with high-interest material at their skill level to improve fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.</p>	<p>Professional Learning</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Title I Part A, Title II Part A</p>	<p>All Staff</p>
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(shared) Strategy 4:

Out of School Time - Students will have the opportunity to participate in supplemental academic out of school time activities. Activities will be targeted to individual student needs.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: In Marzano's seminal meta-analysis of research on school-, teacher-, and student-level factors that impact student achievement, the author argues that there is a strong correlation between background knowledge and student achievement. Where students do not have background knowledge sufficient to ensure academic success, the school works to provide increased opportunities for students to enhance their background knowledge so that their learning can be accelerated; such opportunities may include tutoring and summer learning programming which ensures students have increased time to learn the knowledge and skills they need to be academically successful. Marzano, R. (2004). Building Background Knowledge for Academic Achievement. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

Tier:

Activity - Out of School Time	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
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<p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks: In an effort to prevent summer loss, students will receive a workbook at the end of the 2016-17 school year to take home and complete over the summer. There is one activity for every day. Students will turn in their workbook at the beginning of the 2017-18 school year. NWEA test data from Spring 2017 will be compared to Fall 2016. NWEA test data in order to evaluate the academic effectiveness of this program.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Incentives: These incentives are for students who bring their Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks to school completed at the start of the school year. 2016-17 Title I funds will be used for the purchase of these workbooks.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Parent Incentives: Educationally related gift cards will be purchased for the parents of the children that complete the Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks. The goal of these books is to prevent summer learning loss. By rewarding the parents when their child completes these books, the school anticipates that more parents will encourage students to continue learning over the summer. This will result in a reduction of summer learning loss and an increase in student academic achievement.</p> <p>Tutors will provide supplemental support to identified Title I (31a) students after school to increase academic achievement. Tutoring will be offered for 24 weeks during the school year. Students participating in the Summer School Program will participate in various field experiences. These experiences, in conjunction with the academics of the summer program will result in great academic achievement by building background knowledge. These experiences will also increase student motivation, positive youth and social development outcomes.</p>	<p>Academic Support Program</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Title I Part A, Section 31a</p>	<p>Principal, Summer Learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Non-Instructional support positions</p>
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(shared) Strategy 5:

Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology - Staff will utilize supplemental materials to support academically at-risk students in order to differentiate instruction.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: According to Tomlinson and Eidson, differentiated instruction "refers to a systematic approach to planning curriculum and instruction for academically diverse learners" and is "a way of thinking about the classroom with the dual goals of honoring each student's learning needs and maximizing each student's learning capacity". Tomlinson, C.A. (2003). Fulfilling the Promise of the Differentiated Classroom: Strategies and Tools for Responsive Teaching. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

In a 2000 study commissioned by the Software and Information Industry Association, they reviewed 311 research studies on the effectiveness of technology on student achievement. Their findings revealed positive and consistent patterns when students were engaged in technology-rich environments, including significant gains and achievement in all subject areas, increased achievement in preschool through high school for both regular and special needs students, and improved attitudes toward learning and increased self-esteem. Sivin-Kachala, J. and Bialo, E.R. (2000). 2000 Research Report on the Effectiveness of Technology in Schools. Washington, DC. SIIA.

Tier:

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Activity - Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
<p>Multiple subscriptions and relevant supplies will be purchased to be used by instructional staff and students for the advancement of academic achievement. Subscriptions consist of: Accelerated Reader supplemental online subscription Books will help at risk students read at their level of development and understanding, which will increase the students' interest and help foster independent reading. Math IXL: Supplemental software program that creates math assignments tailored to each student's current level, automatically scores all math practice, including assignments and tests, ongoing feedback on students' daily practice and allows the classroom teacher to differentiate math instruction, addressing each student's individual needs.</p> <p>Study Island On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is an on-line program (4 core) for students in Grades 3-8. Students can choose between traditional tests or interactive games as their learning method. Teachers have access to a private page where they can view detailed real-time progress reports for an individual student as well as their class as a whole, which makes it easy to identify deficiencies.</p> <p>Time For Kids: Supplemental, weekly news magazine motivates and increases student interest in reading. Topics are non-fiction and help students build reading and writing skills. These magazines can also be integrated into the curriculum in social studies, science, and math.</p> <p>Studies Weekly Magazine Subscription: Supplemental resource will expose at risk students to topics relating to Social Studies. These magazines are age-appropriate, and increase student interest in reading and expose them to a variety of global topics. Magazines also correlate with state standards.</p> <p>Reading A-Z On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is a website for teachers to print leveled books & resources for academically struggling students to take home. Will help improve reading, fluency, and comprehension skills.</p> <p>Technology Repairs/Services: Supplemental technology repairs/services will ensure that supplemental technology is able to remain functional to improve instruction. Cost is for technology repairs/services plus taxes and S&H.</p> <p>And Technology supplies to benefit learning and the academic achievement of Great Oaks Academy students includes the purchase of ipads and chromebooks.</p> <p>Proportionate expense for a single audit financial audit (conducted by a public accounting firm), as the school receives more than \$750,000 in federal grant funds. The total audit cost is distributed across all grants.</p>	Technology , Supplemen tal Materials			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title II Part A, Section 31a, Title I Part A	Principal, Summer learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Paraprofessionals, Instructional Support Staff

(shared) Strategy 6:

Parent Involvement - Parent involvement events will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to

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become more involved in their child's education.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: "Based on more than two decades of research on parental involvement, family engagement, and community partnerships, NNPS's tools, guidelines, and action team approach may be used by all elementary, middle, and high schools to increase involvement and improve student learning and development," explains Dr. Joyce L. Epstein. Epstein, J. (2005). Developing and sustaining research-based programs of school, family, and community partnerships: Summary of Five Years of NNPS Research, Centre on School, Family, and Community Partnerships. National Network of Partnership Schools (NNPS), Johns Hopkins University.

Tier:

Activity - Parent Involvement	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Parent workshops will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to become more involved in their child's education. Parent Involvement events will provide opportunities for parents to interact with students and teachers and develop strategies to engage their children in educational activities at home therefore increasing their academic proficiency. Parent involvement events may have light refreshments, have paid speakers, and/or use supplemental supplies/materials to encourage strong parent involvement. Specific themed nights include: Learning Gizmos Game Night, Family Math Night, History Night, Reading Night, Cultural Night and Science Night.	Parent Involvement			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title I Part A	All Staff

Measurable Objective 2:

A 5% increase of Economically Disadvantaged students will demonstrate a proficiency , in Science by 06/30/2017 as measured by NWEA.

(shared) Strategy 1:

Supplemental Instructional Support Positions - Supplemental instructional staff will provide small group, one on one, push-in and pull-out services to students in order to target

academically struggling students.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: Supplemental academic support in the form of small ratio tutoring has been shown to increase the reading abilities of all students. The following is research that supports instructional support positions as a strategy: Tomlinson, C.A. (2003). Fulfilling the Promise of the Differentiated Classroom: Strategies and Tools for Responsive Teaching. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Instructional Support Positions	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
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<p>At Risk Teacher: Will provide instructional support and assessment for students who are below grade level. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Academic Specialist: Will provide expert instruction and assessment for students who are below grade level. Academic Specialists are responsible for the increased performance of struggling at risk students. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Paraprofessionals: Will work w/ students in grades K-8, M-F during school day hours under the direct supervision of a teacher. Will provide these types of assistance: 1) 1-on-1 or small group for eligible students w/in the reg classroom, & 2) 1-on-1 or small group for the general student pop, ONLY if it allows the reg classroom teacher to work individually or in small groups w/ the most academically at-risk students in order to increase student achievement in core content areas.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title I Part A, Section 31a	Principal, Content Area Teachers, At Risk Coordinator, At Risk Teachers, Academic Specialists, Paraprofessionals
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(shared) Strategy 2:

Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions - Supplemental Non-Instructional Staff will work with students by eliminating barriers to instruction.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: Two studies find that elementary guidance activities have a positive influence on elementary students' academic achievement. School counseling programs have significant influence on discipline problems. Baker and Gerler reported that students who participated in a school counseling program had significantly less inappropriate behaviors and more positive attitudes toward school than those students who did not participate in the program. Another study reported that group counseling provided by school counselors significantly decreased participants' aggressive and hostile behaviors. Hadley, H.R. (1988). Improving Reading Scores Through a Self-Esteem Prevention Program. Elementary School Guidance & Counseling, 22, 248-252. Baker, S. B., & Gerler, E. R. (2001). Counseling in schools. In D. C. Locke, J. E. Myers, and E. L. Herr (Eds.), The Handbook of Counseling, Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Social Worker: Will work with students who experience difficulty in the school and community setting as a result of social-emotional or family issues that result in educational time loss or other challenges to academic achievement.	Behavioral Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Section 31a	Principal, Content Area Teachers, Social Worker

(shared) Strategy 3:

Professional Development - Staff will engage in professional development activities to learn how to better support academically struggling students thereby increasing

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academic achievement.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: In a 1998 study involving a half million elementary and middle grades students in 3,000 Texas schools, researchers found that the most important factor in student achievement was teacher quality. A national study of over 1,000 mathematics and science teachers found similar results. Sustained and intensive professional development is more likely to have an impact on enhanced teacher knowledge and skills, and ultimately student achievement, than shorter professional development activities (Garet et. al., 2001). The results from this study also indicate that professional development that is focused on subject matter, provides teachers with opportunities for "hands-on" work, and is integrated into the daily life of the school is more likely to produce enhanced knowledge and skills that positively impact student achievement. Hanushek, E., Kain, J. and Rivkin, S. (1998). Teachers, Schools, and Academic Achievement. Cambridge, MA. NBER. Garet, Michael S. et. al., (2001). What Makes Professional Development Effective? Results From a National Sample of Teachers. Washington, DC. American Educational Research Association.

Tier:

Activity - Professional Development	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Academic Intervention Coach: Will provide intervention staff with supplemental, individualized coaching throughout the year. Intervention staff will learn how to use data to differentiate instruction in the classroom, utilize effective instructional strategies that meet the varying needs of educationally disadvantaged students, and other core teaching and learning components as necessary. AimsWeb Online Subscription and Staff Training: Supplemental on-line resource that provides a complete web-based solution for universal screening, progress monitoring, and data management of students. AimsWeb provides guidance to administrators and teachers based on accurate, continuous, and direct student assessment. Instruction on the implementation of the Read Naturally Strategy which combines teacher-modeling, repeated reading, and progress monitoring to create an effective tool that individualizes instruction and improves reading proficiency. Using audio support and tracking their progress, students work with high-interest material at their skill level to improve fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.	Professional Learning			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title II Part A, Title I Part A	All Staff

(shared) Strategy 4:

Out of School Time - Students will have the opportunity to participate in supplemental academic out of school time activities. Activities will be targeted to individual student needs.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: In Marzano's seminal meta-analysis of research on school-, teacher-, and student-level factors that impact student achievement, the author argues that there is a strong correlation between background knowledge and student achievement. Where students do not have background knowledge sufficient to ensure academic success, the school works to provide increased opportunities for students to enhance their background knowledge so that their learning can be accelerated;

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such opportunities may include tutoring and summer learning programming which ensures students have increased time to learn the knowledge and skills they need to be academically successful. Marzano, R. (2004). Building Background Knowledge for Academic Achievement. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

Tier:

Activity - Out of School Time	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
<p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks: In an effort to prevent summer loss, students will receive a workbook at the end of the 2016-17 school year to take home and complete over the summer. There is one activity for every day. Students will turn in their workbook at the beginning of the 2017-18 school year. NWEA test data from Spring 2017 will be compared to Fall 2016. NWEA test data in order to evaluate the academic effectiveness of this program.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Incentives: These incentives are for students who bring their Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks to school completed at the start of the school year. 2016-17 Title I funds will be used for the purchase of these workbooks.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Parent Incentives: Educationally related gift cards will be purchased for the parents of the children that complete the Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks. The goal of these books is to prevent summer learning loss. By rewarding the parents when their child completes these books, the school anticipates that more parents will encourage students to continue learning over the summer. This will result in a reduction of summer learning loss and an increase in student academic achievement.</p> <p>Tutors will provide supplemental support to identified Title I (31a) students after school to increase academic achievement. Tutoring will be offered for 24 weeks during the school year. Students participating in the Summer School Program will participate in various field experiences. These experiences, in conjunction with the academics of the summer program will result in great academic achievement by building background knowledge. These experiences will also increase student motivation, positive youth and social development outcomes.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Section 31a, Title I Part A	Principal, Summer Learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Non-Instructional support positions

(shared) Strategy 5:

Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology - Staff will utilize supplemental materials to support academically at-risk students in order to differentiate instruction.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: According to Tomlinson and Eidson, differentiated instruction "refers to a systematic approach to planning curriculum and instruction for academically diverse learners" and is "a way of thinking about the classroom with the dual goals of honoring each student's learning needs and maximizing each student's learning capacity". Tomlinson, C.A. (2003). Fulfilling the Promise of the Differentiated Classroom: Strategies and Tools for Responsive Teaching. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

In a 2000 study commissioned by the Software and Information Industry Association, they reviewed 311 research studies on the effectiveness of technology on student

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achievement. Their findings revealed positive and consistent patterns when students were engaged in technology-rich environments, including significant gains and achievement in all subject areas, increased achievement in preschool through high school for both regular and special needs students, and improved attitudes toward learning and increased self-esteem. Sivin-Kachala, J. and Bialo, E.R. (2000). 2000 Research Report on the Effectiveness of Technology in Schools. Washington, DC. SIIA.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
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<p>Multiple subscriptions and relevant supplies will be purchased to be used by instructional staff and students for the advancement of academic achievement. Subscriptions consist of: Accelerated Reader supplemental online subscription Books will help at risk students read at their level of development and understanding, which will increase the students' interest and help foster independent reading. Math IXL: Supplemental software program that creates math assignments tailored to each student's current level, automatically scores all math practice, including assignments and tests, ongoing feedback on students' daily practice and allows the classroom teacher to differentiate math instruction, addressing each student's individual needs. Study Island On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is an on-line program (4 core) for students in Grades 3-8. Students can choose between traditional tests or interactive games as their learning method. Teachers have access to a private page where they can view detailed real-time progress reports for an individual student as well as their class as a whole, which makes it easy to identify deficiencies. Time For Kids: Supplemental, weekly news magazine motivates and increases student interest in reading. Topics are non-fiction and help students build reading and writing skills. These magazines can also be integrated into the curriculum in social studies, science, and math. Studies Weekly Magazine Subscription: Supplemental resource will expose at risk students to topics relating to Social Studies. These magazines are age-appropriate, and increase student interest in reading and expose them to a variety of global topics. Magazines also correlate with state standards. Reading A-Z On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is a website for teachers to print leveled books & resources for academically struggling students to take home. Will help improve reading, fluency, and comprehension skills. Technology Repairs/Services: Supplemental technology repairs/services will ensure that supplemental technology is able to remain functional to improve instruction. Cost is for technology repairs/services plus taxes and S&H. And Technology supplies to benefit learning and the academic achievement of Great Oaks Academy students includes the purchase of ipads and chromebooks. Proportionate expense for a single audit financial audit (conducted by a public accounting firm), as the school receives more than \$750,000 in federal grant funds. The total audit cost is distributed across all grants.</p>	<p>Technology , Supplemental Materials</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Title I Part A, Section 31a, Title II Part A</p>	<p>Principal, Summer learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Paraprofessionals, Instructional Support Staff</p>
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(shared) Strategy 6:

Parent Involvement - Parent involvement events will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to become more involved in their child's education.

Category: Mathematics

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Research Cited: "Based on more than two decades of research on parental involvement, family engagement, and community partnerships, NNPS's tools, guidelines, and action team approach may be used by all elementary, middle, and high schools to increase involvement and improve student learning and development," explains Dr. Joyce L. Epstein. Epstein, J. (2005). Developing and sustaining research-based programs of school, family, and community partnerships: Summary of Five Years of NNPS Research, Centre on School, Family, and Community Partnerships. National Network of Partnership Schools (NNPS), Johns Hopkins University.

Tier:

Activity - Parent Involvement	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Parent workshops will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to become more involved in their child's education. Parent Involvement events will provide opportunities for parents to interact with students and teachers and develop strategies to engage their children in educational activities at home therefore increasing their academic proficiency. Parent involvement events may have light refreshments, have paid speakers, and/or use supplemental supplies/materials to encourage strong parent involvement. Specific themed nights include: Learning Gizmos Game Night, Family Math Night, History Night, Reading Night, Cultural Night and Science Night.	Parent Involvement			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title I Part A	All Staff

Measurable Objective 3:

A 5% increase of Female students will demonstrate a proficiency , in Social Studies by 06/30/2017 as measured by NWEA.

(shared) Strategy 1:

Supplemental Instructional Support Positions - Supplemental instructional staff will provide small group, one on one, push-in and pull-out services to students in order to target

academically struggling students.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: Supplemental academic support in the form of small ratio tutoring has been shown to increase the reading abilities of all students. The following is research that supports instructional support positions as a strategy: Tomlinson, C.A. (2003). Fulfilling the Promise of the Differentiated Classroom: Strategies and Tools for Responsive Teaching. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Instructional Support Positions	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
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<p>At Risk Teacher: Will provide instructional support and assessment for students who are below grade level. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Academic Specialist: Will provide expert instruction and assessment for students who are below grade level. Academic Specialists are responsible for the increased performance of struggling at risk students. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Paraprofessionals: Will work w/ students in grades K-8, M-F during school day hours under the direct supervision of a teacher. Will provide these types of assistance: 1) 1-on-1 or small group for eligible students w/in the reg classroom, & 2) 1-on-1 or small group for the general student pop, ONLY if it allows the reg classroom teacher to work individually or in small groups w/ the most academically at-risk students in order to increase student achievement in core content areas.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title I Part A, Section 31a	Principal, Content Area Teachers, At Risk Coordinator, At Risk Teachers, Academic Specialists, Paraprofessionals
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(shared) Strategy 2:

Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions - Supplemental Non-Instructional Staff will work with students by eliminating barriers to instruction.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: Two studies find that elementary guidance activities have a positive influence on elementary students' academic achievement. School counseling programs have significant influence on discipline problems. Baker and Gerler reported that students who participated in a school counseling program had significantly less inappropriate behaviors and more positive attitudes toward school than those students who did not participate in the program. Another study reported that group counseling provided by school counselors significantly decreased participants' aggressive and hostile behaviors. Hadley, H.R. (1988). Improving Reading Scores Through a Self-Esteem Prevention Program. Elementary School Guidance & Counseling, 22, 248-252. Baker, S. B., & Gerler, E. R. (2001). Counseling in schools. In D. C. Locke, J. E. Myers, and E. L. Herr (Eds.), The Handbook of Counseling, Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Social Worker: Will work with students who experience difficulty in the school and community setting as a result of social-emotional or family issues that result in educational time loss or other challenges to academic achievement.	Behavioral Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Section 31a	Principal, Content Area Teachers, Social Worker

(shared) Strategy 3:

Professional Development - Staff will engage in professional development activities to learn how to better support academically struggling students thereby increasing

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academic achievement.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: In a 1998 study involving a half million elementary and middle grades students in 3,000 Texas schools, researchers found that the most important factor in student achievement was teacher quality. A national study of over 1,000 mathematics and science teachers found similar results. Sustained and intensive professional development is more likely to have an impact on enhanced teacher knowledge and skills, and ultimately student achievement, than shorter professional development activities (Garet et. al., 2001). The results from this study also indicate that professional development that is focused on subject matter, provides teachers with opportunities for "hands-on" work, and is integrated into the daily life of the school is more likely to produce enhanced knowledge and skills that positively impact student achievement. Hanushek, E., Kain, J. and Rivkin, S. (1998). Teachers, Schools, and Academic Achievement. Cambridge, MA. NBER. Garet, Michael S. et. al., (2001). What Makes Professional Development Effective? Results From a National Sample of Teachers. Washington, DC. American Educational Research Association.

Tier:

Activity - Professional Development	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Academic Intervention Coach: Will provide intervention staff with supplemental, individualized coaching throughout the year. Intervention staff will learn how to use data to differentiate instruction in the classroom, utilize effective instructional strategies that meet the varying needs of educationally disadvantaged students, and other core teaching and learning components as necessary. AimsWeb Online Subscription and Staff Training: Supplemental on-line resource that provides a complete web-based solution for universal screening, progress monitoring, and data management of students. AimsWeb provides guidance to administrators and teachers based on accurate, continuous, and direct student assessment. Instruction on the implementation of the Read Naturally Strategy which combines teacher-modeling, repeated reading, and progress monitoring to create an effective tool that individualizes instruction and improves reading proficiency. Using audio support and tracking their progress, students work with high-interest material at their skill level to improve fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.	Professional Learning			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title II Part A, Title I Part A	All Staff

(shared) Strategy 4:

Out of School Time - Students will have the opportunity to participate in supplemental academic out of school time activities. Activities will be targeted to individual student needs.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: In Marzano's seminal meta-analysis of research on school-, teacher-, and student-level factors that impact student achievement, the author argues that there is a strong correlation between background knowledge and student achievement. Where students do not have background knowledge sufficient to ensure academic success, the school works to provide increased opportunities for students to enhance their background knowledge so that their learning can be accelerated;

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such opportunities may include tutoring and summer learning programming which ensures students have increased time to learn the knowledge and skills they need to be academically successful. Marzano, R. (2004). Building Background Knowledge for Academic Achievement. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

Tier:

Activity - Out of School Time	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
<p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks: In an effort to prevent summer loss, students will receive a workbook at the end of the 2016-17 school year to take home and complete over the summer. There is one activity for every day. Students will turn in their workbook at the beginning of the 2017-18 school year. NWEA test data from Spring 2017 will be compared to Fall 2016. NWEA test data in order to evaluate the academic effectiveness of this program.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Incentives: These incentives are for students who bring their Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks to school completed at the start of the school year. 2016-17 Title I funds will be used for the purchase of these workbooks.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Parent Incentives: Educationally related gift cards will be purchased for the parents of the children that complete the Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks. The goal of these books is to prevent summer learning loss. By rewarding the parents when their child completes these books, the school anticipates that more parents will encourage students to continue learning over the summer. This will result in a reduction of summer learning loss and an increase in student academic achievement.</p> <p>Tutors will provide supplemental support to identified Title I (31a) students after school to increase academic achievement. Tutoring will be offered for 24 weeks during the school year. Students participating in the Summer School Program will participate in various field experiences. These experiences, in conjunction with the academics of the summer program will result in great academic achievement by building background knowledge. These experiences will also increase student motivation, positive youth and social development outcomes.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Section 31a, Title I Part A	Principal, Summer Learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Non-Instructional support positions

(shared) Strategy 5:

Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology - Staff will utilize supplemental materials to support academically at-risk students in order to differentiate instruction.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: According to Tomlinson and Eidson, differentiated instruction "refers to a systematic approach to planning curriculum and instruction for academically diverse learners" and is "a way of thinking about the classroom with the dual goals of honoring each student's learning needs and maximizing each student's learning capacity". Tomlinson, C.A. (2003). Fulfilling the Promise of the Differentiated Classroom: Strategies and Tools for Responsive Teaching. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

In a 2000 study commissioned by the Software and Information Industry Association, they reviewed 311 research studies on the effectiveness of technology on student

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achievement. Their findings revealed positive and consistent patterns when students were engaged in technology-rich environments, including significant gains and achievement in all subject areas, increased achievement in preschool through high school for both regular and special needs students, and improved attitudes toward learning and increased self-esteem. Sivin-Kachala, J. and Bialo, E.R. (2000). 2000 Research Report on the Effectiveness of Technology in Schools. Washington, DC. SIIA.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
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<p>Multiple subscriptions and relevant supplies will be purchased to be used by instructional staff and students for the advancement of academic achievement. Subscriptions consist of: Accelerated Reader supplemental online subscription Books will help at risk students read at their level of development and understanding, which will increase the students' interest and help foster independent reading. Math IXL: Supplemental software program that creates math assignments tailored to each student's current level, automatically scores all math practice, including assignments and tests, ongoing feedback on students' daily practice and allows the classroom teacher to differentiate math instruction, addressing each student's individual needs. Study Island On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is an on-line program (4 core) for students in Grades 3-8. Students can choose between traditional tests or interactive games as their learning method. Teachers have access to a private page where they can view detailed real-time progress reports for an individual student as well as their class as a whole, which makes it easy to identify deficiencies. Time For Kids: Supplemental, weekly news magazine motivates and increases student interest in reading. Topics are non-fiction and help students build reading and writing skills. These magazines can also be integrated into the curriculum in social studies, science, and math. Studies Weekly Magazine Subscription: Supplemental resource will expose at risk students to topics relating to Social Studies. These magazines are age-appropriate, and increase student interest in reading and expose them to a variety of global topics. Magazines also correlate with state standards. Reading A-Z On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is a website for teachers to print leveled books & resources for academically struggling students to take home. Will help improve reading, fluency, and comprehension skills. Technology Repairs/Services: Supplemental technology repairs/services will ensure that supplemental technology is able to remain functional to improve instruction. Cost is for technology repairs/services plus taxes and S&H. And Technology supplies to benefit learning and the academic achievement of Great Oaks Academy students includes the purchase of ipads and chromebooks. Proportionate expense for a single audit financial audit (conducted by a public accounting firm), as the school receives more than \$750,000 in federal grant funds. The total audit cost is distributed across all grants.</p>	<p>Technology , Supplemental Materials</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Title II Part A, Section 31a, Title I Part A</p>	<p>Principal, Summer learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Paraprofessionals, Instructional Support Staff</p>
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(shared) Strategy 6:

Parent Involvement - Parent involvement events will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to become more involved in their child's education.

Category: Mathematics

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Research Cited: "Based on more than two decades of research on parental involvement, family engagement, and community partnerships, NNPS's tools, guidelines, and action team approach may be used by all elementary, middle, and high schools to increase involvement and improve student learning and development," explains Dr. Joyce L. Epstein. Epstein, J. (2005). Developing and sustaining research-based programs of school, family, and community partnerships: Summary of Five Years of NNPS Research, Centre on School, Family, and Community Partnerships. National Network of Partnership Schools (NNPS), Johns Hopkins University.

Tier:

Activity - Parent Involvement	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Parent workshops will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to become more involved in their child's education. Parent Involvement events will provide opportunities for parents to interact with students and teachers and develop strategies to engage their children in educational activities at home therefore increasing their academic proficiency. Parent involvement events may have light refreshments, have paid speakers, and/or use supplemental supplies/materials to encourage strong parent involvement. Specific themed nights include: Learning Gizmos Game Night, Family Math Night, History Night, Reading Night, Cultural Night and Science Night.	Parent Involvement			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title I Part A	All Staff

Measurable Objective 4:

A 5% increase of Black or African-American students will demonstrate a proficiency , in English Language Arts by 06/30/2017 as measured by NWEA.

(shared) Strategy 1:

Supplemental Instructional Support Positions - Supplemental instructional staff will provide small group, one on one, push-in and pull-out services to students in order to target

academically struggling students.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: Supplemental academic support in the form of small ratio tutoring has been shown to increase the reading abilities of all students. The following is research that supports instructional support positions as a strategy: Tomlinson, C.A. (2003). Fulfilling the Promise of the Differentiated Classroom: Strategies and Tools for Responsive Teaching. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Instructional Support Positions	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
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<p>At Risk Teacher: Will provide instructional support and assessment for students who are below grade level. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Academic Specialist: Will provide expert instruction and assessment for students who are below grade level. Academic Specialists are responsible for the increased performance of struggling at risk students. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Paraprofessionals: Will work w/ students in grades K-8, M-F during school day hours under the direct supervision of a teacher. Will provide these types of assistance: 1) 1-on-1 or small group for eligible students w/in the reg classroom, & 2) 1-on-1 or small group for the general student pop, ONLY if it allows the reg classroom teacher to work individually or in small groups w/ the most academically at-risk students in order to increase student achievement in core content areas.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Section 31a, Title I Part A	Principal, Content Area Teachers, At Risk Coordinator, At Risk Teachers, Academic Specialists, Paraprofessionals
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(shared) Strategy 2:

Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions - Supplemental Non-Instructional Staff will work with students by eliminating barriers to instruction.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: Two studies find that elementary guidance activities have a positive influence on elementary students' academic achievement. School counseling programs have significant influence on discipline problems. Baker and Gerler reported that students who participated in a school counseling program had significantly less inappropriate behaviors and more positive attitudes toward school than those students who did not participate in the program. Another study reported that group counseling provided by school counselors significantly decreased participants' aggressive and hostile behaviors. Hadley, H.R. (1988). Improving Reading Scores Through a Self-Esteem Prevention Program. Elementary School Guidance & Counseling, 22, 248-252. Baker, S. B., & Gerler, E. R. (2001). Counseling in schools. In D. C. Locke, J. E. Myers, and E. L. Herr (Eds.), The Handbook of Counseling, Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Social Worker: Will work with students who experience difficulty in the school and community setting as a result of social-emotional or family issues that result in educational time loss or other challenges to academic achievement.	Behavioral Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Section 31a	Principal, Content Area Teachers, Social Worker

(shared) Strategy 3:

Professional Development - Staff will engage in professional development activities to learn how to better support academically struggling students thereby increasing

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academic achievement.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: In a 1998 study involving a half million elementary and middle grades students in 3,000 Texas schools, researchers found that the most important factor in student achievement was teacher quality. A national study of over 1,000 mathematics and science teachers found similar results. Sustained and intensive professional development is more likely to have an impact on enhanced teacher knowledge and skills, and ultimately student achievement, than shorter professional development activities (Garet et. al., 2001). The results from this study also indicate that professional development that is focused on subject matter, provides teachers with opportunities for "hands-on" work, and is integrated into the daily life of the school is more likely to produce enhanced knowledge and skills that positively impact student achievement. Hanushek, E., Kain, J. and Rivkin, S. (1998). Teachers, Schools, and Academic Achievement. Cambridge, MA. NBER. Garet, Michael S. et. al., (2001). What Makes Professional Development Effective? Results From a National Sample of Teachers. Washington, DC. American Educational Research Association.

Tier:

Activity - Professional Development	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Academic Intervention Coach: Will provide intervention staff with supplemental, individualized coaching throughout the year. Intervention staff will learn how to use data to differentiate instruction in the classroom, utilize effective instructional strategies that meet the varying needs of educationally disadvantaged students, and other core teaching and learning components as necessary. AimsWeb Online Subscription and Staff Training: Supplemental on-line resource that provides a complete web-based solution for universal screening, progress monitoring, and data management of students. AimsWeb provides guidance to administrators and teachers based on accurate, continuous, and direct student assessment. Instruction on the implementation of the Read Naturally Strategy which combines teacher-modeling, repeated reading, and progress monitoring to create an effective tool that individualizes instruction and improves reading proficiency. Using audio support and tracking their progress, students work with high-interest material at their skill level to improve fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.	Professional Learning			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title I Part A, Title II Part A	All Staff

(shared) Strategy 4:

Out of School Time - Students will have the opportunity to participate in supplemental academic out of school time activities. Activities will be targeted to individual student needs.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: In Marzano's seminal meta-analysis of research on school-, teacher-, and student-level factors that impact student achievement, the author argues that there is a strong correlation between background knowledge and student achievement. Where students do not have background knowledge sufficient to ensure academic success, the school works to provide increased opportunities for students to enhance their background knowledge so that their learning can be accelerated;

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such opportunities may include tutoring and summer learning programming which ensures students have increased time to learn the knowledge and skills they need to be academically successful. Marzano, R. (2004). Building Background Knowledge for Academic Achievement. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

Tier:

Activity - Out of School Time	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
<p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks: In an effort to prevent summer loss, students will receive a workbook at the end of the 2016-17 school year to take home and complete over the summer. There is one activity for every day. Students will turn in their workbook at the beginning of the 2017-18 school year. NWEA test data from Spring 2017 will be compared to Fall 2016. NWEA test data in order to evaluate the academic effectiveness of this program.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Incentives: These incentives are for students who bring their Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks to school completed at the start of the school year. 2016-17 Title I funds will be used for the purchase of these workbooks.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Parent Incentives: Educationally related gift cards will be purchased for the parents of the children that complete the Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks. The goal of these books is to prevent summer learning loss. By rewarding the parents when their child completes these books, the school anticipates that more parents will encourage students to continue learning over the summer. This will result in a reduction of summer learning loss and an increase in student academic achievement.</p> <p>Tutors will provide supplemental support to identified Title I (31a) students after school to increase academic achievement. Tutoring will be offered for 24 weeks during the school year. Students participating in the Summer School Program will participate in various field experiences. These experiences, in conjunction with the academics of the summer program will result in great academic achievement by building background knowledge. These experiences will also increase student motivation, positive youth and social development outcomes.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title I Part A, Section 31a	Principal, Summer Learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Non-Instructional support positions

(shared) Strategy 5:

Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology - Staff will utilize supplemental materials to support academically at-risk students in order to differentiate instruction.

Category: Mathematics

Research Cited: According to Tomlinson and Eidson, differentiated instruction "refers to a systematic approach to planning curriculum and instruction for academically diverse learners" and is "a way of thinking about the classroom with the dual goals of honoring each student's learning needs and maximizing each student's learning capacity". Tomlinson, C.A. (2003). Fulfilling the Promise of the Differentiated Classroom: Strategies and Tools for Responsive Teaching. Alexandria, VA: ASCD.

In a 2000 study commissioned by the Software and Information Industry Association, they reviewed 311 research studies on the effectiveness of technology on student

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achievement. Their findings revealed positive and consistent patterns when students were engaged in technology-rich environments, including significant gains and achievement in all subject areas, increased achievement in preschool through high school for both regular and special needs students, and improved attitudes toward learning and increased self-esteem. Sivin-Kachala, J. and Bialo, E.R. (2000). 2000 Research Report on the Effectiveness of Technology in Schools. Washington, DC. SIIA.

Tier:

Activity - Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
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<p>Multiple subscriptions and relevant supplies will be purchased to be used by instructional staff and students for the advancement of academic achievement. Subscriptions consist of: Accelerated Reader supplemental online subscription Books will help at risk students read at their level of development and understanding, which will increase the students' interest and help foster independent reading. Math IXL: Supplemental software program that creates math assignments tailored to each student's current level, automatically scores all math practice, including assignments and tests, ongoing feedback on students' daily practice and allows the classroom teacher to differentiate math instruction, addressing each student's individual needs. Study Island On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is an on-line program (4 core) for students in Grades 3-8. Students can choose between traditional tests or interactive games as their learning method. Teachers have access to a private page where they can view detailed real-time progress reports for an individual student as well as their class as a whole, which makes it easy to identify deficiencies. Time For Kids: Supplemental, weekly news magazine motivates and increases student interest in reading. Topics are non-fiction and help students build reading and writing skills. These magazines can also be integrated into the curriculum in social studies, science, and math. Studies Weekly Magazine Subscription: Supplemental resource will expose at risk students to topics relating to Social Studies. These magazines are age-appropriate, and increase student interest in reading and expose them to a variety of global topics. Magazines also correlate with state standards. Reading A-Z On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is a website for teachers to print leveled books & resources for academically struggling students to take home. Will help improve reading, fluency, and comprehension skills. Technology Repairs/Services: Supplemental technology repairs/services will ensure that supplemental technology is able to remain functional to improve instruction. Cost is for technology repairs/services plus taxes and S&H. And Technology supplies to benefit learning and the academic achievement of Great Oaks Academy students includes the purchase of ipads and chromebooks. Proportionate expense for a single audit financial audit (conducted by a public accounting firm), as the school receives more than \$750,000 in federal grant funds. The total audit cost is distributed across all grants.</p>	<p>Technology , Supplemental Materials</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Section 31a, Title II Part A, Title I Part A</p>	<p>Principal, Summer learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Paraprofessionals, Instructional Support Staff</p>
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(shared) Strategy 6:

Parent Involvement - Parent involvement events will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to become more involved in their child's education.

Category: Mathematics

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Research Cited: "Based on more than two decades of research on parental involvement, family engagement, and community partnerships, NNPS's tools, guidelines, and action team approach may be used by all elementary, middle, and high schools to increase involvement and improve student learning and development," explains Dr. Joyce L. Epstein. Epstein, J. (2005). Developing and sustaining research-based programs of school, family, and community partnerships: Summary of Five Years of NNPS Research, Centre on School, Family, and Community Partnerships. National Network of Partnership Schools (NNPS), Johns Hopkins University.

Tier:

Activity - Parent Involvement	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Source Of Funding	Staff Responsible
Parent workshops will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to become more involved in their child's education. Parent Involvement events will provide opportunities for parents to interact with students and teachers and develop strategies to engage their children in educational activities at home therefore increasing their academic proficiency. Parent involvement events may have light refreshments, have paid speakers, and/or use supplemental supplies/materials to encourage strong parent involvement. Specific themed nights include: Learning Gizmos Game Night, Family Math Night, History Night, Reading Night, Cultural Night and Science Night.	Parent Involvement			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Title I Part A	All Staff

Activity Summary by Funding Source

Below is a breakdown of your activities by funding source

Title II Part A

Activity Name	Activity Description	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Staff Responsible
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<p>Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology</p>	<p>Multiple subscriptions and relevant supplies will be purchased to be used by instructional staff and students for the advancement of academic achievement. Subscriptions consist of: Accelerated Reader supplemental online subscription Books will help at risk students read at their level of development and understanding, which will increase the students' interest and help foster independent reading. Math IXL: Supplemental software program that creates math assignments tailored to each student's current level, automatically scores all math practice, including assignments and tests, ongoing feedback on students' daily practice and allows the classroom teacher to differentiate math instruction, addressing each student's individual needs. Study Island On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is an on-line program (4 core) for students in Grades 3-8. Students can choose between traditional tests or interactive games as their learning method. Teachers have access to a private page where they can view detailed real-time progress reports for an individual student as well as their class as a whole, which makes it easy to identify deficiencies. Time For Kids: Supplemental, weekly news magazine motivates and increases student interest in reading. Topics are non-fiction and help students build reading and writing skills. These magazines can also be integrated into the curriculum in social studies, science, and math. Studies Weekly Magazine Subscription: Supplemental resource will expose at risk students to topics relating to Social Studies. These magazines are age-appropriate, and increase student interest in reading and expose them to a variety of global topics. Magazines also correlate with state standards. Reading A-Z On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is a website for teachers to print leveled books & resources for academically struggling students to take home. Will help improve reading, fluency, and comprehension skills. Technology Repairs/Services: Supplemental technology repairs/services will ensure that supplemental technology is able to remain functional to improve instruction. Cost is for technology repairs/services plus taxes and S&H. And Technology supplies to benefit learning and the academic achievement of Great Oaks Academy students includes the purchase of ipads and chromebooks.</p>	<p>Technology , Supplemental Materials</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Principal, Summer learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Paraprofessionals, Instructional Support Staff</p>
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	and chromebooks. Proportionate expense for a single audit financial audit (conducted by a public accounting firm), as the school receives more than \$750,000 in federal grant funds. The total audit cost is distributed across all grants.							
Professional Development	<p>Academic Intervention Coach: Will provide intervention staff with supplemental, individualized coaching throughout the year. Intervention staff will learn how to use data to differentiate instruction in the classroom, utilize effective instructional strategies that meet the varying needs of educationally disadvantaged students, and other core teaching and learning components as necessary.</p> <p>AimsWeb Online Subscription and Staff Training: Supplemental on-line resource that provides a complete web-based solution for universal screening, progress monitoring, and data management of students. AimsWeb provides guidance to administrators and teachers based on accurate, continuous, and direct student assessment.</p> <p>Instruction on the implementation of the Read Naturally Strategy which combines teacher-modeling, repeated reading, and progress monitoring to create an effective tool that individualizes instruction and improves reading proficiency. Using audio support and tracking their progress, students work with high-interest material at their skill level to improve fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.</p>	Professional Learning			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	All Staff

Section 31a

Activity Name	Activity Description	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Staff Responsible
Supplemental Non-Instructional Support Positions	Social Worker: Will work with students who experience difficulty in the school and community setting as a result of social-emotional or family issues that result in educational time loss or other challenges to academic achievement.	Behavioral Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Principal, Content Area Teachers, Social Worker

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<p>Supplemental Supplies, Materials and Technology</p>	<p>Multiple subscriptions and relevant supplies will be purchased to be used by instructional staff and students for the advancement of academic achievement. Subscriptions consist of: Accelerated Reader supplemental online subscription Books will help at risk students read at their level of development and understanding, which will increase the students' interest and help foster independent reading. Math IXL: Supplemental software program that creates math assignments tailored to each student's current level, automatically scores all math practice, including assignments and tests, ongoing feedback on students' daily practice and allows the classroom teacher to differentiate math instruction, addressing each student's individual needs. Study Island On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is an on-line program (4 core) for students in Grades 3-8. Students can choose between traditional tests or interactive games as their learning method. Teachers have access to a private page where they can view detailed real-time progress reports for an individual student as well as their class as a whole, which makes it easy to identify deficiencies. Time For Kids: Supplemental, weekly news magazine motivates and increases student interest in reading. Topics are non-fiction and help students build reading and writing skills. These magazines can also be integrated into the curriculum in social studies, science, and math. Studies Weekly Magazine Subscription: Supplemental resource will expose at risk students to topics relating to Social Studies. These magazines are age-appropriate, and increase student interest in reading and expose them to a variety of global topics. Magazines also correlate with state standards. Reading A-Z On-Line Subscription: Supplemental resource is a website for teachers to print leveled books & resources for academically struggling students to take home. Will help improve reading, fluency, and comprehension skills. Technology Repairs/Services: Supplemental technology repairs/services will ensure that supplemental technology is able to remain functional to improve instruction. Cost is for technology repairs/services plus taxes and S&H. And Technology supplies to benefit learning and the academic achievement of Great Oaks Academy students includes the purchase of ipads and chromebooks.</p>	<p>Technology , Supplemental Materials</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Principal, Summer learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Paraprofessionals, Instructional Support Staff</p>
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	and chromebooks. Proportionate expense for a single audit financial audit (conducted by a public accounting firm), as the school receives more than \$750,000 in federal grant funds. The total audit cost is distributed across all grants.							
Out of School Time	<p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks: In an effort to prevent summer loss, students will receive a workbook at the end of the 2016-17 school year to take home and complete over the summer. There is one activity for every day. Students will turn in their workbook at the beginning of the 2017-18 school year. NWEA test data from Spring 2017 will be compared to Fall 2016. NWEA test data in order to evaluate the academic effectiveness of this program.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Incentives: These incentives are for students who bring their Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks to school completed at the start of the school year. 2016-17 Title I funds will be used for the purchase of these workbooks.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Parent Incentives: Educationally related gift cards will be purchased for the parents of the children that complete the Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks. The goal of these books is to prevent summer learning loss. By rewarding the parents when their child completes these books, the school anticipates that more parents will encourage students to continue learning over the summer. This will result in a reduction of summer learning loss and an increase in student academic achievement.</p> <p>Tutors will provide supplemental support to identified Title I (31a) students after school to increase academic achievement. Tutoring will be offered for 24 weeks during the school year. Students participating in the Summer School Program will participate in various field experiences. These experiences, in conjunction with the academics of the summer program will result in great academic achievement by building background knowledge. These experiences will also increase student motivation, positive youth and social development outcomes.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Principal, Summer Learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Non-Instructional support positions

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Supplemental Instructional Support Positions	<p>At Risk Teacher: Will provide instructional support and assessment for students who are below grade level. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Academic Specialist: Will provide expert instruction and assessment for students who are below grade level. Academic Specialists are responsible for the increased performance of struggling at risk students. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents.</p> <p>Paraprofessionals: Will work w/ students in grades K-8, M-F during school day hours under the direct supervision of a teacher. Will provide these types of assistance: 1) 1-on-1 or small group for eligible students w/in the reg classroom, & 2) 1-on-1 or small group for the general student pop, ONLY if it allows the reg classroom teacher to work individually or in small groups w/ the most academically at-risk students in order to increase student achievement in core content areas.</p>	Academic Support Program			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	Principal, Content Area Teachers, At Risk Coordinator, At Risk Teachers, Academic Specialists, Paraprofessionals
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Title I Part A

Activity Name	Activity Description	Activity Type	Tier	Phase	Begin Date	End Date	Resource Assigned	Staff Responsible
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<p>Professional Development</p>	<p>Academic Intervention Coach: Will provide intervention staff with supplemental, individualized coaching throughout the year. Intervention staff will learn how to use data to differentiate instruction in the classroom, utilize effective instructional strategies that meet the varying needs of educationally disadvantaged students, and other core teaching and learning components as necessary. AimsWeb Online Subscription and Staff Training: Supplemental on-line resource that provides a complete web-based solution for universal screening, progress monitoring, and data management of students. AimsWeb provides guidance to administrators and teachers based on accurate, continuous, and direct student assessment. Instruction on the implementation of the Read Naturally Strategy which combines teacher-modeling, repeated reading, and progress monitoring to create an effective tool that individualizes instruction and improves reading proficiency. Using audio support and tracking their progress, students work with high-interest material at their skill level to improve fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.</p>	<p>Professional Learning</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>All Staff</p>
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	and chromebooks. Proportionate expense for a single audit financial audit (conducted by a public accounting firm), as the school receives more than \$750,000 in federal grant funds. The total audit cost is distributed across all grants.							
Parent Involvement	Parent workshops will be held throughout the year in order to help parents better understand how to become more involved in their child's education. Parent Involvement events will provide opportunities for parents to interact with students and teachers and develop strategies to engage their children in educational activities at home therefore increasing their academic proficiency. Parent involvement events may have light refreshments, have paid speakers, and/or use supplemental supplies/materials to encourage strong parent involvement. Specific themed nights include: Learning Gizmos Game Night, Family Math Night, History Night, Reading Night, Cultural Night and Science Night.	Parent Involvement			07/01/2016	06/30/2017	\$0	All Staff

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<p>Out of School Time</p>	<p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks: In an effort to prevent summer loss, students will receive a workbook at the end of the 2016-17 school year to take home and complete over the summer. There is one activity for every day. Students will turn in their workbook at the beginning of the 2017-18 school year. NWEA test data from Spring 2017 will be compared to Fall 2016. NWEA test data in order to evaluate the academic effectiveness of this program.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Incentives: These incentives are for students who bring their Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks to school completed at the start of the school year. 2016-17 Title I funds will be used for the purchase of these workbooks.</p> <p>Summer Bridge Activity Workbook Parent Incentives: Educationally related gift cards will be purchased for the parents of the children that complete the Summer Bridge Activity Workbooks. The goal of these books is to prevent summer learning loss. By rewarding the parents when their child completes these books, the school anticipates that more parents will encourage students to continue learning over the summer. This will result in a reduction of summer learning loss and an increase in student academic achievement.</p> <p>Tutors will provide supplemental support to identified Title I (31a) students after school to increase academic achievement. Tutoring will be offered for 24 weeks during the school year. Students participating in the Summer School Program will participate in various field experiences. These experiences, in conjunction with the academics of the summer program will result in great academic achievement by building background knowledge. These experiences will also increase student motivation, positive youth and social development outcomes.</p>	<p>Academic Support Program</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Principal, Summer Learning staff, Content Area Teachers, Non-Instructional support positions</p>
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<p>Supplemental Instructional Support Positions</p>	<p>At Risk Teacher: Will provide instructional support and assessment for students who are below grade level. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents. Academic Specialist: Will provide expert instruction and assessment for students who are below grade level. Academic Specialists are responsible for the increased performance of struggling at risk students. Will create, manage, and participate in a variety of learning environments and activities in the core content areas and will work collaboratively and professionally with classroom teachers, other interventionists, and parents. Paraprofessionals: Will work w/ students in grades K-8, M-F during school day hours under the direct supervision of a teacher. Will provide these types of assistance: 1) 1-on-1 or small group for eligible students w/in the reg classroom, & 2) 1-on-1 or small group for the general student pop, ONLY if it allows the reg classroom teacher to work individually or in small groups w/ the most academically at-risk students in order to increase student achievement in core content areas.</p>	<p>Academic Support Program</p>			<p>07/01/2016</p>	<p>06/30/2017</p>	<p>\$0</p>	<p>Principal, Content Area Teachers, At Risk Coordinator, At Risk Teachers, Academic Specialists, Paraprofessionals</p>
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